

# A Method of Identifying Supersonic Projectiles Using Acoustic Signatures

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#### 1. INTRODUCTION

The function of the round discrimination system (RDS) is to improve the scoring accuracy of the remote equipment target system (RETS) currently being used for live-fire training at training centers worldwide. The RDS, which interfaces directly with the RETS, discriminates among different main gun kinetic energy (KE), high-explosive antitank (HEAT), and high-explosive incendiary (HEI) and machine gun (ball and tracer) training practice (TP) ammunition from the following armored vehicles: all M1 Abrams series main battle tanks, the M60A3 main battle tank, and the M2/3 Bradley Fighting Vehicle (BFV). This system can determine whether the incoming projectile could produce a kill during live fire exercises.

The RDS program was conducted in three phases. The first phase was a feasibility test. Acoustic signatures of medium- to large-caliber projectiles from the three types of armored vehicles were collected; these signatures were found to have distinct acoustic features, allowing the program to continue. In the second phase, acoustic signatures of the 35-mm tank precision gunnery in-bore device (TPGID) rounds and small-caliber machine gun rounds were collected so that the database could be completed. An algorithm and a brassboard were developed on the acoustic signature discriminants found. The major discriminants used include the duration of the supersonic shock wave, the location of the round relative to the acoustic sensors, and the terminal velocity of the round. In the third phase, verification/validation, a field test was conducted at Aberdeen Proving Ground (APG), MD. A working brassboard correctly discriminated 90% of the rounds fired. Finally, the RDS brassboard was demonstrated as a proof-of-concept to the sponsor, the Seventh Army Training Command (7th ATC) in Grafenwoehr, Germany.

This report summarizes the background material, the round discrimination algorithm, and the current RDS brassboard design. The test data, software development, and system components are mentioned in the discussion.

#### 2. BACKGROUND

2.1 RDS Program. The RDS program was initiated by the Army Materiel Command Field Assistance in Science and Technology Junior (AMC-FAST Jr.) engineers at the U.S. Army Research Laboratory (ARL), in response to a request by the AMC-FAST Science Advisor at the 7th ATC in 1992. The request from the 7th ATC reads as follows: "The 7th ATC requires a target RDS, which identifies the round

location within an area which extends 1 m beyond the target edge and classifies the round type into four band size categories: <20 mm, 20–30 mm, 30–90 mm, and >90 mm." At the very least, the Commander of the 7th ATC wanted a system able to discriminate between projectiles <30 mm (small caliber and BFV main gun projectiles) and >30 mm (M1A1 main gun projectiles) with a per unit (system) cost of around \$5k. Table 1 identifies the projectile's group by band and caliber. Several sensor technologies were explored as potential candidates, including acoustics, infrared, radar, and video. The acoustic approach was chosen for two reasons: cost and the ability to exploit the uniqueness of acoustic signatures of armored vehicle rounds.

Table 1. Projectiles Tested

Projectile Caliber (In-bore) (mm)	Projectile Caliber (In-flight) (mm)	Projectile Nomenclature	Projectile Description	Projectile Group by Band (mm)	Projectile Group by Caliber (mm)
7.62 7.62 12.7 12.7 25 25 35 35 35 105 120	7.82 7.82 12.95 12.95 16.2 25 35 35 35 35 35	M59 M62 M33 M17 M910 M793 XM? DM18 DM68 M724 M865	Ball Tracer Ball Tracer Tracer TPDS-T TP-T TPL-T HEAT-TP-T HEAT-TP-T TPDS-T TPCSDS-T	<20 <20 <20 <20 <20 20–30 30–90 30–90 30–90 30–90	7.62 7.62 12.7 12.7 25 KE 25 HEI 35 TPGID 35 TPGID 35 TPGID 105/120 KE 105/120 KE
105 120	105 120	M490 M831	TP-T HEAT-TP-T	>90 >90	105/120 HE 105/120 HE

2.2 <u>RETS</u>. The RETS, as seen in Figure 1, uses vibration sensors (also called hit sensors) that are attached to the target and connect to the RETS electronic control unit (ECU). When the sensors detect a hit, the ECU conveys a hit signal to a range control tower via a hardwired or radio link. This activates an electromechanical mechanism that lowers the plywood tank target, thus indicating a kill. A deficiency of the current system is the absence of a mechanism to discriminate between rounds, locate the rounds, and activate the target only in response to those rounds that can produce a kill. A 12.7-mm (.50 cal.) machine gun round, for example, can currently be credited with killing a T-72 tank target. **RETS** can be

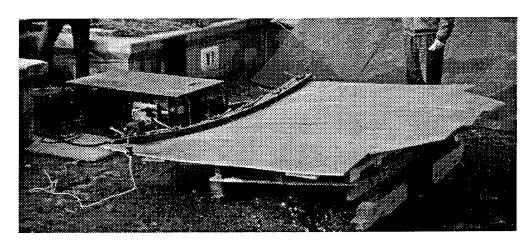


Figure 1. Remote equipment target system.

fooled by debris from ricocheting rounds or by small-caliber machine gun fire onto the target, simulating a main gun round vibration pattern. As a result, armor kills by non-armor-defeating projectiles erroneously inflate the training unit's score. In addition, this deficiency prohibits an accurate after-action evaluation of the trainee's ability to choose the proper ammunition for the mission at hand. The RDS eliminates this deficiency and increases the accuracy of the training process.

#### 3. RDS CONCEPT

An extensive literature search of existing scoring systems and potential signature-producing technologies was undertaken. The techniques investigated included using video cameras, colored tracers, lasers, radar, and acoustics. Many were dismissed due to cost, practicality, or lack of technology. The two most promising concepts recommended by the FAST Jr. team were analysis of acoustical signatures and radar signatures of the passing projectile. Analysis of the radar signature approach was subsequently deemed not feasible due to high cost. It was determined that the simplest and most cost-effective method of discrimination would be an acoustic approach.

In order to explore the feasibility of an acoustic RDS system, a three-test program was proposed that included participants from three ARL directorates—the Weapons Technology Directorate (WTD), the Survivability/Lethality Analysis Directorate (SLAD), and the Sensors, Signatures, Signal and Information (S3I) Processing Directorate. A test matrix was developed to include all possible rounds and engagement distances used on a live-fire gunnery range during a Combined Arms Live-Fire Exercise (CALFEX), as dictated by FM 17-12-1 and FM 23-1. The first part was a feasibility test, where acoustical signature data

were collected and analyzed. The test data were used to determine if acoustic signal discrimination between projectile data at the extreme firing ranges of the 7th ATC interest array were possible. The second part of the program extended the data collection effort for projectile discrimination by collecting data on projectiles within the extremes investigated in part 1. During the third part, a brassboard RDS was constructed and tested at APG. This test included all the projectiles used on the live-fire gunnery range. Subsequent to verification of the brassboard system's ability to discriminate effectively and efficiently, the system was to be demonstrated at the 7th ATC.

The projectiles fired during parts 1 and 2 of the test program are those actually fired on live-fire gunnery ranges and are listed in Table 1. The projectile's in-flight caliber determined its band group. No large-caliber service rounds were considered in the test program due to cost and because they are not used in live-fire training exercises. However, large-caliber service rounds could be added to the acoustic database at a later date.

# 3.1 Acoustic Round Discrimination Technique.

- 3.1.1 Background. As a supersonic projectile travels, several shocks from the projectile are propagated to the surrounding air. These shocks are created from the projectile's bow, surface features on the projectile's body, and the tail. A sensitive air pressure gauge placed in the path of the shock waves will register what is typically referred to as the N-Wave. The characteristics of the N-Wave are directly dependent on the geometry of the projectile, the projectile's velocity, the location of the shock origination relative to the pressure gauge, and the condition of the ambient air. Other discontinuous features of the projectile, such as fins or threads, will contribute to additional characteristic features on the N-Wave. Figure 2 graphically depicts the shock cone formed from supersonic projectiles, while Figure 3 shows the characteristic N-Wave pressure profile.
- 3.1.2 Theory and Formulation. A body traveling through the air faster than the ambient speed of sound will generate a conic shock profile. The shock pressure profile shape is directly dependent on the object's form. Air is compressed against the leading part of the object. Since the object is traveling faster than the time required for the air to re-expand ahead of the object, a conic shock front is generated. A sensitive pressure gauge some distance away from the object's trajectory will register the lead shock as a time-pressure discontinuity. As the body passes, the compressed air expands, and the local pressure

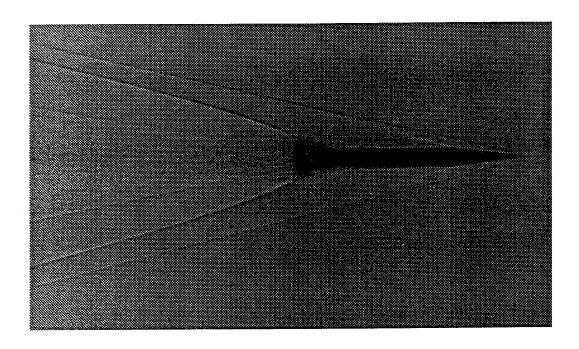


Figure 2. M865 shock cone shadow-shlieren photograph.

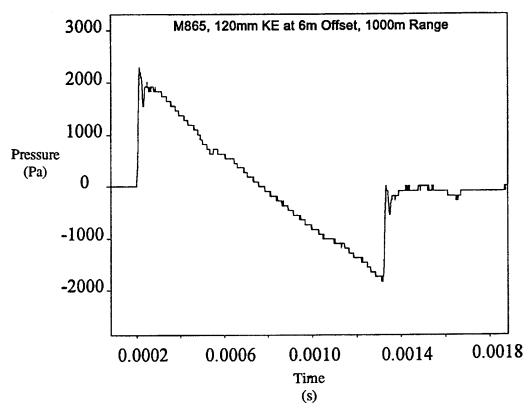


Figure 3. M865 N-Wave pressure profile.

decreases. As surface features on the object create shocks, the profile sensed by the pressure gauge register these as small positive discontinuities. As the local pressure decreases towards the tail of the object, the local pressure reaches a neutral pressure area that is equivalent to the ambient pressure. Pressure aft of the neutral area continues to decrease below ambient. If the object has surface features in the aft region, the shock also appears as positive discontinuities in the pressure profile.

On the tail, the object wake is made to fall back into the area previously occupied by the object. Turbulent eddies are created by the air viscosity interaction with the object surface. These eddies trail into the wake core and support a region of low pressure. As the energy in the eddies dissipates in the wake, the region collapses, showing up as the final shock in the pressure profile. This is called the tail shock, where the low pressure changes to ambient. Other eddies trailing off the object may show up after the tail shock as strong variations in pressure. In some cases, the objects shape could generate second and third generations of low pressure wake cores, resulting in what appears as several tail shocks.

The magnitude, duration, and shape of the N-Wave for an ogive body of revolution, small-caliber shaped projectile, traveling at or faster than the speed of sound, were calculated (Whitham 1952). Expressed for large distances, in general terms, the shock overpressure is,

$$\frac{p}{p_o} = 2^{1/4} \gamma (\gamma + 1)^{-1/2} (M^2 - 1)^{1/8} \left[ \int_0^{y_o} F(y) dy \right]^{1/2} O^{-3/4} , \qquad (1)$$

where

p = overpressure,

p<sub>o</sub> = ambient pressure,

 $\gamma$  = ratio of specific heats of air (1.4),

M = Mach number,

y = a characteristic curve relationship between x and O,

x = distance along the axis from the bow,

O = offset distance,

F(y) = a function used to solve the differential equation determining the flow past the body of revolution.

This equation formed the basis of the theory for acoustic round discrimination. By simplifying the generalized results into simple equations (Skochko 1966), one can calculate the pressure and total duration of the N-Wave by:

$$\frac{p}{p_o} \approx \frac{(.53)(M^2 - 1)^{1/8}}{O^{3/4}} \left( \frac{D}{L^{1/4}} \right)$$

$$T = \frac{(1.82)O^{1/4}M}{a(M^2 - 1)^{3/8}} \left( \frac{D}{L^{1/4}} \right), \qquad (2)$$

where

a = ambient air speed of sound (meters/second),

D = projectile diameter (meters),

L = projectile length (meters),

T = total duration (seconds).

Theoretically, a properly emplaced sensitive pressure gauge can measure the N-Wave of passing projectiles. Additionally, if the ambient air conditions, the projectile location, and velocity relative to the pressure gauge, were known, the projectile could be identified. A system, constructed to gather data and perform analysis for projectile identification.

#### 3.2 Acoustic Location and Velocity Technique.

3.2.1 Background. Determination of the projectile's location and final velocity was performed with a proven acoustical technique constructed of simple pressure sensitive devices that were linked to a clock. This technology was developed by the ARL Human Research and Engineering Directorate (HRED) for small-caliber projectiles (Kalb, unpublished). Three microphones were arranged in a line in front of a target and placed perpendicular to the projectiles flight path (see Figure 4). It allowed the projectile's location above the microphone array to be determined. On HRED ranges, the projectile and range are known prior to firing, enabling the projectile's velocity to be derived from ballistic firing tables. Three additional microphones were added to the HRED setup to create the RDS microphone setup (see Figure 5). The additional microphones were placed directly in front of the original three microphones, yielding a second location for redundancy in case a microphone was damaged or failed. The two center microphones

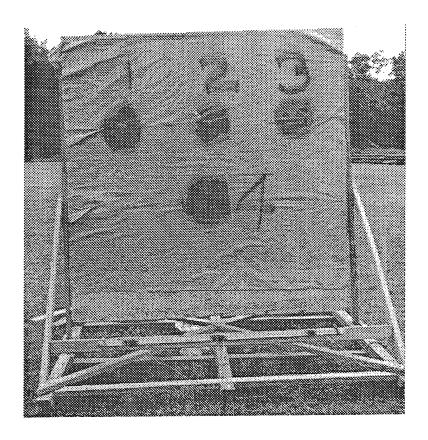


Figure 4. HRED microphone array.

provided the projectile's velocity. Knowing the spatial position of each sensor and measuring the time each was triggered by the passing projectile's supersonic shock wave, one can closely approximate the location and velocity at the target.

3.2.2 Theory and Formulation. The projectile's shock wave can be visualized as an infinite cone traveling with the projectile. The ambient speed of sound and the projectile's velocity result in the classic shock angle expression:

$$\alpha = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{a}{v}\right) = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{M}\right), \quad M = \frac{v}{a},$$
 (3)

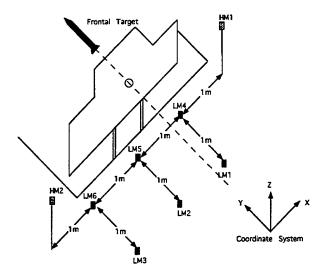


Figure 5. Microphone array and target setup.

#### where

 $\alpha$  = shock angle (°)

M = Mach number,

v = projectile velocity (meters/second),

a = ambient speed of sound (meters/second).

This relationship assumes that the cone form is maintained, subsequent to its time of arrival, throughout the distance of the shock wave propagation.

The projectile is assumed to be traveling parallel to the Y-axis striking the target at coordinates (X,Y,Z). Microphones 1, 2, and 3 are placed in the front right, front center, and front left, respectively. Microphones 4, 5, and 6 are placed in the back right, back center, and back left. These location microphones (LM) are referred to as LM1–LM6. The microphone centers for microphones 1–6 are located at (X+1, Y,Z), (X,Y,Z), (X-1,Y,Z), (X+1,Y+1,Z), (X, Y+1,Z), and (X-1,Y+1,Z), respectively. Figure 5 shows the microphone placement relative to the target and the coordinate system used.

On the arrival of the shock cone at each microphone, a total of five time differences ( $T_1$ ,  $T_2$ ,  $T_3$ ,  $T_4$ , and  $T_5$ ) are recorded. Two time differences are needed for each location array and one time difference for the velocity determination.  $T_1$ – $T_5$  are defined as follows:

 $T_1$  = Time difference between LM2 and LM1,

 $T_2$  = Time difference between LM3 and LM2,

 $T_3$  = Time difference between LM5 and LM2,

 $T_4$  = Time difference between LM5 and LM4,

 $T_5$  = Time difference between LM6 and LM5.

The time differences  $T_1$  and  $T_2$  are measured from a moving sound source and can be related to a hypothetical source that originates from a point in a vertical plane defined by LM1, LM2, and LM3. The transformed time difference from each microphone pair defines a hyperbola of ambiguity, which is the set of all point sources which produce this same arrival time difference. The intersection of these hyperbolas locates the point source through which the projectile traveled (X,Z). Figure 6 is an example of the hyperbolas of ambiguity.

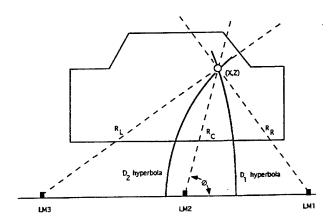


Figure 6. Projectile location by intersection of hyperbolas of ambiguity.

The altered difference in arrival time between the center and right microphone pair,  $D_1$ , can be determined from the following equation:

$$D_1 = \frac{(R_C - R_R)}{a} = \frac{T_1}{\cos(\alpha)},$$
 (4)

where

 $R_C$  = in-plane distance from center microphone to projectile location (meters),

 $R_{R}$  = in-plane distance from right microphone to projectile location (meters),

and the difference in arrival time between the left and center microphone pair, D2, is:

$$D_2 = \frac{(R_L - R_C)}{a} = \frac{T_2}{\cos(\alpha)},$$
 (5)

where

 $R_L$  = in-plane distance from left microphone to projectile location (meters).

It is useful to note that a positive time indicates that the source is to the right of the midpoint of a microphone pair and that a negative time indicates that the source is to the left.

The sound source location is related to the microphone positions by using the law of cosines. On the right side triangle:

$$R_R^2 = R_C^2 + A^2 - 2R_C A \cos\theta = (R_C - aD_1)^2 = R_C^2 - 2R_C aD_1 + a^2 D_1^2,$$
 (6)

where

A = microphone separation distance (1 m),

 $\theta$  = angle from microphone array axis to  $R_{C}$ .

Similarly for the left side triangle:

$$R_L^2 = R_C^2 + A^2 - 2R_C A\cos(\pi - \theta) = (R_C + aD_2)^2 = R_C^2 + 2R_C aD_2 + a^2D_2^2,$$
 (7)

where  $cos(\pi - \theta) = -cos(\theta)$ .

Subtracting equation 6 from 7 yields:

$$4R_{C}A\cos\theta = 2R_{C}a(D_{2}+D_{1}) + a^{2}(D_{2}^{2}-D_{1}^{2}).$$
 (8)

From geometry, the offset distance of the projectile from the center microphone is:

$$R_{C} = \sqrt{Z^2 + X^2} \ . {9}$$

Solving equations 8 and 9 for Z yields:

$$Z = R_{C}\cos\theta = a(D_{2}+D_{1})\left(\frac{R_{C} + \frac{a(D_{2} - D_{1})}{2}}{2A}\right).$$
 (10)

Rearranging equation 9 for X yields:

$$X = \sqrt{R_C^2 - Z^2} \,. \tag{11}$$

The projectile location for microphones 4, 5, and 6 can be solved using the same equations with the substitution of  $D_4$  and  $D_5$ .

Knowing that the position of the microphones are fixed and the projectile is assumed to be perpendicular to the array, one can approximate the velocity. The velocity is determined by taking the difference in position of the center microphones and dividing by the difference in arrival times of the center microphones.

$$v_{P} = \frac{\left(Y_{LM2} - Y_{LM5}\right)}{T_{5}},\tag{12}$$

where

V<sub>p</sub> = predicted projectile velocity (meters/second),

 $Y_{LM2} = y$  position of LM2 (meters),

 $Y_{LM5} = y$  position of LM5 (meters).

3.2.3 Alternate Acoustic Location and Velocity Technique. Another location and velocity prediction algorithm based on microphone detection of supersonic shock waves was developed and used on Yuma Proving Ground (YPG) test ranges (Stallings 1992). Stallings' technique does not require any special microphone placement. The only requirement to locate projectiles and determine velocity is to have at least 4 noncoplanar microphones. Three of the microphones form a triangle in the target plane, and the other microphone is placed in front of the others. Generally, the more microphones used, the better the location accuracy that can be provided. Better location accuracy is also accomplished when the microphones lie close to the target plane and the hits lie in or near the center of the microphone array. The input variables for accurate round location are meteorological data (to include temperature, humidity, wind speed, and wind direction), a velocity estimate, fall angle estimate, target position, gun position, microphone positions, and microphone trigger times. Location errors magnify when input values are not precisely known. Stallings showed, through YPG tests, that errors as small as 2–3 cm are common.

Stallings' technique first assumes that the projectile hits the target at the center of mass. The theoretical times that the shock wave was detected by each microphone are then calculated. The actual microphone times are compared to the calculated times. The output variables, projectile location, and velocity are incrementally adjusted around the initial guess until the difference between calculated and actual times is within a predetermined tolerance. This is a time-intensive algorithm that converges to the solution in approximately 30 s on a fast personal computer. The algorithm could be optimized to reduce inefficiencies in the program. There are two iterative nested processes within the algorithm. Stallings believes that one of these can be eliminated to accelerate the program.

The Stallings algorithm cannot predict location in real time. Real time results are essential for proper integration with RETS. Since this technique was developed for test ranges, many of the input variables are known to a large accuracy at the testing range. There is no knowledge of the gun firing position on the training range. For the purpose of RDS, the gun position represents the greatest source of error for this technique and would significantly impact scoring accuracy.

#### 4. LIVE-FIRE TESTING

A series of live-fire tests was designed to investigate the hypothesis that acoustic signatures could be used to discriminate round types. The smallest and largest projectiles within the test matrix were selected for the initial test of the feasibility of the hypothesis. The logic was that if the data obtained during the initial testing showed that the characteristics of the respective N-Waves permitted discrimination between the projectile extremes, then, and only then, would a second live-fire test be conducted. The second live-fire test would be a data collection effort to compile the N-Wave data of the remaining projectiles at different intervals of velocity. Once the data were collected and analyzed, an algorithm would be developed to produce round discrimination. Subsequently, the algorithm would be integrated with a computer/breadboard. A third live-fire test would be conducted to validate the algorithm and the RDS breadboard's performance. Needless to say, the success of this last test series was highly dependent on the results obtained within the feasibility and data collection tests.

These tests were formally described as the feasibility test, data collection test, and verification/validation test. The breakdown of rounds and ranges used within each test series is given in Table 2.

The data collected during the first two parts of the live-fire program were used to standardize the method of collecting the N-Wave data and the specific parameters used in the N-Wave calculation. To increase the amount of data acquired, several sensors were used for each shot. The parameters considered for the N-Wave calculations were: ambient air temperature, projectile velocity, caliber, length, and offset distance. Each live-fire test setup consisted of a fixed reference target and five high-fidelity microphones arranged such that the projected distance form the target center was 1, 3, 6, 9, and 12 m, respectively, to the microphones. Each projectile hit on the target was scored using a video scoring system, and the offset distance from the projectile to the microphones was calculated, generating one parameter for consideration. The projectile's velocity was measured with a Weibel radar system, designed specifically for projectile velocity measurement. The dimensions of each round were known, and meteorological data were measured.

To ensure that there was no unintentional biasing of the data, the order of fire was randomized to the extent practical. Theoretically, if an experiment involving different round types is conducted, the test

Table 2. Proposed Round and Firing Range Breakdown for Each Test

Test Type	Round Type		Range (m)	**
Feasibility	120-mm M865 120-mm M831 105-mm M724 105-mm M490 25-mm M910 25-mm M793	400 400 400 400 400 400		2,500 2,500 2,500 2,500 2,000 2,000
Data Collection	120-mm M865 120-mm M831 105-mm M724 105-mm M490 35-mm DM18 35-mm DM68 25-mm M910 25-mm M793 12.7-mm M33 7.62-mm M59	400 400 400 400	1,250 1,250 1,250 1,250 1,250 1,250 1,250 1,250 900 900	2,500 2,500
Verification/Validation	120-mm M865 120-mm M831 105-mm M724 105-mm M490 35-mm DM18 35-mm DM68 25-mm M910 25-mm M793 12.7-mm M33 7.62-mm M59	TBDª		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> To be determined.

conditions should be identical for all round types so that the round differences can be detected. Since reality dictates that the process of extracting data is never the same each time, randomization reduces the average effect of any irrelevant factors, and the errors in the response are independently and randomly distributed over the population. Conversely, if rounds are systematically tested, i.e., all of a particular round are tested at one time, then the true response of that round cannot be separated from the extraneous factors such as weather conditions that contributed to the response.

4.1 Feasibility Test. The first part of the live-fire program was intended to be a small effort. Originally, the 120-mm HEAT and KE training projectiles were scheduled to be fired at the closest and farthest engagement distances, and the data were compared to the 25-mm armor-piercing (AP) and HE training projectiles at their extreme engagement distances. The extremes of the test matrix were designed to envelop the velocity expected in real use. According to the simplified N-Wave calculations, the N-Wave pressure and time duration produced from the largest projectile at its slowest velocity, far from the microphone, was expected to approach the N-Wave pressure and time duration of the smallest projectile at its fastest velocity, close to the microphone. If the round type of these two projectiles could be discriminated, round discrimination using N-Wave data would be considered feasible.

4.1.1 Test Purpose. The purpose of this test was to determine if the N-Wave data collected with a particular configuration of high-fidelity microphones could be used to discriminate the round types fired. The largest projectile, the 120-mm M831, at its slowest velocity was to be compared to the 25-mm M910 at its fastest velocity. If the N-Wave data from the same offset distance were separable, then these N-Waves of supersonic projectiles could be used to perform round discrimination at the target.

Due to the extremely high operational cost of M1/M1A1 tanks, and the prospect of incurring prohibitively high maintenance costs at the turn of the fiscal year, it was decided to advance a portion of the data collection effort into the feasibility study. Consequently, all 120-mm, 105-mm, and 25-mm projectiles were fired during the feasibility test. The 120-mm rounds were fired from an M1A1 Abrams tank, the 105-mm projectiles were fired from a M60A3 tank, and all the 25-mm rounds were fired from an M2 BFV. Table 3 describes the actual rounds fired during the feasibility test. With the modification of the test schedule, the sample set increased by 50% and would provide better parameter estimates in the statistical analysis for this phase of the test program.

Table 3. Actual Round and Firing Range Breakdown for the Feasibility Test

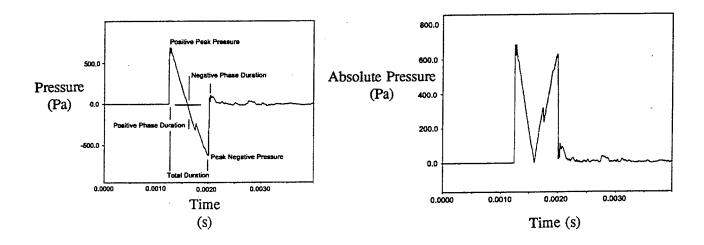
Round Type	Range (m)		
120-mm M865	400	1,000	1,700
120-mm M831	400	1,000	1,700
25-mm M910	400	1,000	1,400
25-mm M793	400	1,000	1,400
105-mm M724	400	1,000	1,700
105-mm M490	400	1,000	1,700

4.1.2 N-Wave Characteristics. The acoustic signature for each projectile was studied specifically for seven different characteristics. These were positive peak pressure, negative peak pressure, positive phase duration, negative phase duration, total duration, peak net pressure impulse, and peak absolute pressure impulse. The variables are illustrated in Figure 7. The data were compared to N-Wave formulas and analyzed using advanced statistical methods. Shadowgraphs of the projectiles in midflight from previous tests were compared to the N-Wave data to relate the signature features to the surface features of the projectiles. This comparison helped determine if certain N-Wave features were truly dependent on the projectile geometry or were the results of an environmental influence, such as a ground reflection.

The seven characteristics of the acoustic signature were essential to the N-Wave data comparisons. The N-Wave formulae were used as a theoretical guide to help test the hypothesis of round discrimination. The real N-Wave data were used to empirically refine the N-Wave formulae. These formulae provided an engineering basis for the round discrimination algorithm used on the breadboard.

4.1.3 Data Acquisition and Reduction. The data acquisition system consisted of two systems for recording and one system for sensing. The sensors were high-fidelity microphones able to operate in the range of overpressures encountered. These sensors were high-value items and were not intended as an all-weather solution to a fielded RDS. The priority lay in obtaining high-fidelity signals to accurately record the N-Wave phenomenon. The N-Wave data from several projectiles, at several offset distances, traveling at various velocities, had to be studied and analyzed. The two recording systems served a dual purpose. Each system had a specific deficiency—poor resolution in either time or voltage levels. Each was able to complement the other in that respect. The secondary purpose was to provide a backup recording system in the event of a malfunction during the live-fire test.

Reduction of the data was performed on a personal computer (PC). The data from each channel were converted into ASCII files. These files were read into a data processing program called DADisp (DSP Development Corporation 1991). This software had the capability to read the data, convert them into engineering units, and perform a series of calculations. Among those were the calculation of net pressure impulse and absolute pressure impulse. Along with these calculations and plots, DADisp helped to determine the pressure peaks and durations. At times, the signals were clipped. In an effort to maximize the resolution in the ordinate, the recording window was set as small as possible. At times, the recording devices were preset on low. As a result, hard data on the maximum levels were lost. DADisp software helped curve-fit the peaks, restoring the data with at least ±10% accuracy.



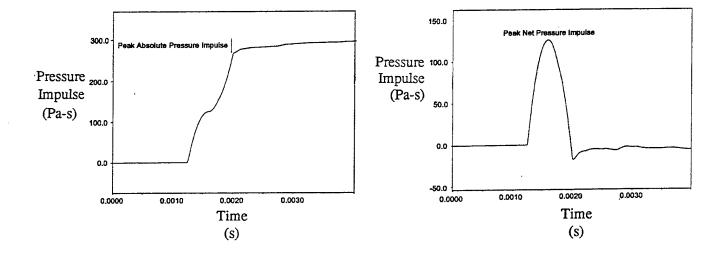


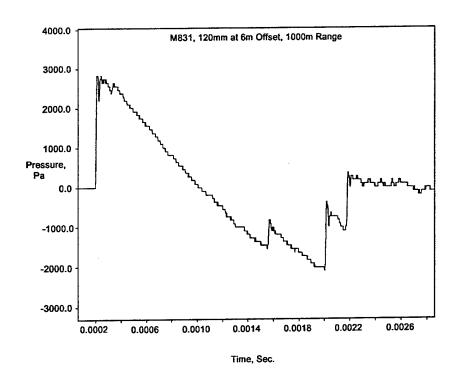
Figure 7. Seven parametric features of the N-Wave.

4.1.4 Instrumentation. B&K microphones are high-grade laboratory instruments with the following specifications: sensitivity of -56-dB sound pressure level (SPL), flat frequency response from less than 5 Hz to 50 kHz, and dynamic range up to 178 dB SPL with 3% distortion. Each B&K microphone unit is comprised of a type 4136 1/4-in microphone, a type 2639 preamplifier, and a type 2801 AC or a type 2804 DC power supply. The cost per unit is \$3.5k-\$4k in small quantities.

The outputs of the microphones were connected by 150-ft BNC cables to three TEAC digital audio tape (DAT) recorders and a Hewlett-Packard (HP) digital oscilloscope, model no. HP 54112D, controlled by a PC located behind a berm. The three DAT recorders had a total of six wide-band channels (two channels per DAT) with 48-kHz sampling rate and 14-bit resolution per channel. The HP digital oscilloscope had four input channels with 1-MHz sampling rate per channel and 8-bit resolution per channel. The PC communicated with the oscilloscope through the IEEE port. A data acquisition program written in C language was developed to automatically dump 64 kB of data per channel onto the PC's hard disk when the scope was triggered and to reset the scope to wait for the next trigger. Both types of recording instruments were used to provide both time resolution and amplitude resolution.

4.1.5 Acoustic Signatures. Live-fire tests were conducted at the H-field facility at APG, Edgewood Area (EA). Data collected during the feasibility test are summarized in Appendix A. The target was positioned up on top of a berm at the end of the field. The firing platform was moved to each firing station. After some calibration rounds were fired, the testing for each projectile type was performed. A cursory look at the data, while still on the field, indicated that the signals for each round type was distinct. Qualitatively, it was surmised that round discrimination was feasible. A subsequent closer look, within the laboratory confirmed this fact, quantitatively, and is discussed in section 5.

The M831 and M490 rounds possessed distinctly different N-Wave shapes. The M490 round produced the classic N-Wave, as seen in Figure 8, while the M831 round had several interval shocks on the negative phase of the N-Wave. As the offset distance varied, the level and occurrence of the shocks changed. This indicated that the shock was produced from a surface feature and was merging with the tail shock. The time relation of shock travel and the distance to the ground disputed the idea that it was a ground reflection (Ritzel and Gottlieb 1982). These observations were distinct to the M831 round and not the M865.



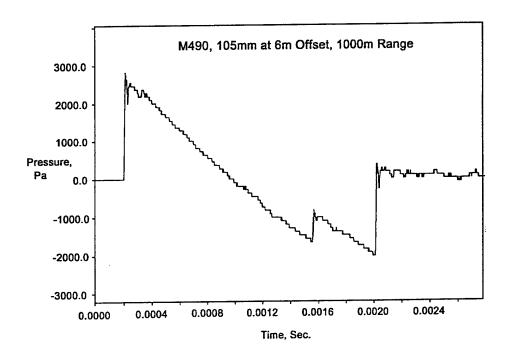


Figure 8. M831 and M490 comparisons.

It was speculated that these pressure differences are due to shock interaction with the fins, and the nonogival geometry of the M831 round. The M831 round has the stand-off fuse and the concave taper to the body, as opposed to the convex taper of the ogive. The body slims down aft of the body for aerodynamic flight. The bottle nose feature may create a separation, causing a shock, unless it is isentropically ramped. If the surface aft of the body turning away from the flow is of sufficient gradient, another separation would occur, creating more shocks. A detailed summary of the resultant data is included in Appendix B. Figure 9 shows the same comparison between the M793 and M910 fired from a BFV. The slimmer AP rounds shows the classic N-Wave while the HE round has the secondary tail shock.

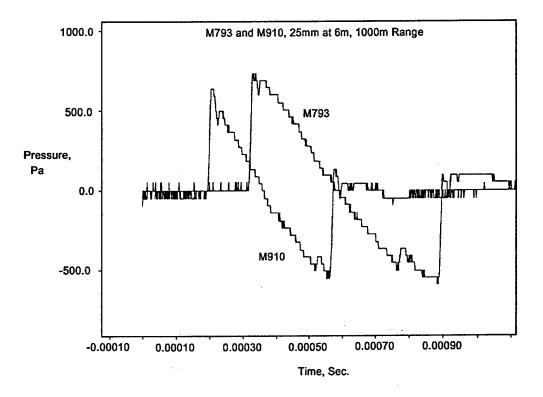


Figure 9. M793 and M910 signature comparisons.

4.1.6 Round Location and Velocity Determination Data. The RDS acoustic location system consisted of six electret microphones. Each microphone was connected so that it acted as a variable resistor when exposed to sound. In response to the acoustic shock wave, the current in the microphone wires increased.

The current was converted to a voltage signal by a signal conditioning card. The six pulses were recorded on two DATs. LM1, LM2, and LM3 were recorded on DAT 1, and LM4, LM5, LM6, and LM2 were recorded on DAT 2. LM2 was recorded on both DATs so that all six microphone trigger times could be related to one time base. The DAT clock was synchronized to the Weibel radar clock. Each channel was played back through a Nicolet digital oscilloscope and manually reduced for the time passed until shock detection (see Appendix C). The accuracy of these times was within  $\pm 21$  µs. The time difference pulses  $T_1$ – $T_5$  were then calculated.

4.2 <u>Data Collection Test</u>. The result of the feasibility test suggested that round discrimination using acoustic signatures was possible and the data collection test should proceed. The ammunition used in the data collection test is shown in Table 4. This portion of the project was originally intended to be the major data collection effort. However, since all of the main gun data needed for the M60A3, M1/A1, and M2 were collected during the feasibility test, all that remained were the TPGID and small arms.

Table 4. Actual Breakdown of Rounds and Ranges for Data Collection Test

Round Type	Range (m)				
35-mm DM18 35-mm DM68 35-mm TPL-T 12.7-mm M33 12.7-mm M17 7.62-mm M59 7.62-mm M62	400 400 400 400 400 400 400	1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 600 600	1,700 1,700 1,400 800 800		

The small arms ammunition used on a training range is either ball or tracer. The tracer ammunition was studied as an independent round type since the effect of the tracer was postulated to have an effect on the N-Wave. It was theorized that the pyrotechnic material would increase the duration since it would add energy to the wake. The degree of effect was pure conjecture. Only one type of 35-mm TPGID was supposed to be tested. Before the data collection test occurred, two new types of TPGID rounds, DM68 and the TPL-T, were obtained for testing. These were surplus obtained from a lot which had just undergone proof-testing with the U.S. Army's Combat Systems Test Activity (CSTA). These rounds were tested independently of the DM18. Their diameter and length were unchanged, but the surface features

were different. The DM68 and the TPL-T have a sharp pointed cone attached to a cylinder body, as opposed to the DM18, which has an ogive shape. It was speculated that there would be a slight change in the N-Wave but that the change would not be significant.

The purpose of the data collection test was to complete the database of projectile signatures expected on a U.S. Army training range. These signatures were needed to develop the RDS algorithm and form the basis of all assumptions and work. Once the data were collected and reduced, a major milestone in the project would have been reached.

To perform the test, an M1A1 Abrams tank was needed to fire the TPGID ammunition. A Mann barrel, a device constructed for precise single-shot testing of small arms ammunition, was used to perform the 7.62-mm and 12.7-mm shots. The Mann barrel consisted of a towed gun carriage and two barrel assemblies, one for each caliber.

The effort to field a calibrated pressure sensor was deemed impractical after considering the number of sensors needed to cover all the U.S. Army live-fire gunnery ranges. This made any parameter not dependent on the pressure levels very attractive. The total duration was one parameter that seemed to be most consistent, and discriminating. The same seven variables examined in the feasibility test were studied in the data collection effort, in the likelihood that the total duration failed as a discriminator with inclusion of the additional data.

The same two recording systems used during the feasibility test were employed for the data collection test. A third recorder was added. This was a digital transient data recorder card mounted in a PC. It had 12-bit resolution in the ordinate, with a 250-kHz sampling rate. This was deemed sufficient response for the 7.62-mm rounds. The resultant plots were much smoother in appearance, and the accuracy of the data was enhanced.

Five B&K high-fidelity microphones were set up at 1 m, 3 m, 6 m, 9 m, and 12 m, respectively, to the left of the bull's-eye in front of the target. In addition, three low-cost (\$150.00 each) high-fidelity microphones from Countryman were set up next to the B&K microphones at 3 m, 6 m, and 9 m. The Countryman microphones were much more ruggedized and rain resistant than the B&Ks.

A new data collection system was used. The system consisted of a 486 Extended Industry Standard Architecture (EISA) computer, two four-channel 1-MHz EISA data acquisition cards, and a graphical programming software tool called LabView for Windows. The system emulated an eight-channel high-speed (250 kHz per channel) digital oscilloscope with the programming capabilities of a PC. The acoustic signatures of the microphones were automatically captured and displayed on the monitor, scaled, truncated, and stored on the hard disk after each tank round was fired. This new system greatly reduced the data processing and reduction time. The same four-channel 1-MHz HP digital oscilloscope was used as a backup system.

Post-test data analysis showed that the Countryman microphones did not have the 65-dB dynamic range necessary to capture the supersonic shock wave of large projectiles. For small rounds such as 12.7 mm and the 7.62 mm, the Countryman microphones responded well.

A second series of live-fire tests was also conducted at H-Field facility at the APG, EA. Data from these tests are compiled in Appendix D. The same equipment used during the feasibility test was employed during the data collection test. The target was positioned on top of the same berm used during the feasibility tests. The firing platforms were moved to specific firing stations. After some calibration rounds were fired, the testing for each projectile type was performed. An immediate look at the data on the field indicated that the signals for the small-caliber rounds were different from the main gun rounds. This observation was subsequently verified during the detailed analysis.

The bulk of the data considered was from the transient data recorders. The resolution in the abscissa and ordinate made the data optimal when performing data reduction. Figure 10 shows the typical plot of a 35-mm DM18 projectile raw data, fired from 1,700 m at the 9-m offset distance.\* See Appendix E for details. Appendix F summarizes the microphone positions and associated shock detection times.

<sup>\*</sup>The N-wave appears upside down because the signal from the microphone was increased by an inverting amplifier.

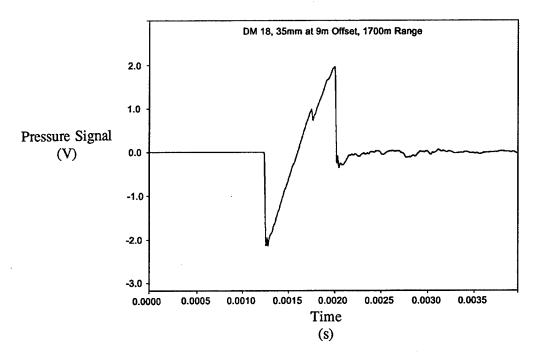


Figure 10. Raw data of 35-mm DM18 at 9-m offset, fired from 1,700 m.

## 5. ANALYSIS OF LIVE-FIRE DATA

The live-fire data was analyzed using two distinct approaches. The first was an engineering approach, based on Whithams formula, that described a mathematical model which related the physical properties and events. This model was thought to be adequate for predicting occurrences within and beyond the test matrix. The second approach used advanced statistical analysis. By analyzing the data on the variables, a empirical model was constructed to predict within the test matrix.

5.1 <u>Variables Investigated</u>. The seven variables investigated were as follows: positive peak pressure, negative peak pressure, positive phase duration, negative phase duration, total duration, peak net pressure impulse, and peak absolute pressure impulse. It was hypothesized that the positive peak pressure and negative peak pressure generated from the main gun rounds would be so much stronger than the BFV rounds that merely sensing the levels would provide discrimination. Subsequent calculations negated this hypothesis. A small round close to the sensor would appear stronger than a large round far from the sensor. The drop in peak pressure with distance was estimated to be roughly to the power of 1/5th.

The predictions of time durations were greatly varied over round type. According to the time duration formula, the total duration is strongly related to the diameter of the projectile. Since the rounds all have distinct diameters, and the other variables of the time duration formula can be quantified, time duration should be a pronounced discriminator. Time duration does not require any calibration. All that is needed is an accurate, high-speed clock. The intervals of positive and negative pressure phase time durations can also be used to identify the originator of an N-Wave.

There was much speculation that the environment would significantly influence the variables mentioned. The temperature of the ambient air, humidity, air density, wind, and dust were thought to be capable of distorting the perfect N-Wave such that the N-Wave of a small round fired on a cold day at sea level might appear the same as a large projectile N-Wave fired at high altitude on a hot day. To attempt to evaluate the N-Wave, a measure of the energy imparted to the atmosphere was used. The total duration pressure impulse is simply the integral of the entire N-Wave pressure curve. The value of the pressure impulse at some point in time along the N-Wave is the net value of energy contributed to the local environment. As the projectile flies through space, the KE is transferred by the viscous effects of the surrounding fluid. The majority of the energy transfer is performed in the nearly isentropic compression of the local air, thus the bow and tail shock. A small percentage of the energy is consumed in viscous losses, such as the trailing wake eddies, flow separation, friction heating of the projectile, and the losses incurred by a not perfectly isentropic compression of the air.

The total duration pressure impulse shows the entire amount of net energy imparted to the surrounding fluid. The negative value at the end of the total duration pressure impulse curve is due to energy loss to the surrounding fluid. The projectile passes through a point in space and momentarily displaces the air. The energy transferred to the nearly isentropic bow shock radiates from the bow. The air moves a little, but the energy in the shock travels at the local speed of sound. As the projectile passes, the local energy state of the air returns to the original level, plus any energy imparted to it by projectile kinetic losses. The air shocks back into the wake as the wake eddies dissipate energy and collapse. This marks the end of the energy transference. The net effect is a negative value. The value should be approximately equal to the losses imparted to the air, which result in local heating of the air.

The peak value of the total duration pressure impulse curve demonstrates the total duration energy transferred from the travelling projectile to the local air, at that instant in time. The energy transfer of the projectile is strictly a function of speed and projectile shape. Ambient air conditions have a negligible

effect on this value. As a result, a projectile could be discriminated by this feature without regard to the environmental conditions. Another method of using this variable is to consider the absolute contribution of energy transference.

The absolute pressure impulse is taken when considering all the values of the N-Wave as positive only. In this manner, the absolute total duration of energy transfer is considered. This works such that any losses in the projectile's flight are included into this value and can further separate the groups of projectiles for discrimination.

Three different engineering methods of analyzing the data were pursued. The first method was the use of the seven variables in conjunction with the time duration and the overpressure formulations. This method would provide the discriminant algorithm with a theoretically derived mathematical model that employed thermodynamic relationships. This model could be used to discriminate rounds if the live-fire data matched the calculated results. If not, a modification of this formulation could be performed, resulting in quasi-empirical formulation.

The other two methods were similar to each other in process. A Fourier transform of the data could produce key frequency features that could be used to discriminate the projectiles. Another method of transfer analysis is called Wavelet analysis. Using this method, the signal is transferred into the domain of a discrete function, rather than the continuous function of the frequency domain. By picking a discrete function, the signal is transferred by taking the convolution integral. This method works if there is a specific shape to each N-Wave when normalized in the abscissa and ordinate.

The results from the live-fire data collection efforts were N-Waves that were extremely similar in shape. The Wavelet theory would not work since the normalized shape of the N-Waves were so closely matched. A Fourier analysis was initially performed (Hulet 1992), showing extremely promising results (see Figures 11–14). The peak frequency for the 12.7 mm was 3.58 kHz; the 7.62 mm was 4.15 kHz. Unfortunately the data had undergone some smoothing process, and the resulting Fourier analysis yielded artificial suppressing frequency peaks. When the ARL live-fire data were transformed, the results did not yield adequate discriminants. The Fourier transform was shown to relate only to the duration intervals.

Since the durations were strongly related to a rounds specific dimensions and the transformation techniques were clearly influenced by the durations, the time duration formula was selected as the best

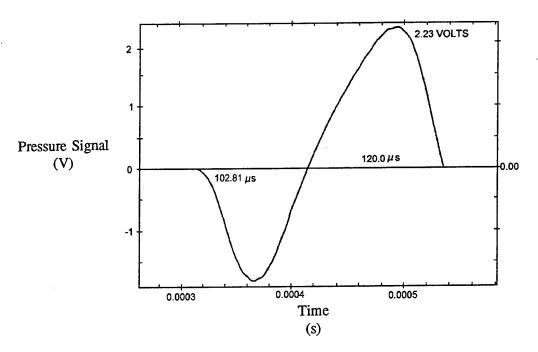


Figure 11. 7.62-mm projectile at 1,500 m.

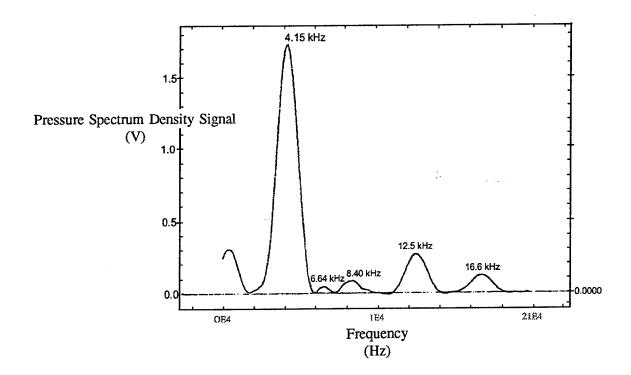


Figure 12. FFT of 7.62-mm projectile at 1,500 m.

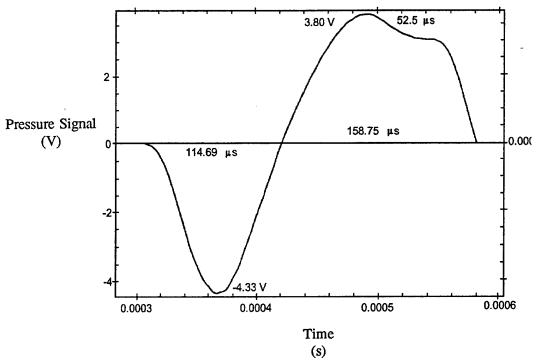


Figure 13. 12.7-mm projectile at 1,500 m.

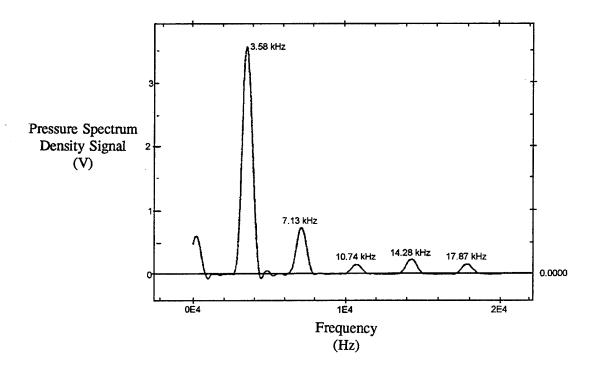


Figure 14. FFT of 12.7-mm projectile at 1,500 m.

possible, practical method of discrimination. The need to calibrate sensitive pressure gauges for a mass production item was impractical. Therefore, all the variables that required pressure levels, such as positive and negative pressure, peak value of total duration pressure impulse, total duration, and absolute pressure impulse, were disregarded. These data were retained for use in the event that the time durations could not be used to perform a high rate of round discrimination.

The total time duration was compared to the data and found to compare well. The resulting computed durations were constantly proportional to the data. This indicates that the earlier assumption, that the formula could be applied to large-caliber, non-ogival-shaped projectiles was good. The fairly constant proportionality for each projectile resulted in a stochastic modification of the duration formula with a shape constant.

## 5.2 Feasibility Study.

5.2.1 Live-Fire Data. An empirical model was developed from the feasibility test data to determine the feasibility of round discrimination. The following sections describe the data analyzed and statistical tests implemented. The analysis begins with examination of the 1,000-m data and ends with three models developed using a statistical tool known as discriminant analysis. The number of rounds in the analysis from each round type is listed in Table 5. As described earlier, for each round fired, five signatures were collected from microphones placed 1, 3, 6, 9, and 12 m, respectively, from the center of the target.

Table 5. Number of Rounds Analyzed in Feasibility Study

Distance	25 mm		105	105 mm		120 mm	
(m)	M793	M910	M490	M724	M831	M865	
400	4	3	3	2	3	3	
1,000	3	3	3	3	3	3	
1,400	3	3	_	_	-	_	
1,700	<del>-</del>	-	3	3	3	2	

The 7th ATC's original minimum requirement was to distinguish between rounds <30 mm from those >30 mm. A more ambitious task was undertaken to try to distinguish among all the round types. This goal produced six categories for discrimination: 25-mm KE, 25-mm HEI, 105-mm KE, 105-mm HEAT,

120-mm KE, and 120-mm HEAT. The data collected from the signatures, location study, and Weibel radar were all candidates for inclusion in the models for discrimination.

5.2.2 1,000-m Data. Preliminary analyses to determine the feasibility of discriminating different round types were initially performed on the 1,000-m data. Statistical tests were performed on each variable, and at each microphone separately. These tests sought to determine if one of the variables could be used to discriminate the six round types. These tests also sought to determine the optimal microphone distance for future implementation.

The 1-m microphone often produced saturated signals. The actual offset distance fell into four regions. Region 1, data collected from both the 1-m and 3-m microphones, had offset distances less than 4 m. Region 2, data collected from the 6-m microphone, had offset distances from 4 m to 7 m. Region 3 has offset distances >7 m and up to 10 m. Region 4 offset distances were >10 m.

The Kruskal-Wallis test was used to test the hypothesis that the six round types have equivalent mean values in comparison to the alternative, which is that at least two round types differ. This nonparametric test performed an analysis on the ranks of the data rather than the actual data values. The ranks started with 1 for the smallest value among the six round types. The largest value from all six round types received a rank of N, the number of test data from the six populations. The advantage of the nonparametric test was that the test did not require assumptions of normality of the data or homogeneity of variances (HOV)—that is, equality of variance among the groups. Appendix M provides an example of implementing the Kruskal-Wallis test and provides detailed results of the test for each variable.

The results of the Kruskal-Wallis test performed on each variable indicate that at least two round types differed from each other in each of the four regions. To determine exactly which round types differed, the corresponding multiple comparison test was implemented. In summary, most of the variables distinguished between the small and large-caliber rounds—that is, <30 mm vs. >30 mm—satisfying the 7th ATC's minimum requirement. The only variable that did not was negative phase duration in regions 3 and 4.

All the other variables in each region distinguished between large HEAT and large KE rounds. The 105-mm and 120-mm training HEAT rounds were not statistically different from each other, nor were the

105-mm and 120-mm training KE rounds. But the 105-mm and 120-mm training HEAT rounds were statistically different from the 105-mm and 120-mm training KE rounds.

For some variables, the two smaller-caliber rounds were distinguishable from each other. These results are summarized with the following notation:

25 K 
$$\neq$$
 25 H  $\neq$  (105 K = 120 K)  $\neq$  (105 H = 120 H).

The round types are listed in order from lowest average rank to the highest. Parentheses around two round types indicate there is no significant difference between the rounds. What the nonparametric analyses indicated was that many of the variables under consideration were good candidates for discriminating at least the small-caliber rounds from the large-caliber rounds for 1,000-m data. The duration and pressure impulse values were good for discriminating the rounds in the four categories grouped previously (i.e., small KE, small HEAT, large KE, and large HEAT). The first region (offset distance <4 m), representing data collected close to the flight of the round, was the hardest region in which to discriminate. The facts provided a guide to the placement of the microphones for future tests.

- 5.2.3 Analysis of Data From All Ranges. The preliminary analysis of the data at the 1,000-m range indicated that several of the variables were independently able to separate the round types. The goal was to find one or more variables that could separate the round types and was insensitive to range. As mentioned in the previous analyses, it was difficult in some cases to separate the M724 from the M865 rounds and difficult to separate the M490 and the M831 rounds from each other. Therefore, in the next analyses, the discrimination was among 4 groups (not 6): M910, M793, M724/M865, and M490/M831.
- Visual Inspections. Various plots of the signature variables of interest vs. microphone distance were examined to determine if there were obvious trends in the data that separated the round types, independent of the range. Positive peak pressure was plotted in Figure 15. Some separation in the data between the large-caliber rounds and the small-caliber rounds was observed. However, among the large-caliber rounds, separating the HEAT from the KE rounds over all the distances is not easy. This indicated that positive peak pressure is sensitive to range and would not be a good candidate for discrimination.

Upon examining the plots of total duration vs. microphone offset distance for each firing position (range), little change in the shape of the curves was observed. Figure 16 shows all the ranges together

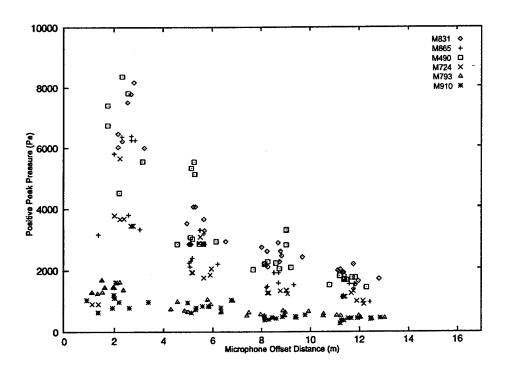


Figure 15. Positive peak pressure vs. microphone distance for all firing positions.

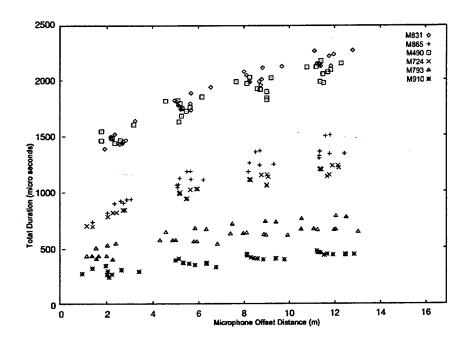


Figure 16. Total duration vs. microphone distance for all firing positions.

on one graph. This plot suggested that total duration is not sensitive to range and is a good candidate for discriminating round types. If microphone offset distance is known, the type of round can be determined based on the magnitude of the total duration. In some cases, the round can be determined independent of the microphone offset distance. For instance, if the total duration were >1,500 µs, the round would be a large HEAT round (M831 or M490), independent of the microphone offset distance. However, if the total duration were 600 µs, one could not be certain if it were a large HEAT round with a microphone offset distance <2 m, or a small HEAT round, M793, with a microphone offset distance of approximately 12 m. These observations led to conclude that total duration alone cannot be use to discriminate among the rounds, and a more objective and quantifiable way to combine variables and separate the groups was needed.

- 5.2.4 Discriminant Analysis for All Ranges.
- General. Discriminant analysis is a statistical technique which uses linear combinations of variables to determine if one or more variables will categorize the populations (round types), and it is described by Marriott (1990) in the following way:

Given a set of multivariate observations on samples, known with certainty to come from two or more populations, the problem is to set up some rule which will allocate further individuals to the correct population of origin with minimal probability of misclassification. This problem and sundry elaboration of it give rise to discriminatory analysis.

In linear regression, one develops a linear model with one or more explanatory (independent) variables  $x_i$ 's to describe the response (dependent) variable y. A linear equation is of the form:

$$y = B_0 + B_1 x_1 + B_2 x_2 + B_3 x_3 + B_4 x_4 + \dots,$$

where the coefficients  $B_i$ 's are linear. The  $x_i$ 's can take a nonlinear form such as x raised to a power or a functional form as the natural logarithm or exponent.

In the application of categorizing (or classifying) the round into the four groups (M910, M793, M724/M865, and M490/M831), round type is not a measurable response; therefore, univariate regression

analysis is not appropriate. The multivariate tool, discriminant analysis, allows us to form one or more functions, where the value of the function(s), in combination, categorizes the round types.

$$f_1 = a_0 + a_1x_1 + a_2x_2 + a_3x_3 + a_4x_4 + \dots$$

$$f_2 = b_0 + b_1x_1 + b_2x_2 + b_3x_3 + b_4x_4 + \dots$$

$$f_3 = c_0 + c_1x_1 + c_2x_2 + c_3x_3 + c_4x_4 + \dots$$

$$\vdots$$

$$\vdots$$

$$f_n = z_0 + z_1x_1 + z_2x_2 + z_3x_3 + z_4x_4 + \dots$$

Only variables that are not highly correlated with one another and contribute significantly are selected into the model. Forming the functions is performed in a stepwise fashion, with the most "significant variable" that most separates (and therefore discriminates) among the round types entering the model first. Given that this first variable is in the model, the next variable, which is not highly correlated with the variable(s) already in the model and would contribute most from the remaining significant variables, is entered into the model. This process continues until no variable can satisfy the two aforementioned conditions.

Several criteria are available for entering significant variables into the model (SPSS Inc. 1990a). Wilk's Lambda was used in this analysis. Wilk's Lambda is the ratio of the within-groups sum of squares to the total sum of squares when the discriminant scores (the  $f_i$ 's) are the dependent variables, and the group is the independent variable.

The tolerance for correlation of variables was set at 0.1. Tolerance is the amount of linear association between the incoming variable and the variable(s) already in the model. It is equal to  $1-R_i^2$ , where  $R_i^2$  is the squared multiple correlation coefficient. Variables with small tolerance values (and therefore large  $R_i^2$  values) are not entered into the model.

These analyses were performed using a statistical software package called SPSS. With a set of functions to characterize the discrimination, a territorial map of the categories of at most two dimensions is provided. This procedure is explained in more detail, with actual data from the test program, in the next paragraph.

• Discriminatory Functions for Live Fire Data Set. Wilk's Lambda criterion was implemented for the model development of the live fire data set. Total duration was the first variable to enter the model and is the one variable that best separates the round types into their appropriate groups. As described earlier, total duration alone cannot guarantee correct classification of all the rounds. The stepwise process continued with the following variables:

- 1. Total Duration
- 2. Peak of Absolute Pressure Impulse
- 3. Velocity
- 4. Microphonic Off-Set Distance
- 5. Negative Peak Pressure
- 6. Positive Peak Pressure
- 7. Subtotal Duration (addition of positive and negative phases).

These 7 variables were able to correctly classify 99.50% of the round types. As shown in Table 6. There was one misclassification: M793 classified as M910.

Table 6. Classification Result for Original Seven Variables

		Predicted Group Membership				
Actual Group	No. of Cases	1 M910	2 M793	3 M724/M865	4 M490/M831	
1. M910	36	36 100%				
2. M793	36	1 2.8%	35 97.2%			
3. M724/M865	61			61 100%		
4. M490/M83	69				69 100%	

If one looks back at Figure 16 (total duration vs. microphone distance), some curvature in the data is seen. The natural logarithm (ln) of total duration will linearize the plot as shown in Figure 17. Repeating the discriminant analysis process, the natural logarithm of total duration is the first variable to enter the model. Continuing the analysis, the model contains the following variables:

- 1. ln(Total Duration)
- 2. Offset Distance
- 3. Velocity
- 4. Total Duration
- 5. Peak of Absolute Pressure Impulse
- 6. Negative Peak Pressure
- 7. Peak of Pressure Impulse.

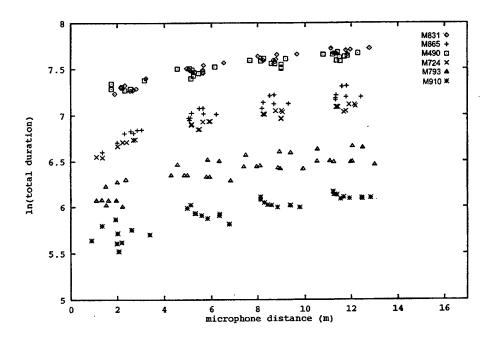


Figure 17. <u>ln(total duration) vs. microphone distance</u>.

These variables produced all correct classification results. Note that both the natural logarithm and raw units of total duration entered into the model. Although the two are not independent of one another, they pass the tolerance criterion. However, the pooled within-groups correlation between the two is 0.88. To avoid problems with multicollinearity, an unstable model as a result of highly correlated explanatory variables, it was not advisable to keep both of these variables in the model.

From the seven variables listed previously, subsets of variables were formed in search of smaller models that may be equally successful. Three reduced models will be explained in the following sections.

• Reduced Model A. From the set of variables produced in the aforementioned model, ln(total duration) and microphone offset distance were used to form a discriminating model that requires just one function:

$$f_1 = -84.059 + 12.774 \ln(Total Duration) - 0.523 Microphone Distance.$$
 (15)

When the frequency of the  $f_1$ -values are plotted in histogram form, as shown in Figure 18, four clusters are produced, which represent the four groups of interest. The histograms do not overlap, indicating correct classifications for all the groups were achieved. The values on the abscissa are the  $f_1$ -values. Below that, the class centroid is provided in two forms. The relative location of the centroid compared to the group histogram is given first. Each group is numbered as 1 for 25-mm KE, 2 for 25-mm HEI, 3 for Large KE, and 4 for Large HEAT. The f-value of the centroid is provided next. The limit values are the greatest value of the group starting from the left. These limits provide the following functional mapping:

$$\begin{array}{ll} f_1 \leq -9.02 & M910 \ (25 \ KE) \\ -9.02 < f_1 \leq -2.39 & M793 \ (25 \ HEI) \\ -2.39 < f_1 \leq 4.78 & M724, M865 \ (Large \ KE) \\ f_1 > 4.78 & M490, M831 \ (Large \ HEAT). \end{array} \eqno(16)$$

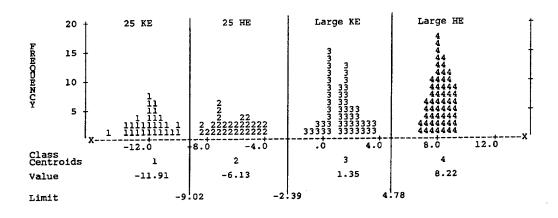


Figure 18. Feasibility phase model A: histogram of group classes.

• Reduced Model B. Referring back to the set of seven variables that include ln(total duration), other combinations of variables were considered that would classify all the rounds correctly. Consider the variables ln(total duration) and velocity. The discriminant analysis requires two functions as shown in equation 17, resulting in 98.03% of the data correctly classified. Of the misclassified data, one M910 round was classified as an M793, and three M793 rounds were predicted as M910's (see Table 7).

$$f_1 = -42.451 + 5.994 \ln(Total Duration) + 0.00129 Velocity$$
  
 $f_2 = -2.800 + 0.529 \ln(Total Duration) + 0.00650 Velocity.$  (17)

Table 7. Classification Result for In(Total Duration) and Velocity.

Actual Group	No. of	Predicted Group Membership							
	Cases	1 <b>M</b> 910	2 M793	3 M724/M865	4 M490/M831				
1. M910	36	35 97.2%	1 2.8%						
2. M793	36	3 8.3%	33 91.7%						
3. M724/M865	61			61 100%					
4. M490/M831	69				69 100%				

• Limitations on Model B. As mentioned earlier, the data gathered from the 1-m microphone to the target was not reliable. Therefore, only the data collected from a distance >3 m was considered in the analysis. With the same variables ln(total duration) and velocity, 100% correct classification was achieved with the model.

$$f_1 = -68.539 + 9.719 \ln(Total Duration) + 0.000994 Velocity$$
  
 $f_2 = -3.652 - 0.397 \ln(Total Duration) + 0.00650 Velocity.$  (18)

The data plotted in (f1, f2) space is shown in a scatterplot in Figure 19. The data point is denoted with the group number. The "\*" indicates the group centroid. Because of the graphics output from SPSS, overlapping points are not shown. The number of points indicated on the scatterplot may not add up to the number of cases actually analyzed, and misclassified cases may be difficult to visualize. Classification results are provided in the table for models where misclassification occurs.

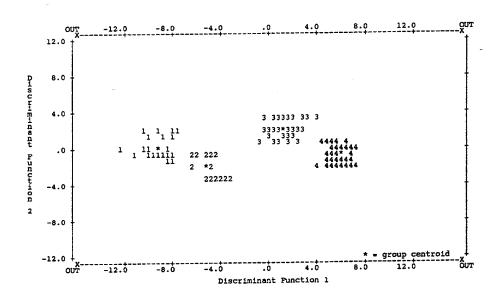


Figure 19. Feasibility phase model B: scatterplot.

The territorial map in Figure 20 shows the boundaries for each group in  $(f_1, f_2)$  space. These boundaries are constructed such that any point in a group in the  $f_1$ - $f_2$  plane would be closer to that group centroid than any other group centroid. This is useful for predicting the group membership of an unknown round.

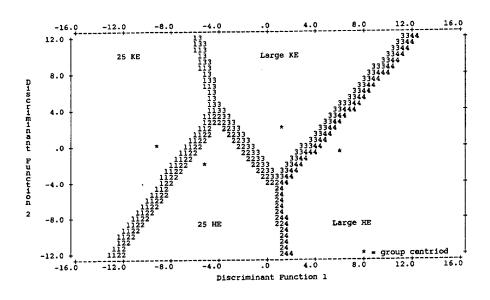


Figure 20. Feasibility phase model B: territorial map.

The process of selecting subsets of variables from the base set continues. The remaining variables: peak of absolute pressure impulse, negative peak, and peak of pressure impulse are difficult to obtain in the field because the microphone would have to be more finely calibrated.

• Reduced Model C. A third and quite different reduced model was considered. Total duration is the single variable that best discriminates among the groups of rounds. If this variable were collected from a microphone placed on each side of the target, collectively the rounds should be identified uniquely. Although our test array of five microphones was on the same side of the target, the data from two microphones were carefully selected to determine if discrimination were possible with nothing more than two total durations. A two-function discrimination model was developed from the 6- and 12-m microphones:

$$f_1 = -17.186 + 0.0115$$
 Total Duration 6 + 0.00331 Total Duration 12  
 $f_2 = -0.0887 - 0.0317$  Total Duration 6 + 0.02651 Total Duration 12. (19)

The assumptions for an optimal model is normality of the independent variables and equal covariance matrices of each group. Box's M test was used to check the equality of covariance matrices based on the determinants of the matrices. Box's M test is also sensitive to the normality assumption. Of the three models developed previously, only Model C did not pass Box's M test for equality of covariance matrices. This indicates that the model is not statistically optimal, and problems may arise in predicting rounds. In spite of this, the model predicted all correctly, as shown in Table 8, and the scatterplot and territorial map in Figures 21 and 22, respectively, show good separation among the groups.

• Verification of the Feasibility Models. Each of the three models described in the previous section represents the best classification rate since all of the data was used to develop the model. Often, live fire tests are conducted to verify that the model is truly adequate. This verification was expected to be performed later in the program when all round types had been incorporated into the final model(s). To check the adequacy of the current feasibility models, a portion of the data was taken for model development. The remaining data were reserved for testing the model, a form of goodness-of-fit. Stratified random sampling of two-thirds of data was implemented for adjusting the coefficients associated with the variables in each of the three models listed previously. Stratification was performed by randomly selecting one round from each round type at each range to be reserved for testing the model adequacy. The other rounds were used for the model development.

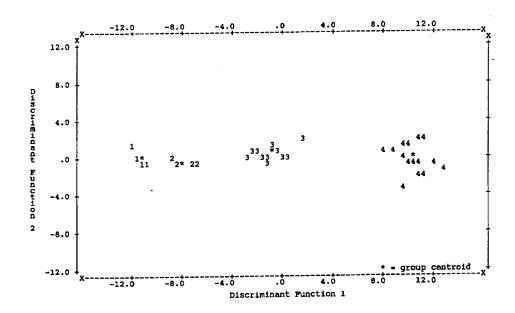


Figure 21. Feasibility phase model C: scatterplot.

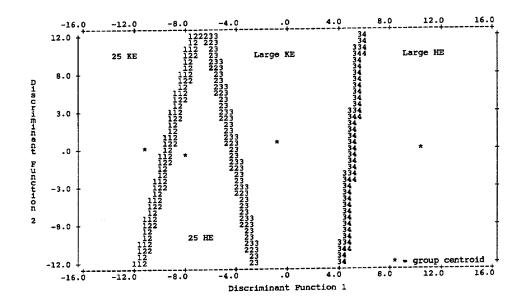


Figure 22. Feasibility phase model C: territorial map.

All three resulting models performed well. Each adjusted model correctly predicted all of the rounds used to develop the model, and each model correctly predicted each of the reserved rounds. Additionally, a set of theoretical data was created in a blind study to test the adequacy of Model C with two total durations. Twelve theoretical total duration values were computed for the various round types as if the microphones collecting acoustical signatures were placed on each side of the target. These values were placed in the discriminatory function. The resulting discriminant values correctly predicted the group membership for each round type, as seen in Table 9.

Table 8. Classification Result for Two Total Durations

Actual Group	No. of	Predicted Group Membership						
	Cases	1 M910	2 M793	3 M724/M865	4 M490/M831			
1. M910	9	9 100%						
2. M793	9		9 100%					
3. M724/M865	15			15 100%				
4. M490/M831	18				18 100%			

Table 9. Verification Results

Actual Group	No. of	Predicted Group Membership					
	Cases	1 <b>M</b> 910	2 M793	3 M724/M865	4 M490/M831		
1. M910	3	3 100%					
2. M793	4		4 100%				
3. M724/M865	3			3 100%			
4. M490/M831	2				2 100%		

- Feasibility Test Conclusion. Acoustical signatures, particularly total duration of the N-Wave curve, can be used to discriminate between the following round types:
  - small- and large-caliber rounds
  - large (105- or 120-mm) HE and large KE training rounds
  - 25-mm HEI and KE training rounds.

With the use of discriminant analysis, three models that correctly classify 100% of the rounds have been developed. These models contain the following variables:

- total duration and microphone offset distance
- total duration and velocity (>3 m)
- two total durations.
- 5.2.5 Location and Velocity Data. During the feasibility test, the six microphones were set up in two triangular arrays as shown in Figure 23 (see Appendix C for exact microphone locations). The time differences, microphone and target locations, and meteorological data were processed through the Stallings algorithm discussed in 3.2.3. The data were first reduced for velocity prediction. The Stallings algorithm predicted the velocity, on the average, within 2% of the actual velocity verified by radar. The locations were, on the average 20 cm from the actual video scored locations (see Appendix G). The error was mostly due to microphone placement. The projectile hits did not go through the center of the microphone array. The microphones were purposely placed low to the ground to keep them from being hit and to see what errors would be generated.

Six M831 projectiles, fired from the 1,000 m position, were analyzed to study the effects of input data on the accuracy of the predicted location. Table 10 shows how a change in each input value of meteorological data, fall angle, and gun position affects the projectile location.

The error associated with the microphone positions depends on the contribution of that microphone when determining the location. If the projectile flies close to a microphone, the algorithm weights that microphone's data such that it provides a larger contribution to the output location. Generally, the average survey error of all the microphones will be close to the average scoring error. The survey error was typically around 1 mm for each microphone with the use of a precision theodolite and an experienced

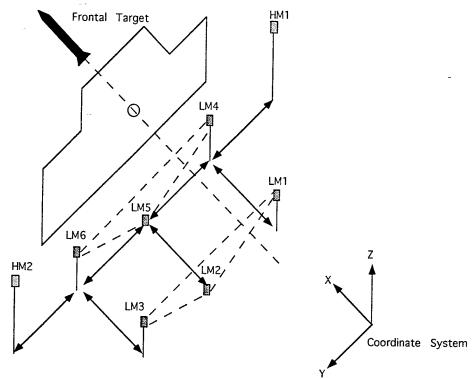


Figure 23. Feasibility test microphone array and target setup.

Table 10. Input Values Effect on Location

Input Values	Change for Each	Additional Change in Location (mm)							
	Meteorological Data								
Temperature Wind Humidity	1° 1 m/s Any Humidity	3 4 3 max							
	Ballistics								
Fall Angle	1 mil	3.6							
Gun Position									
X Y Z	1 m 1 m 1 m	5 0.5 4							

surveyor. Errors associated with microphone times also depended on that microphone's contribution. There is more of an effect on location for slower projectiles since their shock waves are more oblique. The errors associated with meteorological data and fall angle are considered relatively small. The major downfall with the Stallings technique is the dependence on knowing the gun's position. Elevation changes, Z, are not that great on a training range. The major errors come from not knowing an accurate range and deflection of the gun position relative to the target. The Stallings technique was eliminated as a candidate for RDS location algorithm because it was slow and had large potential gun position errors.

## 5.3 Collection Phase.

5.3.1 Live-Fire Data. The next phase of testing began with the purpose of expanding the existing data set to include: 7.62-mm ball (M59) and tracer (M62) rounds, 12.7-mm ball (M33) and tracer (M17) rounds, and three 35-mm TPGID (old HEAT DM18, new HEAT DM68, and KE simulator) rounds. This phase is designated as the collection phase. Randomization of rounds for testing took place as much as possible with the tight test schedule and small budget.

Since changing the firing platform for each round at each range was time-consuming, several rounds of the same size were fired at one range before moving the platform to another range. The goal was to divide the sample in half so that two groups of rounds of the same type were fired on two different days to average out any effects due to weather conditions. This was not always accomplished. The DM18 and DM68 round were late arriving. The DM68 and the TPGID KE simulators had not been type classified. The 7.62-mm and 12.7-mm rounds were fired first. Ball and tracer rounds were completely randomized. When the 35-mm KE was type classified, it was randomized with the DM18. The DM68 was tested with the DM18 on the last two days. However, the duration data for the last two days was not available for the analyses. Table 14 lists the number of rounds reduced that were included from each type in the analysis.

The ball and tracer rounds are listed separately in Table 11, but there was little interest in discriminating between them in this study. There were some differences in total duration and velocity. The average velocity of the tracer rounds at each range was greater than the ball rounds for both 7.62 mm and 12.7 mm. The average total duration of the tracer rounds was approximately 13 µs greater than the

Table 11. Number of Rounds Analyzed in Collection Phase

Distance	Distance 7.62 mm		12.7	mm	35 mm	
(m)	M59	M62	M33	M17	DM68	KE Simulator
400	3	4	5	4	3	3
600	3	4			<u> </u>	
800	3	3		<del></del>		
1,000		_	4	4	4	3
1,700		—	_	<del></del>	3	3

ball rounds for both 7.62 mm and 12.7 mm with the exception of the 7.62 mm at 800 m. For this combination, the average ball round was 230 µs greater than the tracer round. More investigation is required to determine what caused this large difference at 800 m. See Appendix E for tables of total duration and velocity values. For the remaining analyses, the ball and tracer rounds of 7.62 mm will be treated as one group as well as the 12.7-mm rounds.

5.3.2 Discriminate Analysis for Empirical Model Formation. The entire data set, from both the feasibility and collection phases, had a total of 8 groups: 7.62 mm, 12.7 mm, M910, M793, 35-mm TPGID KE simulator, DM18 and DM68, M724 and M865, and M490 and M831. A cursory analysis performed on the data before the complete data set was reduced indicated that prediction would be good overall. However, within the TPGID groups, only 66% of the rounds could be classified correctly.

A total of 34% of the DM18/DM68 rounds were predicted as TPGID KE simulator rounds. Likewise, 34% of the TPGID KE simulator rounds were predicted as DM18/DM68 rounds. An encouraging point was that these rounds were still classified as 35-mm TPGID. Upon examination of these two round types, we found that the velocities of KE training rounds at each range were on the average 250 m/s slower than the 120-mm KE training rounds. To continue the analysis, the 35-mm TPGID rounds were combined into one group resulting in seven groups for discrimination.

• Model I: Total Duration, Microphone Distance, and Velocity. Based on the three models developed during the feasibility phase, discriminant functions were formed first with variables ln(total duration) and microphone distance. Unlike the one-function model formed for the four groups in that phase, the model

for seven groups required two functions. However, misclassification was high, particularly between the M910 group and 12.7 mm. The misclassification rate was 17%.

The next attempt was to form a model with variables ln(total duration) and velocity, as in Model B. This model produced 88% correct classification of the groups. Only the M490/M831 rounds were without misclassification. TPGID was the most difficult of all the groups to classify correctly.

Finally, all three variables—ln(total duration), microphone offset distance, and velocity—were included to produce a two-function model (see equation 20). This resulted in a good classification rate of 97.85% as shown in Table 12. From the scatterplot of the data in  $(f_1, f_2)$  space (Figure 24), one can see why several 7.62-mm rounds (group 1) were classified as 12.7 mm (group 2); the functional values were closer to the centroid of group 2. Likewise, several M910 rounds (group 3) were misclassified as 12.7 mm (group 2) since their values were closer to that centroid. The misclassified rounds could be easily identified by overlaying the territorial map (Figure 25) on the scatterplot (Figure 24). (The pattern numbers in the territorial map form the border lines between the groups.)

$$f_1 = -87.510 + 13.594 \ln(Total Duration) \\ + 0.00413 \text{ Velocity } - 0.529 \text{ Microphone Offset Distance} \\ f_2 = 6.592 - 1.928 \ln(Total Duration) \\ + 0.00650 \text{ Velocity } + 0.0671 \text{ Microphone Offset Distance}.$$
 (20)

This model was tested with data collected during the verification/validation phase. The groups' centroids listed in Table 13 are necessary for determining the group membership of the unknown rounds fired. The boundary conditions are set at  $f_1(-20, 20)$  and  $f_2(-4, 4)$ . Any rounds producing values of  $f_1$  and  $f_2$  outside these boundaries were classified as an unknown round.

• Model II: Three Variables at 6 m. As discussed earlier, the field equipment array had two high-fidelity microphones placed 6 m from the center of the target. The same variables used in the previous model were considered, but the coefficients were based on the 6-m microphone data only. The classification rate for this model (see equation 21) was close to the Model I with 97.12% correct as shown in Table 14. The centroids, scatterplot, and territorial map are provided (see Table 15 and Figures 26 and 27, respectively). The boundary conditions are  $f_1(-20, 20)$ ,  $f_2(-4, 4)$ , and  $f_3(-4, 4)$ . This model was denoted as Empirical Model II and tested in the verification/validation phase.

 $f_1 = -95.122 + 14.681 \ln(Total Duration)$ 

+ 0.00432 Velocity - 0.5122 Microphone Offset Distance

 $f_2 = 5.512 - 1.878 \ln(Total Duration)$ 

+ 0.00618 Velocity + 0.258 Microphone Offset Distance

 $f_3 = -9.133 - 0.202 \ln(Total Duration)$ 

- 0.00041 Velocity + 1.987 Microphone Offset Distance.

(21)

Table 12. Classification Results for In(Total Duration), Microphone Offset Distance and Velocity

Actual Group	No. of		Predicted Group Membership					
	Cases	1 7.62 mm	2 12.7 mm	3 M910	4 M793	5 TPGID	6 M724/ M865	7 M490/ M831
1. 7.62 mm	59	54 91.5%	5 8.5%					
2. 12.7 mm	65		65 100.0%					
3. M910	29		3 10.3%	26 89.7%				
4. M793	29				29 100.0%			
5. TPGID	29					29 100.0%		
6. M724/M865	56						56 100.0%	
7. M490/M831	65							65 100.0%

NOTE: Cases correctly classified: 97.85%.

Table 13. Discriminant Functions Group Centroids

Group	$f_1$	f <sub>2</sub>
M62/M59	-13.170	-0.621
M17/M33	-8.676	-0.609
M910	-6.346	2.030
M793	-1.686	-0.990
DM18/DM68/TPL-T	1.800	0.581
M724/M865	9.119	2.207
M490/M831	14.447	-1.810

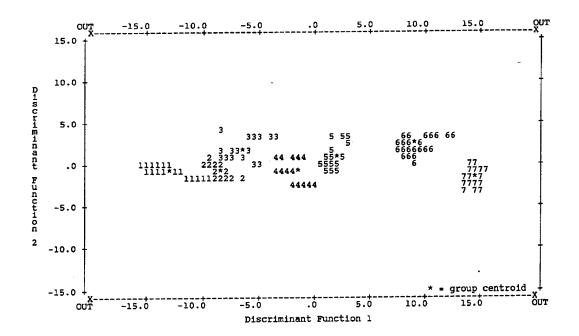


Figure 24. Model I: scatterplot.

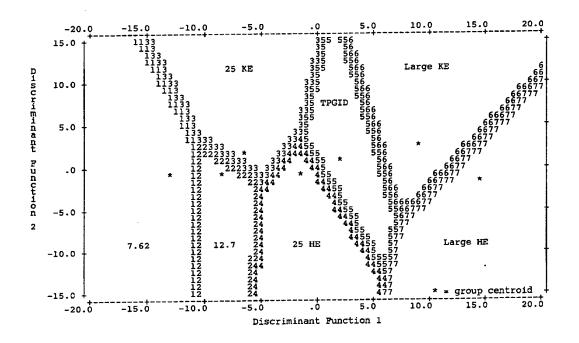


Figure 25. Model I: territorial map.

Table 14. Model II Classification Results

Actual Group	No. of			Predicted	Group Men	nbership	-	
	Cases	1 7.62 mm	2 12.7 mm	3 M910	4 M793	5 TPGID	6 M724/ M865	7 M490/ M831
1. 7.62 mm	17	15 88.2%	2 11.8%					
2. 12.7 mm	17		17 100.0%					
3. M910	9		1 11.1%	8 88.9%				
4. M793	9				9 100.0%			
5. TPGID	18					18 100.0%		
6. M724/M865	16						16 100.0%	
7. M490/M831	18							18 100.0%

NOTE: Cases correctly classified: 97.12%.

Table 15. Model II Group of Centroids

Group	$\mathbf{f_1}$	$f_2$	f <sub>3</sub>
7.62	-14.276	-0.582	-0.191
12.7	-9.323	-0.583	0.011
M910	-6.790	1.826	0.145
M793	-1.598	-0.893	1.060
TPGID	2.035	0.474	-0.474
M724/M865	9.811	2.089	0.160
M490/M831	15.726	-1.697	-0.100

• Model III: Two Total Durations. The final empirical model, equation 22, includes two total duration variables as constructed in the feasibility phase (Model C). The data from the 9-m microphone were the most discriminating, and the 3-m microphone data were the second most discriminating. Although an effort was made to use the data measured at 6 m, the data at 3 m and 9 m were the least correlated as well as the most discriminating. The correlation between the total duration values at 9 m

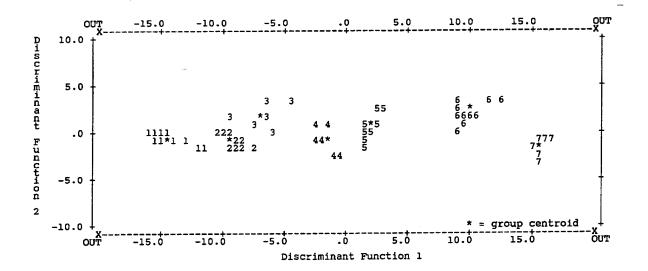


Figure 26. Model II: scatterplot.

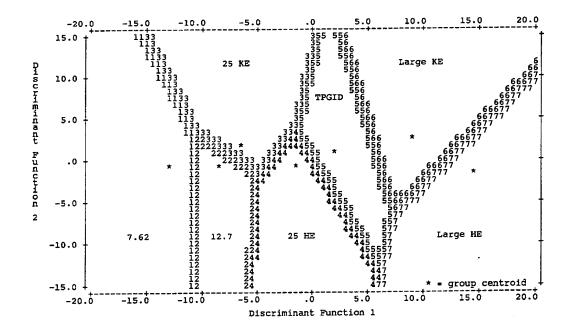


Figure 27. Model II: territorial map.

and 6 m is 0.94. This high correlation between explanatory variables can cause a problem known as multicollinearity in which the coefficients are very sensitive. The goal is to obtain coefficients that are robust so that the model will be valid under various conditions.

The correct classification rate for this model was lower than the other two models at 89.69% (see Table 16). The difficulty in discriminating occurred for rounds 35 mm and smaller. The scatterplot and territorial map (Figures 28 and 29) respectively show this from the location of the group centroids. The centroids of three smallest rounds—7.62 mm, 12.7 mm, and M910 are very close as are the centroids of M793 and TPGID. The boundary values for the discriminant functions below are  $f_1(-15,25)$  and  $f_2(-4,4)$ . The group centroids are provided in Table 17.

The three models developed in this collection phase were tested against a new set of data during the verification/validation test along with the brassboard system. Those results are given in section 9.

5.3.3 Location and Velocity Data Reduction. The microphones were placed in the H configuration, two lines of three microphones each (Figure 30). For this study, the intersection of Hyperbolas of Ambiguity method was used to calculate offset distance. The predicted locations were on average 24 cm away from the actual video scored locations, and the predicted velocities were within 3% (see Appendix H). Errors in location and velocity are mostly due to the projectile's incoming angle. The projectile must travel parallel to the centerline connecting the two center microphones for the calculation to be accurate. As this incoming angle increases, the calculated errors increase quadratically.

## 6. RDS ALGORITHM DEVELOPMENT

6.1 Theoretical Formulation Technique. The total duration formula described in equation 2 was based on test data with small-caliber projectiles fired from M14 and AR15 rifles (Kalb, unpublished). The constant value of 1.82 was used in the formula for small-caliber ogival bodies. A new variable was created for this constant and named the acoustic shape constant, K. During phase I and II of the data collection testing, each K was solved for by rearranging Schochko's (1966) formula for K and plugging in the known values.

Table 16. Model III Classification Results

Actual Group	No. of		Predicted Group Membership					
	Cases	1 7.62 mm	2 12.7 mm	3 M910	4 M793	5 TPGID	6 M724/ M865	7 M490/ M831
1. 7.62 mm	17	15 88.2%	2 11.8%	,				
2. 12.7 mm	15		12 80.0%	3 20.0%				·
3. M910	9			2 22.2%	7 77.8%			
4. M793	9				6 66.7%	3 33.3%		
5. TPGID	18					18 100.0%		
6. M724/M865	14						14 100.0%	
7. M490/M831	15							15 100.0%

NOTE: Cases correctly classified: 89.69%.

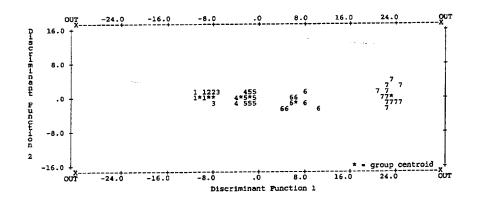


Figure 28. Model III: scatterplot.

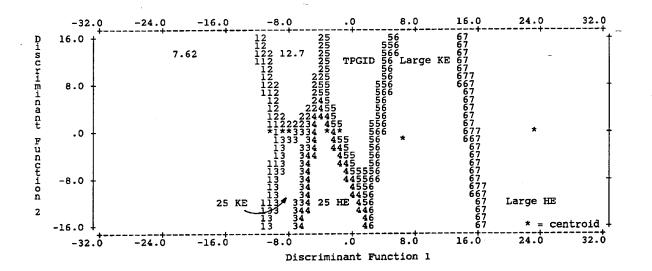


Figure 29. Model III: territorial map.

Table 17. Model III Group of Centroids

Group	$f_1$	f <sub>2</sub>
7.62	-10.574	0.198
12.7	-8.561	0.515
M910	-8.036	-0.132
M793	-3.415	-0.581
TPGID	-1.444	0.037
M724/M865	6.787	-0.878
M490/M831	22.815	0.464

$$K = \frac{T \ a(M^2-1)^{3/8} \ L^{1/4}}{O^{1/4} M D} \ . \tag{23}$$

An averaged K value was then determined over the velocities and offset distances tested. Since each projectile has unique physical properties (diameter and length) and K value, equation 23 was rearranged to equate the projectile physical dependents on one side with the measured values on the other. The projectile dependents were grouped together and labeled the projectile shape value (PSV). The formula becomes

$$PSV = \frac{D}{L^{1/4}}K = \frac{T \ a(M^2 - 1)^{3/8}}{(O)^{1/4}M}. \tag{24}$$

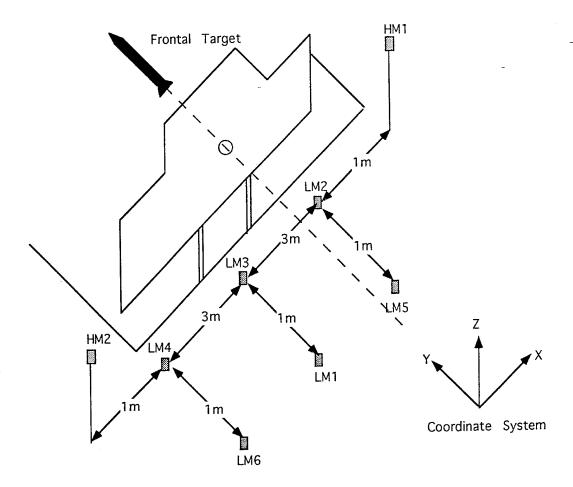


Figure 30. Data collection test microphone array and target setup.

Table 18 contains the empirical PSV and category for each projectile type tested. The measured values were input into equation 3 after the raw analysis. Next, the measured were compared to the empirical values. The system identifies the projectile type by calculating the smallest measured empirical PSV differential.

After the data were analyzed and the measured values were input into equation 24, the next step was to check to see how these values compared with tabular values. This was accomplished by finding the difference of the measured PSV from microphone 1 and the theoretical PSV and selecting the projectile type that best agrees.

PSV1 = 
$$\frac{D}{L^{1/4}}K = \frac{(T \text{ Mic } 1)a(M^2-1)^{3/8}}{(O \text{ Mic } 1)^{1/4}M}$$
, (25)

Table 18. Average Projectile Shape Values

Gun Caliber (mm)	Projectile Type	Diameter (mm)	Length (m)	Average K	Average PSV	Projectile Category (mm)
7.62 7.62 12.7 12.7 25 25 35 35 35 105 120 105 120	M59 (ball) M62 (tracer) M33 (ball) M17 (tracer) M910 (KE-TP) M793 (HEI-TP) TPL (KE-TPGID) DM18 (HE-TPGID) DM68 (HE-TPGID) M724 (KE-TP) M865 (KE-TP) M490 (HEAT-TP) M831 (HEAT-TP)	7.82 7.82 12.95 12.95 16.20 25.00 35.00 35.00 35.00 63.50 38.00 105.00 120.00	0.032 0.034 0.059 0.059 0.076 0.115 0.180 0.180 0.180 0.256 0.468 0.654 0.844	2.08 2.16 2.11 2.21 1.99 2.18 2.04 2.12 1.72 3.71 2.50 2.37	0.038 0.039 0.056 0.058 0.062 0.093 0.110 0.114 0.154 0.170 0.291 0.296	7.62 7.62 12.7 12.7 25 KE 25 KE 35 35 35 105/120 KE 105/120 KE 105/120 KE

PSV1 = PSV for HM1

Remainder 1 = abs (PSV1 - PSV).

The remainders were ranked from the smallest to the largest. In the same manner, the PSV for microphone 2 is solved for

$$PSV2 = \frac{D}{L^{1/4}}K = \frac{(T \text{ Mic } 2)a(M^2 - 1)^{3/8}}{(O \text{ Mic } 2)^{1/4}M},$$
 (26)

PSV2 = PSV for HM2

Remainder2 = abs(PSV2-PSV).

The remainders are ranked from smallest to largest.

If both rankings agree, that is the projectile type predicted. If not, there are three possible cases where the ranks are different. In case 1, PSV1 is closer and greater than round type A, and PSV2 is closer and lesser than round type B. This yields two positive remainders for round type A and two negative remainders for round type B. Round type B is selected. In case 2, PSV1 is closer and greater than round

type A, and PSV2 is closer and lesser than round type B. Round type A is selected. In case 3, PSV1 is closer and lesser than round type A, and PSV2 is closer and greater than round type B. Take the average of PSV1 and PSV2 and reevaluate the remainder to find the round type.

Figure 31 shows the projectile terminal velocity plotted against PSV. It can be seen that some PSV's from different round types overlap at extreme conditions. All of the projectiles fired have well-defined velocities at known ranges (see Table 2). If a PSV is computed and there are two possibilities, the correct round type can be selected if referenced to the velocity axis. For instance, the 12.7-mm and 25-mm KE rounds have similar PSV's. If the terminal velocity of the projectile fired was greater than 850 m/s, the 12.7-mm round could be ruled out as a possible choice since it cannot achieve that velocity. This model was called the theoretical model.

#### 6.2 Hybrid.

6.2.1 Discriminatory Analysis for PSV. The quasi-empirical formulation for PSV is a function of the same significant variables used in the empirical model, total duration, microphone offset distance, and velocity. The theoretical and the empirical results were combined to form a "hybrid" model. The PSV will be used in the discriminant analysis.

From the data collected in the feasibility phase and data collection phase, the projectile shape was tested to determine if it could serve as a discriminator of the seven groups. Discriminant analysis was implemented with the model based on the data collected from the 6-m microphone. This distance was chosen since this was the same location for the high-fidelity microphones as planned for the live-fire validation test. The classification of the remaining data was performed for a sensitivity check of the model.

The model with projectile shape alone resulted in 8 misclassifications and 94 correct classifications for a success rate of 92.16%. The shape variable was added to the database of variables to determine if it were a superior discriminant variable when compared to the other variables. Using the discriminant analysis models, PSV was found to improve the performance of the classifications. PSV's were first to enter the model with ln(total duration) following. The correct classification rate dropped to 85.29%. Although total duration was allowed to enter the model based on the tolerance criterion, the pooled group correlation between shape and ln(total duration) was 0.814.

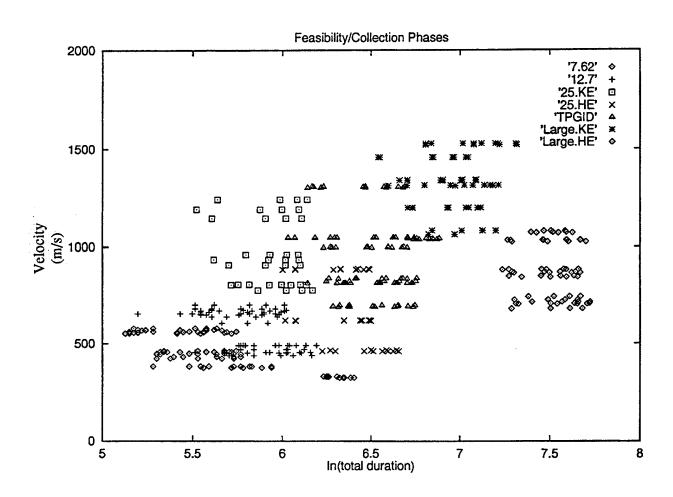


Figure 31. <u>In(total duration) vs. velocity</u>.

Velocity became the variable to enter the model after PSV. This was intuitively appealing, since PSV was basically replacing ln(total duration) in the earlier model formed with ln(total duration) and velocity. If we compare plots of ln(total duration) vs. velocity (Figure 31) with PSV vs. velocity (Figure 32), we notice that the relative positions of the round groups are similar. The plot with PSV forms tighter groupings.

The two-function model with variables PSV and velocity, equation 27, provided a 99.02% correct classification rate from the 6-m data, with one 25-mm KE misclassified as a 12.7-mm round. The discriminatory functions  $F_1$  and  $F_2$  plotted in Figure 33 resembles the data in the original units of PSV vs. velocity Figure 32.

$$F_1 = -22.757 + 144.233 \text{ PSV} + 0.00500 \text{ Velocity}$$
  
 $F_2 = -3.904 - 10.733 \text{ PSV} + 0.00632 \text{ Velocity}.$  (27)

6.2.2 Model Implementation for Prediction. A model was developed that separated the seven types of rounds with good success. The true test of the adequacy of the model would come when additional rounds were fired in the verification/validation phase (section 9). How is the two-function model implemented once the data are collected? First, the centroids of each group were calculated for both functions as provided in Table 19.

Table 19. Group Centroids

Group	F <sub>1</sub>	F <sub>2</sub>
7.62	-14.765	-1.296
12.7	-11.495	-0.909
M910	-8.781	1.716
M793	-5.610	-0.787
TPGID	-1.338	0.848
M724/M865	7.800	2.678
M490/M831	25.093	-1.586

Second, boundary conditions for  $F_1$  and  $F_2$  were determined to guard against signals outside of the target area of interest. This is not really necessary since the round location method would not allow the

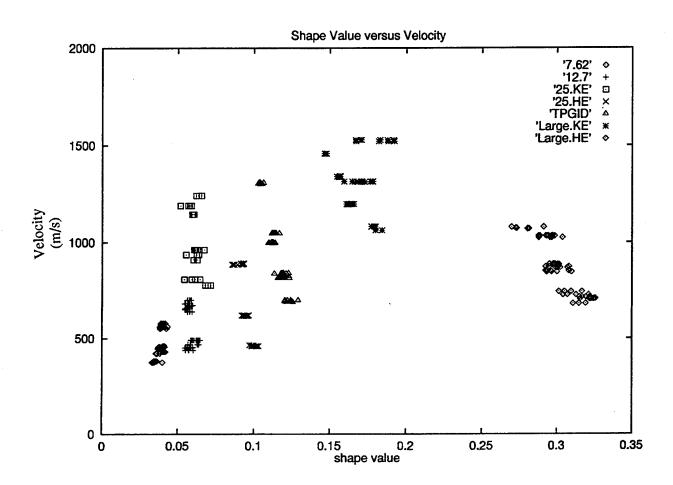


Figure 32. PSV value vs. velocity.

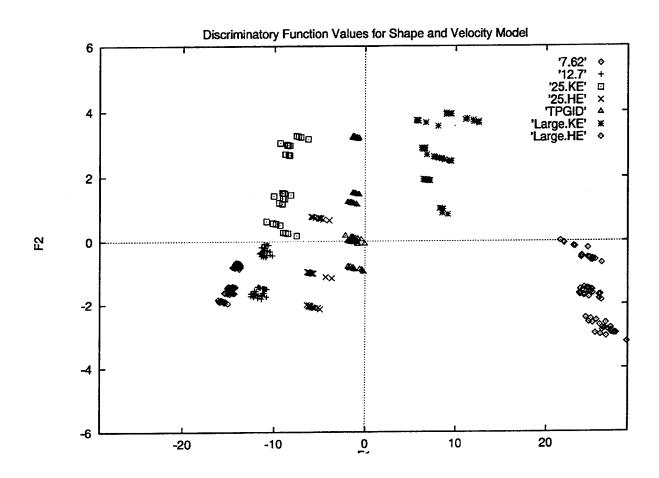


Figure 33. <u>Discriminatory functions F1 and F2.</u>

target to drop if the round did not hit the target. But to implement the round discrimination method independently of the round location method, boundary conditions are necessary. The boundary area is a simple rectangular area in  $F_1$  and  $F_2$  space. The minimum and maximum values for each function is:  $F_1$  (-17.0, 29.0) and  $F_2$  (-4.5, 5.5).

When an unknown round is fired at the target, the total duration, microphone offset distance, and velocity will be collected, and the PSV will be computed. Then values of  $F_1$  and  $F_2$  are computed for this round. The distance is calculated between the unknown round and each group centroid. The minimum distance will dictate the classification of the unknown round.

Because two microphones will be placed on each side of the target in the verification/validation test to collect total duration data, two pair of discriminant scores will be computed, one for the left microphone and one for the right. It is possible that the minimum distance of the discriminant score for the left microphone classifies the unknown round into a different group as the right. In that case, the final group assignment would be the smallest of those two minimum distances.

#### 7. SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT

A microprocessor was determined to be the most effective way to process the input data using the model, perform decisions, and execute commands. The RDS needed to take the data developed by the sensors after a round was sensed. The signals for location and acoustic signature were to be processed, and the values of that process utilized by the prediction model. Once a prediction was made as to round type and location of hit, commands based on a decision of "kill," "hit but no kill," and "no hit" would command the RETS system. A 486 PC/104 embedded computer was selected as the microprocessor due to the ease of programming, ability to use peripherals (disk drives, monitors, and keyboards), and accessibility to remote sites. Additional hardware consisted of power supplies, a floppy drive, a hard drive, and three electronic interface boards. The boards were designed and fabricated at ARL. They were the location interface board, the sensor interface board, and the A/D board. To control the computer, special software was generated.

The software for the RDS system was developed in Microsoft C to run under an IBM PC or compatible platform. The I/O devices used to collect the signal wave forms and counter values were memory-mapped devices which enabled a high rate of data transfer. Two data files were created to run

the program. The first file is called "locate.dat" and contained microphone and target coordinates needed to calculate round location. The second file was called "shapes.dat," and it contained "shape values" needed to categorize rounds for identification.

The program began with a series of questions to initialize the system. The first question asked whether or not results will be transmitted back to a remote location. The second question asked whether or not raw data and results will be saved onto the hard disk. If data and results are to be saved, a file name was specified. Finally, the program asked what type of target was being used for the training exercise.

The system waited for a hardware trigger signal from any one of the location microphones. The trigger was caused by the shock from a projectile flying by any of the location microphones. While the system polled the trigger line, a 2,000-point circular buffer was being continuously filled with data collected through the high-fidelity microphones and into the dual-channel analog-to-digital board at a rate of 250 kHz per channel.

When triggered, 1,000 points of shock wave data were collected from each high-fidelity microphone. A total of 12,000 points of shock wave data were collected from each high-fidelity microphone when the circular buffer data were added. The circular buffer contained pretrigger data which ensured the entire wave form of the shock wave was preserved in case the shock wave reached the high-fidelity microphones before the location microphones which triggered the collection.

Counter values were next read in from the quartz counter board. There were five counters, and each measured the relative delay of the shock wave as it passed between adjacent location microphones. Figure 34 shows how the counters were set up in relation to the location microphones. Each counter was controlled by a pair of location microphones; Counter 0 by LM1 and LM2, Counter 1 by LM2 and LM3, Counter 2 by LM2 and LM5, Counter 3 by LM4 and LM5, and Counter 4 by LM5 and LM6. Counters started counting when either one of its controlling microphones encountered the shock wave and stopped when its other controlling microphone encountered the shock wave (both controlling microphones could start or stop the counter). Knowing the rate at which the counters counted and the counter values when they stopped, the time delays of the shock wave between microphones are then determined. In addition to the counters, four data bits were read to determine which of the microphones in each pair started each counter counting. The sign of the counters was adjusted accordingly from these four data bits to show if the round came from the left or the right.

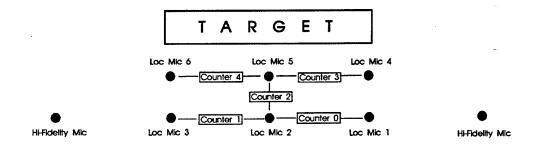


Figure 34. Location microphones.

Using the counter values, the location of the round on the target, the offset distances of the round from the high-fidelity microphones, and the round velocity were calculated. The round velocity was calculated first using Counter 2. The location and offset distances were calculated using velocity and Counters 0, 1, 3, and 4.

Using the shock wave length, round velocity, and round offset distance from the high-fidelity microphones, the round type was determined. To calculate the shock wave length, the wave form data was first passed through a five-point moving average smoothing filter to eliminate random noise. Next, the data was truncated to 500 points to eliminate the data points before and after the shock wave. The shock wave length was found by performing a point-by-point differentiation of the remaining 500-point wave form, picking out the two peaks. The separation between the two peaks corresponded to the shock wave length. Figures 35a through 35d graphically illustrate the process of finding the shock wave length.

After the round location and type had been determined, the program checked if the round hit inside the kill area and if the round type could kill the target type. If both of these conditions were true, the program would signal the RETS to lower the target. The RDS would accept a signal from the RETS vibration sensor, which indicates a round striking the target. The round type, location, and velocity was radioed back to a remote site via a modem and hand-held radio. The system was reset to the initial values.

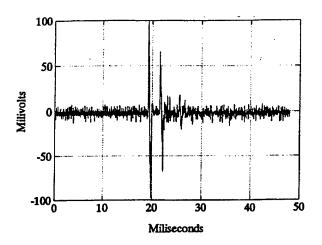


Figure 35a. N-wave (12,000 pts).

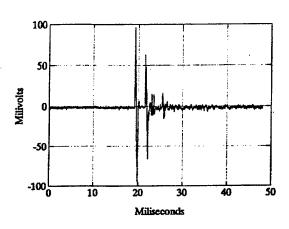


Figure 35b. Filtered N-wave (12,000 pts).

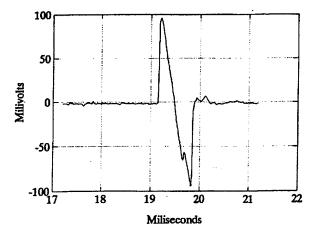


Figure 35c. <u>Truncated filtered N-wave</u> (1,000 pts).

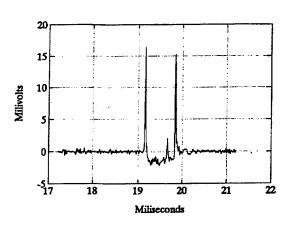


Figure 35d. <u>Point-by-point differentiation</u> (1,000 pts).

#### 8. BRASSBOARD

8.1 <u>Theory of Operation</u>. The RDS brassboard was a stand-alone system that directly interfaced with the RETS. The RDS sent a kill signal to the RETS when the system discriminates the round. It is a modular PC-based system, and it has its own radio communication link to the range control tower. The RDS brassboard was made of off-the-shelf components except for the two electronic interface boards. The system operates on 110-V/60-Hz or 220-V/50-Hz AC power.

Prior to running the RDS, software initialization was required with each power up. Temperature, target type, microphone positions relative to the target, and kill zone information must be entered by the user. There was a storage option where all raw data could be stored on the hard disk for post-test analysis. After initialization, the system established radio communication with the tower. When this connection was established, the RDS was set. As a round flew through the sensor array, the RDS was triggered by shock wave impinging on one of the location microphones. The two high-fidelity microphones captured the shock wave. The RDS computer calculated the durations, the Cartesian position of the round, and the velocity of the round.

With the durations, the microphone offset distances (derived from the location information), and the velocity, the RDS identified a round type. If that round satisfied the kill criteria for that particular target type and it was within the kill zone, the RDS sent a "target down" signal to the ECU of the RETS. The RETS lowered the target as if it received a target down signal from the vibration sensors. The round identification, location, and velocity information was transmitted back to the tower. Another PC in the tower displayed a picture identification of the round, an "X" on a tank silhouette target, and the velocity (see Figure 37). The RDS transmitted results to the tower each time the system was triggered, regardless if the kill criteria was satisfied. It took 2 s for the RDS to process and transmit data, but it took 10–15 s if the storage option was enabled. During the processing time, any other incoming round would be ignored. The RDS brassboard logged the vibration input. It was not part of an algorithmic decision. The RDS was PC compatible. This enabled the designers to use DOS and Windows application software and hardware to develop the discrimination algorithms (Figure 36) and the communication system.

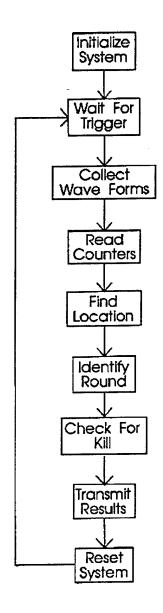


Figure 36. Algorithm flow chart.

### 8.2 Construction.

8.2.1 Location Interface Board. The location interface board (LIB) was a 6-in × 6-in printed circuit board (PCB) that incorporated a similar circuit designed by Dr. Joel Kalb of the Human Research and Engineering Directorate (HRED) for his round location system. The RDS's version had six electret microphone inputs instead of four. The additional inputs were the right front and left front microphones. The microphone front-end electronics, threshold comparator, debouncing latches, and time difference gates were identical to Dr. Kalb's (Kalb, unpublished).

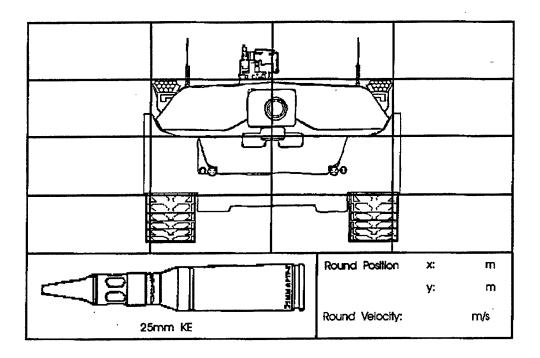


Figure 37. Tank silhouette.

The LIB provided power to the six-electrode microphones and measured the time delays between location microphones. The board had outputs from five time difference gates and four direction registers. The gates measured the time delays between pairs of microphones: front left and front center, front right and front center, back left and back center, back right and back center, and front center and back center. Each gate sent a pulse when one of the two microphones was triggered, and it sent another pulse when the second microphone was triggered. Each direction register associated a negative or a positive sign to each time difference gate except for the two center microphones. It was assumed that the shock wave would impinge upon the front row of the array before the back row. The outputs of the LIB fed directly into the PC/104 computer through the counters and I/O's mini-module. The time duration and direction of fire calculations were done by software.

In addition, the LIB had a NPN transistor circuit for the target down signal. When the discrimination algorithm determined that the target should be lowered, the computer sent a 5-ms pulse to the circuit. The circuit acted as a driver and sent an inverted pulse (HIT SIG) to the ECU of the RETS to lower the target. Refer to LIB circuit diagrams for further details (Figure 38).

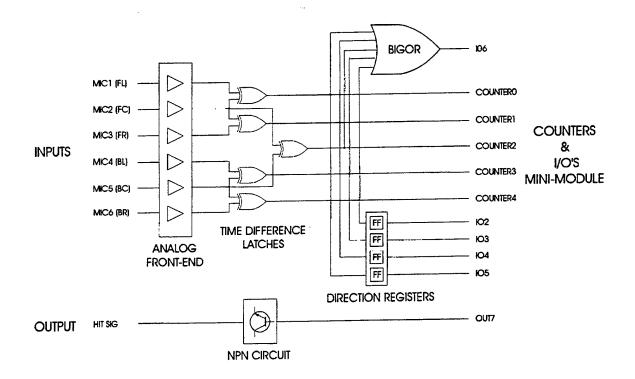


Figure 38. Location interface board circuits.

8.2.2 Sensors Interface Board. The sensors interface board (SIB) was also a 6-in  $\times$  6-in PCB. It contained circuits for the high-fidelity microphones (B&K's and Countrymans), the vibration sensors, and additional electronics for future use such as the switches and LED's. Only the circuits for the B&K microphones and the vibration sensors were used. The RDS brassboard used two high-fidelity B&K microphones to capture the supersonic shock waves. The interfacing circuit was a simple voltage divider with gain of 1/4 and impedance buffer. The two outputs were fed directly into the A/D's.

The SIB had two vibration sensor inputs. The vibration circuit was identical to the one in the RETS ECU except for the hit sensor failure circuit (TM9-6920-442-14&P). As soon as one of the two vibration sensors was triggered, the circuit produced a 5-V, 1-10-ms output, signifying a tagged hit. This HIT signal was fed into the computer by a register on the A/D board. Refer to SIB circuit diagrams for further details (Figure 39).

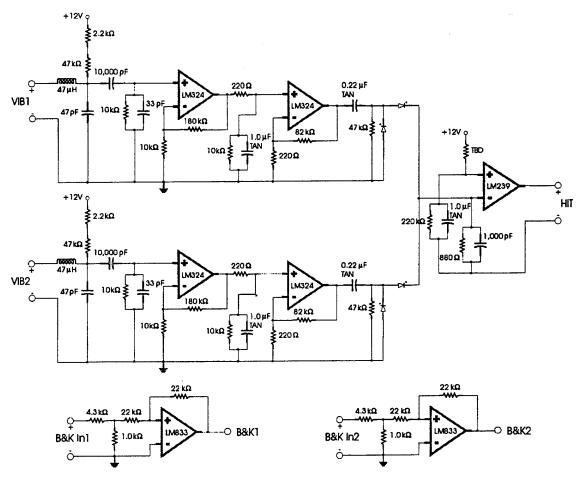


Figure 39. Sensor interface board circuits.

8.2.3 A/D Board. The A/D board was a 4-in × 4-in PCB with a PC/104 bus connector that stacks onto the PC/104 computer. It had two 12-bit analog-to-digital converters (ADC) with track and hold. The ADC's, part no. MAX120 from Maxim Integrated Products, ran on a 4-MHz clock and sampled at a 250-kHz rate. The A/D board had encoding and decoding logic that enabled the data bus from the ADC's to interface directly with the PC/104 bus. The digitized data from the ADC's were continuously being dumped on the bus. The computer took the data and stored them in a circular buffer. When one of the location microphone was triggered by the shock wave, the BIGOR gate from the LIB sent a pulse to the computer through a register on the A/D board to collect 10,000 more data points. After the 10,000th point, the computer stopped the ADC's from dumping anymore data onto the bus. The ADC's remained in this state until the computer finished with the discrimination algorithm. The A/D board also accepted the HIT signal from the SIB. The software logged the HIT signal, but it did not use the signal in any decision process. Refer to the A/D board circuit diagrams for future details (Figure 40).

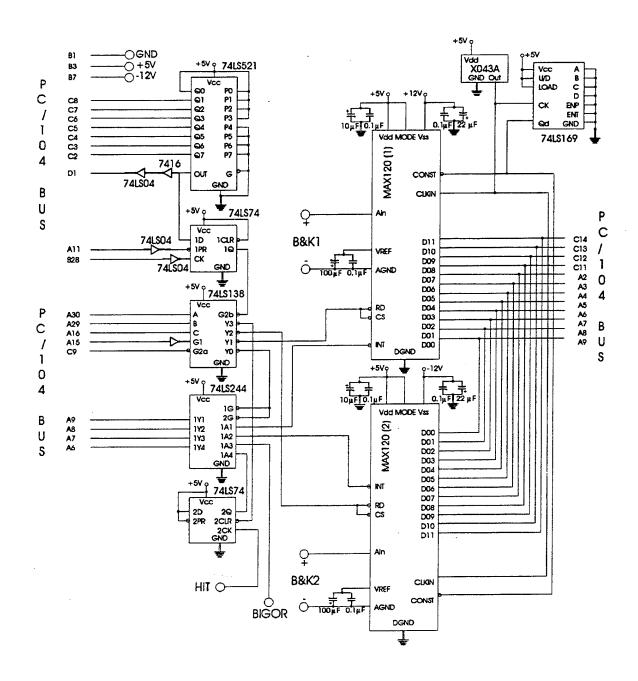


Figure 40. A/D board circuit diagram.

## 9. RDS INTEGRATION WITH RETS.

9.1 <u>Electronics Packaging</u>. The RDS brassboard system architecture is shown in Figure 41. The system was housed in a 24-in × 20-in × 12-in stainless steel box with a sealed lid. The box will protect the electronics from rain and fragment debris. On the outside of the box, there were six location microphone input connectors (MIC1 to MIC6), two high-fidelity microphone input connectors (B&K1 and B&K2), two vibration sensor input connectors (VIB1 and VIB2), one target signal down output connector (HIT SIG), a parallel port, a serial port, a VGA monitor input, and a keyboard input. Eight 40-ft-long, shielded, twisted pair cables connected the microphones to the RDS unit. A 20-ft cable connects the HIT SIG output to the RETS's ECU.

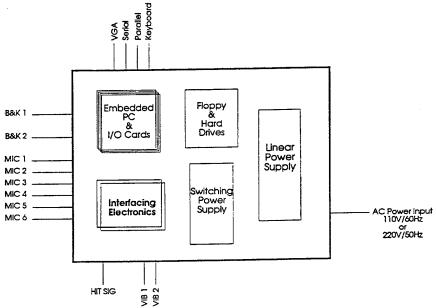


Figure 41. RDS system diagram.

The core of the RDS brassboard was the PC/104 embedded computer. The computer was composed of four 4-in × 4-in stackable modules: a 486-25SX CPU core module with a math coprocessor, a hard/floppy disk controller mini-module, a SVGA mini-module and a counter, and a I/O's mini-module. The embedded computer only required a single +5-V, 750-mA power supply for operation. The PC/104 embedded architecture was chosen because it is compact and modular. During the development phase, a more sophisticated computer system could be assembled by stacking more mini-modules. A mini-module can be a flash memory card, a data acquisition card, an I/O card, or a communication card. The RDS brassboard only used four modules. Only the 486-25SX core module and the counters and I/O's mini-module were needed for operation after system initialization.

9.2 <u>ECU Connection</u>. The RDS brassboard interfaces with the RETS with no modification. Due to time, budget and proprietary RETS hardware constraints it was impossible to incorporate the RDS outputs into the RETS's communication system without working and consulting with Paramax System Corp., the main RETS contractor. Instead, a separate radio communication subsystem for the RDS was designed and used. In the future, however, the RDS outputs would be incorporated into the RETS's CCU, and the results would be displayed in the control tower.

The RDS interfaced with the RETS through the ECU of the RETS. It hooked up to the RETS by disconnecting all vibration sensors from the ECU. Then, connecting two of those vibration sensors to the RDS vibration sensor inputs, VIB1 and VIB2, and connecting the RDS's target down signal output, HIT SIG, to one of the hit sensor inputs on the ECU, the hardware connection was then complete.

9.3 <u>Radio Communication to Tower</u>. In addition to the program written for the RDS hardware, a second program was written for the RDS system to interpret results sent to a remote site from the target area. As mentioned earlier, the target area and remote site communicated through a modem and hand-held radio at each site. The RDS computer communicated with the modem through a serial port. The modem was a Kantronics modem running at 9,600 baud while the radio was a Motorola GP300 VHF radio with an operating range of 146 MHz to 174 MHz. The radio frequency used was dependent on the usable frequency bands at each test site.

#### 10. VERIFICATION/VALIDATION TEST

10.1 <u>Purpose</u>. The primary purpose of the test was to verify the performance of the RDS brassboard and validate the system's operational capabilities within the spectrum of live-fire conditions expected on a U.S. Army training range. A secondary purpose was to allow private contractors the opportunity to verify/validate their own round identification systems and/or collect data that may assist in the future development of RDS for use on U.S. Army training ranges.

The verification test was conducted from 23 Jun-1 Jul 1993 at the high velocity range, APG, MD. A RETS lifter was used. Two 6-ft × 6-ft × 2-ft concrete blocks were placed to the left of the target to protect the RDS brassboard and radio communication system. The RDS was connected to the RETS ECU. The 7th ATC training environment was replicated as best as possible. A berm was built around the lifter to simulate the target pit. Discrimination microphones were attached to 1-m-long stakes. Location array

microphones were attached to stakes and located 20 cm above ground level. Support data for the test included Weibel radar velocity data, video scoring on the target, local meteorological data, and survey data. The test plan called for all training projectile types fired in the feasibility and data collection tests to be fired. The verification/validation test firing matrix and test results are presented in Appendix K. Average velocity errors of 3% and average location errors of 9 cm were observed.

10.2 <u>Statistical Summary of Data at APG</u>. Five models were constructed in sections 4 and 5, and each was evaluated against its ability to predict the rounds fired during the validation test. The five models include PSV formulation with equation 25 (Whitham's theoretical model), the three empirical models, and the Hybrid model.

The three empirical models and the Hybrid model that used discriminant analysis were not statistically optimal since the assumption of equality covariances for all the groups was not met. This indicated that the estimate of pooled covariance matrix was a biased estimate of the true but unknown covariance matrix. It was not surprising that Model III, with two total durations as variables in the model, did not have equal covariance matrices, since the covariances were not equal when only four groups were considered during the feasibility phase. Attempting to achieve this for seven groups to discriminate makes it even harder for all the models considered. Model II came closest to having equal convariances. However, it should be noted that due to these inequalities, some of the coefficients may be unstable. Nevertheless, using pooled estimates of the covariance matrix for each analysis resulted in robust algorithms for most of the models, based on the results from this phase of testing.

Table 20 summarizes the number of rounds correctly classified by each model. Four of the models performed comparably at around 90%; however, empirical Model III performed the worse. One problem with Model III stemmed from the microphone array. Two total durations were selected from the five microphones collecting the signatures. This change in configuration made the coefficients for the algorithm unreliable. The model resulted in poor prediction especially for the 25-mm rounds. The model predicted a 12.7-mm round in each case.

Model I used data from all the microphones. This fact made it appear that there were five times more independent shots than there actually were. The five duration values obtained from one shot were not independent outcomes, and the velocities paired with each of the five durations were the same.

Table 20. Model Comparison—Number of Correct Classifications

Round	No. of	Theoretical		Empi	rical	
	Rounds		I	II	III	Hybrid
7.62 mm	3	3	1	1	1	3
12.7 mm	9	9	9	9	6	9 9
M910 M793	5	5	4	3	0	4
TPGID	15	15	15	15	14	15
M724/M865	10	8	9	9	4	9
M490/M831	11	6	10	9	3	ļ
Total	62	55	56	55	30	56
Percent Correct		89%	90%	89%	48%	90%

Model II has the greatest appeal of the three empirical models. The algorithm was developed from the 6-m microphone which is suited for the final microphone array. One data set of duration, microphone distance, and velocity corresponds to one round tested.

The theoretical model and the Hybrid model are favored, since they have a theoretical basis and provide prediction results equal to or greater than the other models. Although equation 25 was derived from smaller-caliber rounds, the model performed quite well, as did the Hybrid. Both models (as well as Models I and II) have redundancy incorporated in them. They only require one high-fidelity microphone for discrimination. The other microphone acts as a check and as a backup system if the other microphone malfunctions during training exercises.

Unusually high duration signatures measured for the large-caliber rounds became a problem during testing. These readings were at least 50% higher than expected, and they did not occur consistently on the same microphone. This affected Model III more than the other models because both microphones are required for round classification. It was hypothesized that the large durations were due to reflections off the concrete block protecting the instrumentation. If this were true, one would expect the effect to be greatest for the microphone closest to the concrete wall; however, this did not explain the high signal received from the microphone on the far side when the microphone closest to the wall recorded values as expected. The source of the reflection is unlikely to be from the ground. The problem was not resolved in this phase of the program.

#### 11. DEMONSTRATION RESULTS AT 7TH ATC

The RDS brassboard and a backup system were transported to Grafenwoehr, Germany, for a live fire demonstration. On 14 July 1993, the RDS was set up in front of target V-16 on Range 117. Target V-16 was located approximately 1,500 m from the initial firing line. This target was chosen in order to get the best engagement ranges for both small-caliber and large-caliber weapons. The microphones and target locations were surveyed in the same manner as in previous tests (see Figure 30). Five different projectile types were fired from an M1A1, an M1A1 outfitted with TPGID, and an M2. Each vehicle was fired from a random location on the range. An orange kill zone was painted on the target. Thermal blankets were placed in the same area (see Figure 42). If projectiles were determined to be in that area, the RETS would be sent information to lower the target. During the pre-test, 9 out of 12 projectiles were identified correctly by the theoretical model, and the RETS system lowered the target when signaled by the RDS. The stored data was analyzed on-site to determine why the three projectiles were not identified. On-site data reduction revealed that acoustic reflections were being captured within the prescribed window being analyzed. These reflections were assumed to be only ground reflections.

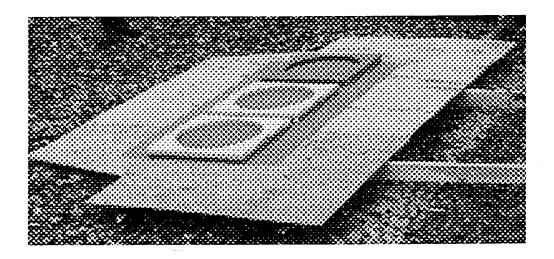


Figure 42. Kill zone.

These reflections sometimes caused an error in the total duration pulse period. A longer determination of total duration pulse period caused the algorithm to incorrectly identify the projectile. The predemonstration test matrix and results are located in Appendix L.

In an effort to separate any ground reflection from the N-Wave, the target was raised approximately 0.5 m for the demonstration test on 15 July 1993. The store mode was turned off so the RDS would compute real-time data reduction. The M1A1 with TPGID fired 10 projectiles. Only 3 of 10 TPGID rounds were identified as TPGID's. Similar results were recorded with the other projectile types fired. Problems were also encountered with the RETS interface. The RETS shorted during the demonstration and did not respond to the RDS communication. At that time, it was not known why the RDS performed so poorly. It was thought that ground reflections seen from the previous day caused the problems.

On the following day, the RDS was set up again with the store mode activated. Many projectiles were fired to gather data in the field. Due to rain, most of the data were not useful. Upon our return to APG, the pretest data were analyzed. It was determined that reflections were coming from the ground and from the top of the microphone stake. When the projectiles were fired around the microphone height or higher, the reflections were very close in time to the original N-Wave or even superimposed on the N-wave (see Figure 43). These reflections were mathematically determined to initiate from the flat surface on top of the microphone support stake (see Figure 44).

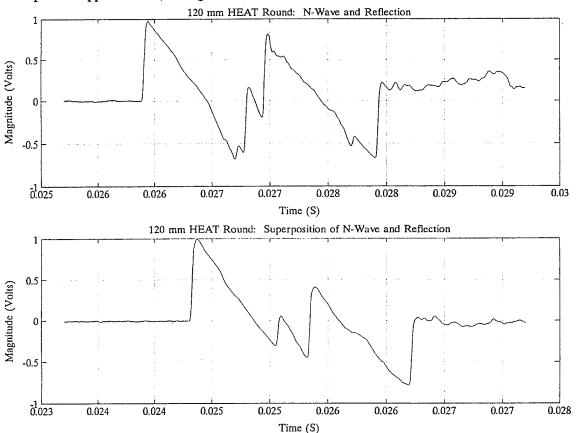


Figure 43. Microphone output due to a reflected N-Wave.

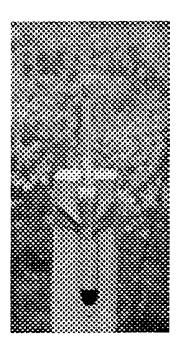


Figure 44. Microphone support stake.

The microphone location relative to the stake and ground surface was measured during this test. The shock's speed, projectile's speed, and, therefore, the Mach angle were also measured. The location of the projectile was hand scored at the conclusion of the test. The pressure time history of the N-Waves was recorded. Therefore, the distance that the shock wave traveled over time could be calculated. This value is represented as DIST1 and DIST2 for high-fidelity microphones 1 and 2. This distance was compared with the actual distance the shock wave would have traveled if reflected from the ground or the stake. The stake reflection represents the actual distance the shock wave traveled from the projectile to the microphone using the stake as a reflecting surface. By comparing the calculated reflection distance with those due to the ground or stake it can be shown in Table 21 that at least five of the projectiles had their N-Waves reflected off of the stake. Only those projectiles fired above the microphones had their shock waves reflected off of the stake. Only three of the five caused algorithm problems when computing N-Wave duration.

As a consequence of raising the target in the demonstration test, the projectiles were fired higher relative to the ground level. This separated the time between N-Wave and ground reflections but caused the problem of stake reflections. They were even more prevalent than during the pretest and resulted in the poor demonstration results. The problem could have been resolved by using a tripod to hold the microphone or angling the top of the stakes.

Table 21. 7th ATC Demonstration Results Analysis

		Time	Time				Scored ations	Ground	Stake
Round No.	Mach Angle (rad)	diff 1 (µs)	diff 2 (µs)	Dist1 (m)	Dist2 (m)	X (m)	Z (m)	refl (m)	refl (m)
1	0.27	4,092		1.3		0.552	0.229	1.2	
2	0.37	1,000	1,000	0.3	0.3	0.305	0.686	1.7	0.3
3	0.48	516	476	0.2	0.1				
4	0.61	1,004	1,316	0.3	0.4				
5	0.58						-		
6	0.38	2,364		0.7		0.641	1.842	2.8	1.2
7	0.38	1,828	1,616	0.6	0.5	0.787	1.334	2.3	0.7
8	0.31	4,112	3,900	1.3	1.2	1.029	0.203	1.0	
9	0.31	3,724	4,428	1.2	1.4	0.457	0.210	1.2	
10	0.66	928		0.2		1.422	0.734	1.7	0.3
11	0.56	2,940	2,228	0.8	0.6	1.168	1.524	2.5	0.5
12	0.60		6,176		1.7				

## 12. CONCLUSIONS/RECOMMENDATIONS/FUTURE PLANS

The goal of this project was to determine if round discrimination were feasible using acoustic signatures. If it were, the secondary goal was to build a RDS to perform on a live-fire gunnery range. The first goal was achieved without any doubt. The models created, both theoretical and empirical, worked very well. The sensors used were excellent laboratory instruments. The data recording and analysis equipment was well chosen for this endeavor and produced an excellent database. The extent of the database was more than sufficient for the analyses. The intellectual contribution from outside agencies was tremendous and directly impacted the success of the program.

The secondary goal was only partially achieved. Hampered by technical problems, the final demonstration at the 7th ATC was not the great success desired. Although the RDS performed extremely well on the last days of the validation/verification test, the weather and unforeseen technical problems precluded a favorable result at Grafenwoehr. This can be most likely attributed to the urgent nature of having to demonstrate the RDS before the planned development date. The models were incorporated into a powerful, flexible system that allowed for easy modification. The instrumentation was extremely reliable laboratory equipment but was severely affected by the outdoor environment. Because of the time devoted to hardware performance after the verification test, little attention was given to the reflection phenomenon discovered during the verification test. Ultimately, this problem manifested itself into a significant major technical problem during the final demonstration.

A retrospective analysis sheds new light on these problems. Apparently, the shock incident to the wood microphone stand was reflected. The reflection was actually returning to the microphone before the N-Wave duration was completed. In differentiating the signal, additional peaks were encountered, and incorrect durations were calculated. This is the primary reason smaller rounds were being calculated as large tank training rounds. The RETS equipment failed to perform due to the electronic short in the RETS, affecting the testing on the third day. If these small problems are allowed to be worked out, there is a high degree of confidence that a working RDS could be used on a live-fire gunnery range.

A test plan has been developed to continue the RDS development. Future modifications include employing different microphone setups. A possible setup involves discrimination microphones that reside on ground level so only one N-Wave signature will be analyzed. Improvements to the data acquisition and reduction program will be made. The N-Wave period can be better determined by using maximum and minimum peaks, zero crossings, as well as the slopes. Ruggedizing the microphone hardware will greatly enhance the survivability in the rain and snow. These concepts will be field tested on a U.S. Army training range, such as Fort Knox or Fort Stewart, that closely resembles the terrain of Grafenwoehr. The data will be analyzed and correlated with the N-Wave signatures that already reside in the data base.

For a future demonstration of the proof-of-concept, the same RDS brassboard should be used with a new high-fidelity four-microphone system. Two low-cost high-fidelity microphones with high sensitivity should be used to process the N-Waves of small rounds, and two pressure transducers with high-dynamic range should be used to process the N-Waves of large tank rounds. Both microphones and transducers must be environment-resistant and ruggedized. The current RDS hardware must be modified to

accommodate two additional transducer inputs. The signal processing algorithm must be modified to isolate the N-Wave from its reflection. The discrimination algorithm should incorporate durations from the transducers. Several more field tests are needed to characterize the responses of the pressure transducers. There is a high degree of confidence that these improvements to the hardware and the algorithm will allow the RDS to perform at its potential and permit total achievement of the goals of this project.

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# APPENDIX A: FEASIBILITY TEST RANGE DATA

INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK.

= =
" 9/23/92
11:23:16 1 11:24:06 1
15.8 64 15.8 64
59. 56.
8.0 2.61 7.5 2.62
0.055 -0.135 0.255

56	55	54	53	52	51	50	49	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	29		#	RD.
105	4	=	2	=	2	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	120	=	=	11		11	"	=	2	=	=	=	=	25	(mm)	TYPE	GUN
M724	17	=	=	=	M831	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	M865	:	=	17	17	11	п	11	н	=	M910	=	=	M793		TYPE	RD.
9/28/92	9/28/92	9/28/92	9/28/92	9/28/92	9/28/92	9/28/92	9/28/92	9/28/92	9/28/92	9/28/92	9/28/92	9/25/92	9/25/92	9/25/92	9/23/92	9/23/92	9/23/92	9/23/92	9/23/92	9/23/92	9/23/92	9/23/92	9/23/92	9/23/92	9/23/92	9/23/92	9/23/92			DATE
14:23:00	11:10:16	11:08:59	11:07:14	11:05:52	11:01:00	11:01:02	10:58:51	10:57:42	10:32:36	10:22:00	10:27:00	9:50:39	9:46:32	9:43:36	12:20:51	12:20:11	12:19:33	12:18:55	12:18:09	11:46:06	11:45:01	11:43:53	11:40:43	11:39:06	11:33:51	11:33:17	11:32:32	H:M:S		TIME
16.4	15.4	15.3	15.2	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.0	15.1	15.2	15.0	11.4	11.4	11.4	17.3	17.3	17.2	17.1	17.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	15.9	16.1	16.0	16.0	15.8	(C)	TEMP	
98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	. 84	85	84	62	62	62	62	62	64	62	62	63	64	64	64	63	%	REL. HUM.	MET CON
187.	28.	29.	30.	24.	15.	18.	30.	359.	21.	358.	8.	74.	67.	72.	55.	55.	41.	48.	41.	55.	50.	46.	34.	23.	38.	43.	50.	WD(deg)	WINDS	MET CONDITIONS
0.9	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.0	1.3	0.7	1.1	1.1	0.9	0.8	6.2	7.5	8.7	7.7	7.7	7.0	7.4	10.4	7.6	8.5	9.2	9.4	8.2	8.2	8.5	7.8	WS(m/s)	IDS	
ND	2.60	2.55	2.60	2.58	ND	3.84	3.86	3.86	3.85	ND	ND	3.83	3.85	3.83	3.39	3.37	3.51	3.39	3.41	3.34	3.36	3.21	3.27	3.43	2.61	2.61	2.61		MACH NO.	TERMINAL
ND	0.317	-0.273	-0.023	0.327	ND	0.257	-0.133	-0.173	-0.163	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.625	0.455	0.185	0.675	0.175	0.425	0.285	ND	D	DN	0.505	0.785	0.965	(m)	Υ	IMPACT LOCATION
ND	7.137	6.947	6.407	6.297	ND	6.817	6.657	7.057	6.867	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	6.903	6.333	7.273	6.913	6.813	7.603	7.423	ND	ND	ND	7.713	7.873	7.733	(m)	Z	CATION

	" M793 9/28/92 16:25:00 19.3 98 264. 2.2 " 9/28/92 16:25:30 19.2 98 262. 2.6 " 9/28/92 16:26:00 19.3 98 269. 2.8 " 9/28/92 16:30:17 19.4 98 272. 2.4	" M793 9/28/92 16:25:00 19.3 98 264. 2.2 " 9/28/92 16:25:30 19.2 98 262. 2.6 " 9/28/92 16:26:00 19.3 98 269. 2.8	" M793 9/28/92 16:25:30 19:3 98 264. 2.2 " " 9/28/92 16:25:30 19:2 98 262. 2.6	" M793 9/28/92 16:25:00 19.3 98 264. 2.2	"   M793   9/28/92   16:25:00   19.3   98   264.   2.2		78 " " 9/28/92 16:24:53 19.3 98 258. 2.1 2.77	77 " " 9/28/92 16:23:18 19.3 98 241. 2.1 2.67	76 " " 9/28/92 16:22:26 19.5 98 244. 2.8 2.66	75 " " 9/28/92 16:21:21 19.2 98 259. 2.6 2.76	260. 2.5	227. 1.7	" 9/28/92 16:05:26	71 " " 9/28/92 16:03:57 18.5 98 205. 2.6 2.66	70 " " 9/28/92 15:57:00 18.5 98 205. 2.6 ND	69 " " 9/28/92 15:56:30 18.5 98 205. 2.6 ND	68 " " 9/28/92 15:56:00 18.5 98 205. 2.6 ND	67 " " 9/28/92 15:52:00 18.5 98 205. 2.6 ND	66 25 M910 9/28/92 15:50:00 18.5 98 205. 2.6 ND	65 " " 9/28/92 15:13:58 17.6 98 202. 2.5 2.48	204. 2.4	63 " " 9/28/92 15:11:39 17.6 98 199. 2.2 2.49	62 " " 9/28/92 15:06:00 17.3 98 213. 1.4 ND	61 " M490 9/28/92 15:01:00 16.9 97 219. 2.3 ND	60 " " 9/28/92 14:59:56 17.1 97 165. 2.9 3.92	59 " " 9/28/92 14:58:58 17.3 97 166. 1.9 3.91	58 " 9/28/92 14:35:55 16.5 98 221. 0.6 3.93	M724 9/28/92 14:30:00 16.5 98	(mm) H:M:S (C) % WD(deg) WS(m/s)	# TYPE TYPE TEMP REL. HUM. WINDS MACH NO.	RD. GUN RD. DATE TIME MET CONDITIONS TERMINAL
2.2 1.81						2.2 ND																							WS(m/s)		TERMIN
-0.393	-0.933	-0.203	ND	ND	ND NO	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.057	0.877	0.847	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	-0.683	0.337	0.247	ND	ND	-0.013	-0.153	-0.113	ND	(m)	IO. Y	AL IMPACT LOCATION
6.757	6.607	6.587	ND	N	N C	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	6.887	7.617	7.637	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	6.697	6.997	6.757	ND	ND	6.567	6.957	6.937	ND	(m)	Z	CATION

112	111	110	109	108	107	106	105	104	103	102	101	198	99	98	97	96	95	94	93	92	91	90	89	88	87	86	85		#	RD.
:	2	=	=	=	=	=	=	120	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	105	=	2	2	11	=	=	2	=	25	(mm)	TYPE	GUN
11	1		M865	=	=	=	=	M831	=	=	=		M724	=	=	=	=	M490	=	=	=	н	#	11	3		M793		TYPE	RD.
9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/28/92	9/28/92	9/28/92	9/28/92	9/28/92	9/28/92	9/28/92	9/28/92	9/28/92			DATE
12:23:04	12:21:39	12:05:50	11:59:00	11:59:03	11:49:37	11:46:44	11:26:48	11:21:00	10:32:06	10:30:24	10:28:22	10:09:39	10:02:00	10:01:12	9:59:24	9:56:55	9:36:10	9:35:00	16:37:20	16:36:49	16:36:20	16:35:27	16:34:55	16:34:26	16:33:57	16:33:16	16:32:00	H:M:S		TIME
16.4	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.4	16.7	16.6	17.5	18.0	16.5	16.4	16.3	14.9	14.8	14.6	14.5	14.3	12.9	12.7	19.1	19.2	19.2	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.2	19.3	(C)	TEMP	
61	62	62	61	62	62	62	64	66	70	70	69	69	69	69	71	70	76	75	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	%	REL. HUM.	MET CONDITIONS
28.	30.	351.	6.	350.	26.	351.	9.	357.	11.	4.	27.	18.	11.	15.	10.	13.	<u>.                                    </u>	3.	248.	251.	263.	257.	255.	250.	246.	255.	364.	WD(deg)	WINDS	DITIONS
5.7	4.9	6.1	5.2	5.9	6.2	6.6	3.6	5.8	4.8	5.3	4.7	6.2	6.2	7.2	8.1	8.9	5.8	5.8	2.5	2.3	1.6	2.1	2.4	2.3	2.5	2.4	1.8	WS(m/s)	IDS	
3.13	3.11	3.17	DN	2.08	2.09	2.07	2.10	ND	3.51	3.51	3.51	3.51	ND	2.01	2.19	1.89	2.15	ND	1.81	1.81	1.84	1.83	1.82	1.81	1.81	1.82	DN		MACH NO.	TERMINAL
-0.223	0.857	-0.613	dN	0.707	1.457	-0.243	-1.023	dN	-0.143	-0.373	-0.393	-0.783	DN	0.297	-0.403	ND	0.767	ND	ND	-0.373	-0.543	0.957	-1.213	-0.343	1.137	-0.443	DN	(m)	Υ	IMPACT LOCATION
6.531	7.521	7.061	dN	7.001	7.041	6.361	6.811	ND	6.621	6.791	6.891	7.071	ND	6.131	7.441	UN	7.661	ND	ND	6.337	6.917	7.347	6.777	7.027	7.797	7.097	DN	(m)	Z	OCATION

140	139	138	137	136	135	134	133	132	131	130	129	128	127	126	125	124	123	122	121	120	119	118	117	116	115	114	113		#	RD.
=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	2	=	=	=	=	=	- =	=		=	=	=	=	2	=	=	25	120	(mm)	TYPE	GUN
=	=	=	=	=	=	M910	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	5	=	=	=	=	=	=	M793	M865		TYPE	RD.
9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92			DATE
16:02:12	15:57:00	15:56:30	15:56:00	15:55:00	15:54:30	15:54:00	15:41:44	15:41:44	15:41:44	15:41:44	15:41:44	15:41:44	15:41:44	15:41:44	15:41:44	15:40:50	15:39:53	15:22:22	15:20:56	15:18:48	14:56:27	14:54:42	14:52:30	14:50:00	14:49:30	14:49:00	12:24:35	H:M:S		TIME
18.1	18.3	18.3	18.1	18.2	18.2	18.2	18.1	18.1	18.1	18.1	18.1	18.1	18.1	18.1	17.9	18.0	17.9	18.2	18.4	18.1	18.1	18.1	18.4	18.4	18.3	18.3	15.9	(C)	TEMP	
45	45	44	44	45	45	45	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	47	46	49	50	48	49	50	51	49	50	50	61	%	REL. HUM.	MET CONDITIONS
17.	23.	5	18.	32.	32.	32.	25.	25.	25.	25.	25.	25.	25.	25.	11.	23.	16.	16.	; 5.	1.	342.	352.	335.	355.	351.	351.	35.	WD(deg)	WINDS	DITIONS
6.6	6.6	6.4	6.6	α. <b>5</b>	9.4	9.4	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.2	6.4	8.1	7.9	8.8	8.6	7.6	7.4	9.5	7.2	6.1	8.0	8.0	5.8	WS(m/s)	IDS	
2.37	ND	N	Z		Z		N	Z	ND	ND	N	N	ND	ND	1.35	1.35	1.36	1.38	1.35	1.34	1.37	1.38	1.36	ND	ND	ND	3.13		MACH NO.	TERMINAL
2	NU	N	NU		NU	Nij.	1.82/	1.007	-0.873	0.407	1.627	-0.893	NU	0.047	-0.243	1.417	-0.633	1.097	-1.643	N	1.097	-0.193	-0.923	ND	NU	NU	0.487	(m)	Y	IMPACT LOCATION
ND,							).401	127.7	5.821	7.891	7.001	7.121	7.22	7.861	6.991	140./	7.3/1	7.331	6.041	) NO	8.021	7.151	6.161	NC	N	Z Z	0./31	(m)	2	CATION

r <del>`</del>		г	1	<u> </u>			ī	T	_	i	<u> </u>	i	1	ſ		1	ī			i							-	Γ-		T
168	167	166	165	164	163	162	161	160	159	158	157	156	155	154	153	152	151	150	149	148	147	146	145	144	143	142	141		#	RD.
	=	25	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	2	=	120	=	=	=	=	2	=	=	п		,	=	=	25	(mm)	TYPE	GUN
п	=	M910	=	=	=	=	=	M865	=	=	=	=	=	M831	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	#		11	=	=	M910		TYPE	RD.
9/30/92	9/30/92	9/30/92	9/30/92	9/30/92	9/30/92	9/30/92	9/30/92	9/30/92	9/30/92	9/30/92	9/30/92	9/30/92	9/30/92	9/30/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92	9/29/92			DATE
13:48:20	13:33:21	13:29:00	11:43:21	11:40:56	11:39:49	11:36:56	11:34:05	11:15:28	11:07:50	11:06:48	11:05:53	11:04:18	11:02:00	10:45:53	16:28:24	16:27:47	16:27:12	16:26:43	16:26:09	16:24:43	16:23:53	16:23:11	16:22:39	16:21:57	16:20:57	16:05:04	16:04:01	H:M:S		TIME
14.6	14.4	14.2	13.2	13.3	13.3	13.5	13.0	13.3	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.9	14.1	1.2	18.2	18.2	18.1	18.1	18.0	18.5	18.5	18.5	18.3	18.3	18.2	18.1	(C)	TEMP	
52	54	53	59	59	59	60	59	61	62	62	62	62	62	67	46	46	46	<b>4</b> 5	45	45	45	45	46	45	45	<del>4</del> 5	<del>\$</del> 5	%	REL. HUM.	MET CON
43.	39.	16.	35.	32.	34.	32.	29.	34.	53.	47.	47.	51.	44.	44.	20.	20.	20.	21.	23.	17.	21.	21.	<u>ن</u>	24.	22.	18.	29.	WD(deg)	WINDS	MET CONDITIONS
6.3	7.4	6.2	6.3	5.2	4.7	6.9	5.2	4.9	5.2	3.7	3.7	4.0	4.0	5.2	5.6	5.6	5.6	6.9	7.3	7.2	7.8	7.8	8.0	9.0	8.8	7.5		WS(m/s)	IDS	
3.65	3.49	ND	4.48	4.48	4.50	4.50	4.49	4.51	3.03	3.04	3.02	3.05	3.04	3.03	2.28	2.31	2.31	2.27	2.39	2.36	2.41	2.35	2.27	2.36	2.25	2.27	2.38		MACH NO.	TERMINAL
0.467	0.007	ND	0.247	0.347	0.207	0.297	0.057	0.127	0.047	0.007	0.137	0.587	0.567	0.367	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	-0.863	ND	ND	0.687	QN	ND	ND	ND	(m)	Y	IMPACT LOCATION
6.387	7.607	DN	7.277	7.217	7.517	7.407	7.247	7.477	7.137	7.347	7.437	7.397	7.547	7.437	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	7.941	ND	ND	7.391	ND	UN	ND	ND	(m)	Z	CATION

192	191	190	109	100	188	187	186	100	187	184	183	182	181	100	100	179	178	177	176	175	1/4	174	173	172	171	170	169		#	Ñ.	
=	Ξ	=	-	=	=	=		=	2	=	=	=		-	=	=	=	=	=	-	:	=	=	2	=	ŧ	25	(mm)	1717E	CON	
=	=		=	=	=	=	:	=	=	2	M793	=		=	=	=	=	=	   		=	=	=	=	=	=	M910		1111		Ca
9/30/92	9/30/92	9/30/92	0/00/07	9/30/92	9/30/92	9/30/92	2/30/22	9/20/97	9/30/92	9/30/92	9/30/92	9/30/92	7/30/32	0/20/02	9/30/92	9/30/92	9/30/92	9/30/92	9/30/92	9/30/92	0/00/00	9/30/92	9/30/92	9/30/92	9/30/92	9/30/92	9/30/92				TATE
14:24:32	14:23:40	+	+	14:22:24	14:21:57	14:21:53	14.01.00	14:21:05	14:20:34	14:06:49	14:00:00	13:56:00	10.00.00	13.56.00	13:56:00	13:56:00	13:55:00	13:55:18)	13:55:00	10.00	13.55.00	13:54:15	13:53:47	13:52:04	13:51:18	13:50:32	13:45:44	TI.W.D	J.M.C		TIME
15.6	15.4		15	15.6	15.6	+	$^{+}$	15.6	15.3	14.7	14.1		143	14.3	14.3	14.3	14.3		140	1 1 2	143	14.4	14.4	14.4	14.4	14.4	1.5.	143	)	TEMP	
53	22	20	52	53	23	73	54	54	54	52	1 4	7 8	בא	53	53	53	23	3   8	2   C	53	53	53	54	53	3 8	3 8	3 6	73	8	REL. HUM.	MET CONDITIONS
23.	3 .	37	37.	30.	30.	30	9.	9.	4.	2/:	2 1	24	19.	19.	19.	19.	10.	5 : 5	<b>=</b>	5	10.	20.	31.	40.	<b>3</b> 0.	25	40	37	WD(deg)	WINDS	DITIONS
9.	60	7.1	7.1	7.6	3 3	76	6.1	6.1	4.4	1.2	73	5.9	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1		л I О i	5.9	5.9	5.9	7.1	0.7	7.6	7.3	6.0	71	8.7	WS(m/s)	DS	
100	2 59	2.60	2.61	10.2	361	2.60	2.61	2.61	2.00	200	2 61	ND	ND	ND	N		ו כוא ו	Z I	ND.	ND	ND	3.44	3.33	3 53	3 55	3.62	3.60	3.36		MACH NO.	TERMINAL
	-0.723	-0.463	-0.233	0.000	0.657	-0.853	-0.473	-0.143	0142	_1 173	-0.153	-2.303	0.987	-0.033	7.5.0	0.447	0.327	0.957	0.877	1.327	0./3/	0.000	0.047	0.697	1.177	-0.253	0.187	0.247	(m)	Υ	IMPACT LOCATION
	7.327	7.517	/1.2.1	7017	7.357	7.407	7.627	7.00	7 137	7.327	7.477	2.167	7.19/	0.207	0 207	7.657	7.187	8.027	8.157	7.607	7.0.0	6847	7.417	7.197	7.107	6.917	7.197	7.527	(m)	7	CATION

## APPENDIX B:

PROJECTILE CHARACTERISTICS DATA FROM FEASIBILITY TEST PHASE

160 M865 3 6251.0 3254.5 - 477 456 - 933 1332.0 2138.0  6 2831.8 2225.0 - 541 573 - 1114 661.0 1289.0  9 1565.1 1537.7 - 655 583 - 1238 595.0 1012.0  12 1384.7 1282.9 - 606 730 - 1336 427.0 895.0  161 M865 3 6389.0 3254.5 - 473 431 - 904 1343.0 2122.0  6 3163.5 2152.2 - 618 566 - 1184 878.0 1490.0  9 1894.6 1620.0 - 690 676 - 1366 735.0 1296.0  12 1527.3 1201.5 - 776 728 - 1504 683.0 1138.0  162 M865 3 6262.0 3254.5 - 467 437 - 904 1311.0 2066.0  163 M865 3 6262.0 3254.5 - 467 437 - 904 1311.0 2066.0  164 M865 3 6262.0 3254.5 - 467 437 - 904 1311.0 2066.0  165 M865 3 6262.0 3254.5 - 467 437 - 904 1311.0 2066.0  167 M865 3 6262.0 3254.5 - 467 437 - 904 1311.0 2066.0	192.802 809.08 2745.83 2036.37 192.802 809.08
160       M865       3       6251.0       3254.5       -       477       456       -       933       1332.0       2138.0         6       2831.8       2225.0       -       541       573       -       1114       661.0       1289.0         9       1565.1       1537.7       -       655       583       -       1238       595.0       1012.0         12       1384.7       1282.9       -       606       730       -       1336       427.0       895.0         161       M865       3       6389.0       3254.5       -       473       431       -       904       1343.0       2122.0         9       1894.6       1620.0       -       690       676       -       1366       735.0       1296.0         162       M865       3       6262.0       3254.5       -       467       437       -       904       1311.0       2066.0         162       M865       3       6262.0       3254.5       -       467       437       -       904       1311.0       2066.0         9       1894.6       1537.7       -       720       635       -       1183 </th <th>809.08 2745.83 2036.37 192.802 809.08</th>	809.08 2745.83 2036.37 192.802 809.08
160   160	809.08 2745.83 2036.37 192.802 809.08
6 2831.8 2225.0 - 541 573 - 1114 661.0 1289.0 9 1565.1 1537.7 - 655 583 - 1238 595.0 1012.0 12 1384.7 1282.9 - 606 730 - 1336 427.0 895.0 161 M865 3 6389.0 3254.5 - 473 431 - 904 1343.0 2122.0 9 1894.6 1620.0 - 690 676 - 1366 735.0 1296.0 12 1527.3 1201.5 - 776 728 - 1504 683.0 1138.0 162 M865 3 6262.0 3254.5 - 467 437 - 904 1311.0 2066.0	809.08 2745.83 2036.37 192.802 809.08
9 1565.1 1537.7 - 655 583 - 1238 595.0 1012.0  12 1384.7 1282.9 - 606 730 - 1336 427.0 895.0  161 M865 3 6389.0 3254.5 - 473 431 - 904 1343.0 2122.0  6 3163.5 2152.2 - 618 566 - 1184 878.0 1490.0  9 1894.6 1620.0 - 690 676 - 1366 735.0 1296.0  12 1527.3 1201.5 - 776 728 - 1504 683.0 1138.0  162 M865 3 6262.0 3254.5 - 467 437 - 904 1311.0 2066.0  6 3284.9 2022.7 - 613 570 - 1183 888.0 1494.0  9 1894.6 1537.7 - 720 635 - 1355 714.0 1241.0  12 1527.3 1262.6 - 761 735 - 1496 617.0 1133.0	2745.83 2036.37 192.802 809.08
9 1565.1 1537.7 - 655 583 - 1238 595.0 1012.0  12 1384.7 1282.9 - 606 730 - 1336 427.0 895.0  161 M865 3 6389.0 3254.5 - 473 431 - 904 1343.0 2122.0  6 3163.5 2152.2 - 618 566 - 1184 878.0 1490.0  9 1894.6 1620.0 - 690 676 - 1366 735.0 1296.0  12 1527.3 1201.5 - 776 728 - 1504 683.0 1138.0  162 M865 3 6262.0 3254.5 - 467 437 - 904 1311.0 2066.0  6 3284.9 2022.7 - 613 570 - 1183 888.0 1494.0  9 1894.6 1537.7 - 720 635 - 1355 714.0 1241.0  12 1527.3 1262.6 - 761 735 - 1496 617.0 1133.0	2745.83 2036.37 192.802 809.08
12 1384.7 1282.9 - 606 730 - 1336 427.0 895.0  161 M865 3 6389.0 3254.5 - 473 431 - 904 1343.0 2122.0  6 3163.5 2152.2 - 618 566 - 1184 878.0 1490.0  9 1894.6 1620.0 - 690 676 - 1366 735.0 1296.0  12 1527.3 1201.5 - 776 728 - 1504 683.0 1138.0  162 M865 3 6262.0 3254.5 - 467 437 - 904 1311.0 2066.0  6 3284.9 2022.7 - 613 570 - 1183 888.0 1494.0  9 1894.6 1537.7 - 720 635 - 1355 714.0 1241.0  12 1527.3 1262.6 - 761 735 - 1496 617.0 1133.0	2036.37 192.802 809.08
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161 M865 3 6389.0 3254.5 - 473 431 - 904 1343.0 2122.0 618 566 - 1184 878.0 1490.0 9 1894.6 1620.0 - 690 676 - 1366 735.0 1296.0 12 1527.3 1201.5 - 776 728 - 1504 683.0 1138.0 162 M865 3 6262.0 3254.5 - 467 437 - 904 1311.0 2066.0 6 3284.9 2022.7 - 613 570 - 1183 888.0 1494.0 9 1894.6 1537.7 - 720 635 - 1355 714.0 1241.0 12 1527.3 1262.6 - 761 735 - 1496 617.0 1133.0 155 M831 3 7775.9 2651.0 4100.0 656 369 429 1454 2380.3 4154.7	192.802 809.08
161 M865 3 6389.0 3254.5 - 473 431 - 904 1343.0 2122.0 618 566 - 1184 878.0 1490.0 9 1894.6 1620.0 - 690 676 - 1366 735.0 1296.0 12 1527.3 1201.5 - 776 728 - 1504 683.0 1138.0 162 M865 3 6262.0 3254.5 - 467 437 - 904 1311.0 2066.0 6 3284.9 2022.7 - 613 570 - 1183 888.0 1494.0 9 1894.6 1537.7 - 720 635 - 1355 714.0 1241.0 12 1527.3 1262.6 - 761 735 - 1496 617.0 1133.0 155 M831 3 7775.9 2651.0 4100.0 656 369 429 1454 2380.3 4154.7	192.802 809.08
161   M665   3   6393.0   3254.5   - 618   566   - 1184   878.0   1490.0     9   1894.6   1620.0   - 690   676   - 1366   735.0   1296.0     12   1527.3   1201.5   - 776   728   - 1504   683.0   1138.0     162   M865   3   6262.0   3254.5   - 467   437   - 904   1311.0   2066.0     6   3284.9   2022.7   - 613   570   - 1183   888.0   1494.0     9   1894.6   1537.7   - 720   635   - 1355   714.0   1241.0     12   1527.3   1262.6   - 761   735   - 1496   617.0   1133.0     155   M831   3   7775.9   2651.0   4100.0   656   369   429   1454   2380.3   4154.7	809.08
161 M665 3 639.8 524.5 7.6 7.6 728 - 1504 683.0 1138.0 162 M865 3 6262.0 3254.5 - 467 437 - 904 1311.0 2066.0 6 3284.9 2022.7 - 613 570 - 1183 888.0 1494.0 9 1894.6 1537.7 - 720 635 - 1355 714.0 1241.0 9 1894.6 1537.7 - 720 635 - 1355 714.0 1241.0 155 M831 3 7775.9 2651.0 4100.0 656 369 429 1454 2380.3 4154.7	809.08
6 3163.5 2152.2 - 618 566 - 1184 878.0 1490.0 9 1894.6 1620.0 - 690 676 - 1366 735.0 1296.0 12 1527.3 1201.5 - 776 728 - 1504 683.0 1138.0 162 M865 3 6262.0 3254.5 - 467 437 - 904 1311.0 2066.0 6 3284.9 2022.7 - 613 570 - 1183 888.0 1494.0 9 1894.6 1537.7 - 720 635 - 1355 714.0 1241.0 1241.0 125 M831 3 7775.9 2651.0 4100.0 656 369 429 1454 2380.3 4154.7	
9 1894.6 1620.0 - 690 676 - 1366 735.0 1296.0  12 1527.3 1201.5 - 776 728 - 1504 683.0 1138.0  162 M865 3 6262.0 3254.5 - 467 437 - 904 1311.0 2066.0  6 3284.9 2022.7 - 613 570 - 1183 888.0 1494.0  9 1894.6 1537.7 - 720 635 - 1355 714.0 1241.0  12 1527.3 1262.6 - 761 735 - 1496 617.0 1133.0	
9 1894.6 1620.0 - 690 676 - 1366 735.0 1296.0  12 1527.3 1201.5 - 776 728 - 1504 683.0 1138.0  162 M865 3 6262.0 3254.5 - 467 437 - 904 1311.0 2066.0  6 3284.9 2022.7 - 613 570 - 1183 888.0 1494.0  9 1894.6 1537.7 - 720 635 - 1355 714.0 1241.0  12 1527.3 1262.6 - 761 735 - 1496 617.0 1133.0	2745.83
12 1527.3 1201.5 - 776 728 - 1504 683.0 1138.0  162 M865 3 6262.0 3254.5 - 467 437 - 904 1311.0 2066.0  6 3284.9 2022.7 - 613 570 - 1183 888.0 1494.0  9 1894.6 1537.7 - 720 635 - 1355 714.0 1241.0  12 1527.3 1262.6 - 761 735 - 1496 617.0 1133.0	2745.83
12 1527.3 1201.5 - 776 728 - 1504 683.0 1138.0  162 M865 3 6262.0 3254.5 - 467 437 - 904 1311.0 2066.0  6 3284.9 2022.7 - 613 570 - 1183 888.0 1494.0  9 1894.6 1537.7 - 720 635 - 1355 714.0 1241.0  12 1527.3 1262.6 - 761 735 - 1496 617.0 1133.0	
162 M865 3 6262.0 3254.5 - 467 437 - 904 1311.0 2066.0 6 3284.9 2022.7 - 613 570 - 1183 888.0 1494.0 9 1894.6 1537.7 - 720 635 - 1355 714.0 1241.0 1241.0 125 M831 3 7775.9 2651.0 4100.0 656 369 429 1454 2380.3 4154.7	
162 M865 3 6262.0 3254.5 - 467 437 - 904 1311.0 2066.0 6 3284.9 2022.7 - 613 570 - 1183 888.0 1494.0 9 1894.6 1537.7 - 720 635 - 1355 714.0 1241.0 1241.0 125 M831 3 7775.9 2651.0 4100.0 656 369 429 1454 2380.3 4154.7	2036.37
102 M605 5 5256 5277 - 613 570 - 1183 888.0 1494.0 9 1894.6 1537.7 - 720 635 - 1355 714.0 1241.0 1241.0 125 M831 3 7775.9 2651.0 4100.0 656 369 429 1454 2380.3 4154.7	
102 M605 5 5256 5277 - 613 570 - 1183 888.0 1494.0 9 1894.6 1537.7 - 720 635 - 1355 714.0 1241.0 1241.0 125 M831 3 7775.9 2651.0 4100.0 656 369 429 1454 2380.3 4154.7	
6 3284.9 2022.7 - 613 570 - 1183 888.0 1494.0 9 1894.6 1537.7 - 720 635 - 1355 714.0 1241.0 12 1527.3 1262.6 - 761 735 - 1496 617.0 1133.0 155 M831 3 7775.9 2651.0 4100.0 656 369 429 1454 2380.3 4154.7	192.802
9 1894.6 1537.7 - 720 635 - 1355 714.0 1241.0 12 1527.3 1262.6 - 761 735 - 1496 617.0 1133.0 155 M831 3 7775.9 2651.0 4100.0 656 369 429 1454 2380.3 4154.7	
12 1527.3 1262.6 - 761 735 - 1496 617.0 1133.0 155 M831 3 7775.9 2651.0 4100.0 6561 369 429 1454 2380.3 4154.7	809.08
12 1527.3 1262.6 - 761 735 - 1496 617.0 1133.0 155 M831 3 7775.9 2651.0 4100.0 6561 369 429 1454 2380.3 4154.7	
155 M831 3 7775.9 2651.0 4100.0 6561 369 429 1454 2380.3 4154.7	2745.83
155 M831 3 7775.9 2651.0 4100.0 6561 369 429 1454 2380.3 4154.7	000605
130 Med 0 77780 2001 0	2036.37
130 Mac1 0 77700 40510 40510 40510 40510 40510	·- ·
130 Med 0 77765 2054	192.802
200.0	172.002
6 4045.4 2225.0 2831.8 758 589 401 1748 1451.6 3105.8	809.08
6 4045.4 2225.0 2831.8 758 589 401 1748 1451.6 3105.8	
9 2581.1 1537.7 2059.4 971 578 439 1988 1346.6 2554.0	2745.83
9 2301.1 1337.7 2037.2 37.1 57.0 23	
12 1893.8 1282.9 1547.6 129 717 393 2139 1003.9 2003.6	2036.37
12 1090.01 1202 131.01	
156 M831 3 7499.2 2651.0 4000.0 645 372 413 1430 2340.1 4182.1	192.802
100 1403	
6 4045.4 2427.2 2831.8 752 654 333 1739 1476.1 3103.0	809.08
9 2855.7 2059.4 2059.4 952 742 291 1985 1413.4 2758.2	2745.83
	2224.04
12 1893.8 1547.6 1669.8 135 857 250 2142 1048.6 2166.0	2036.37
20000	102 90
157 M831 3 8167.8 1808.5 5811.0 676 254 534 1464 2519.7 3809.0	192.80
6 3640.9 1618.2 2629.5 782 457 548 1787 1423.5 2927.8	809.0
6 3640.9 1618.2 2629.5 782 457 548 1787 1423.5 2927.8	509.00
9 2591 1 1016 0 2059 4 992 450 563 2005 1306.7 2414.8	2745.8
9 2581.1 1016.0 2059.4 992 450 563 2005 1306.7 2414.8	2 70.0
12 2158 6 1282 9 1669 8 132 730 446 2208 1071.5 2207.0	2036.3
12 2100.0 120.10 120.00	20000

shot	Round	mici	Pos P	Neg P1	Neg P2	A1	A2	A3	Atot	Peak	ABS	cal
	type		Pa	Pa	Pa	msec	msec	msec	msec	mPa-s	mPa-s	Pa/V
·												0/5.00
3	M724	1	909.8	3200.0	-	107	587	•	694	52.6	1646.0	365.39
			2057.2	1632.7		455	483		938	442.4	925.1	816.357
		6	2857.3	1032.7		433	400			112.12	72.1	
		9	1332.6	1243.8	-	509	544	-	1053	365.3	723.0	177.68
		12	1231.0	957.5		542	592	-	1134	281.6	586.7	854.877
4	M724	1	913.5	3197.2	_	123	577	-	700	57.0	1644.0	365.39
- 4	1017 24	- 1	910.0	0177.2		120						
		6	3061.3	1836.8	-	459	484	-	943	453.8	942.0	816.357
									1010	242.0	501.4	177 (0
		9	1332.6	1243.8	-	506	554	-	1060	362.8	731.4	177.68
		12	1293.5	1017.3		543	604	-	1147	301.3	627.2	854.877
		12	1250.0	1010	·							
6	M490	1						_				365.39
			<b>5004.0</b>	20/1 2		731	897		1628	1329.0	2575.0	816.357
		6	5306.3	3061.3	-	731	057		1028	1025.0	20,0.0	010.00.
		9	2785.3	1915.5	-	853	986	-	1839	1132.8	1990.8	177.68
		12	1658.5	1547.3	-	897	1084	-	1981	810.2	1629.3	854.877
	14400	1										365.39
7	M490	1							· · · · · · ·			
		6	5102.2	2857.3	-	727	1020	-	1747	1267.8	2523.0	816.357
											5004 5	177 (0
		9	3282.9	3000.0	-	839	980	-	1819	1236.7	2086.7	177.68
		12	1658.5	1547.3		906	1063		1969	779.2	1581.5	854.877
		12	1050.5	1547.0								
8	M490	1										365.39
				20/1.2		805	874		1679	1425.1	2776.0	816.357
ļ		6	5510.4	3061.3	-		0/4		10/9	1720.1	2570.0	010.007
		9	3260.6	2872.2	-	927	968	-	1895	1456.6	2330.6	177.68
		12	1658.5	1709.8	-	973	1076	-	2049	856.0	1745.0	854.877
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	type	1	Pa									
167	1		14	Pa	Pa	msec	msec	msec	msec	mPa-s	mPa-s	Pa/V
167				2470.4		104	146		350	111 5	304.3	854.877
}	M910	1	1607.2	2479.1	-	104	146		250	111.5	304.3	0.74.077
		6	817.2	760.5	-	168	188	-	356	61.0	148.1	809.08
	i	9	466.8	466.8	-	213	189	-	402	67.1	112.9	2745.83
											100 5	2024 27
		12	407.3	448.0	-	218	224		442	54.2	109.5	2036.37
168	M910	1	1043.0	1282.3	-	126	155	-	281	76.1	193.5	854.877
<del></del>	i											
		6	946.6	639.2	-	174	224		398	73.1	142.8	809.08
	<u>i</u>			466		-17	221	-	438	68.3	116.8	2745.83
		9	466.8	466.8		217	221	-	430	00.0	110.0	274020
		12	346.2	285.1	-	220	243	-	463	43.2	78.1	2036.37
						i						
169	M910	1	1205.4	1521.7	-	119		-	272	88.8	227.0	854.877
			005.0	(20.2		<u> </u>	196		367	68.3	138.7	809.08
		6	825.3	639.2	-	171	150	-	307	00.5	130.7	003.00
		9	411.8	411.8	-	219	192	-	411	62.7	101.1	2745.83
							:					
		12	407.3	346.2	-	210	239	-	449	47.5	93.1	2036.37
184	M793	1	1444.7	957.5	1521 <i>.7</i>	179	113	141	433	159.3	383.0	854.877
104	1417 93	1	1777./	757.5	10213	1						
		6	881.9	493.5	744.4	270	170	119	559	102.1	216.7	809.08
												2745.00
		9	604.1	411.9	549.2	289	209	114	612	94.8	19.3	2745.83
<u>-</u> -		12	427.6	346.2	386.9	330	1 228	102	660	81.2	155.9	2036.37
		12	427.0	540.2	300.5	1 000		102				
185	M793	1	1607.2	1196.8	2000.4	164	101	139	404	167.9	435.0	854.877
				102.5		240	1 157	126	537	7 111.5	236.7	809.08
ļ <del></del>		6	995.2	493.5	776.7	249	152	136	35/	1112	230.7	007.00
-		9	631.5	439.3	631.5	291	193	3 126	610	104.5	213.1	2745.83
	-	<u> </u>	552.5							T		
		12	407.3	285.1	448.0	337	182	119	638	85.8	153.8	2036.37
							1	<u> </u>	ļ	<del> </del>	-	
<b> </b>			ļ			-	<u> </u>	-		-	-	
186	M793	1	1444.7	957.5	1598.6	176	117	7 140	433	3 156.6	382.5	854.877
100	1417 93	<del>                                     </del>	1222./	1	1223.	1		1				
<del>                                     </del>		6	1027.5	493.5	776.3	7 258	3 180	121	559	108.3	3 238.0	809.08
											2 2202	2745.02
<b></b>		9	659.0	439.3	631.	282	21 218	118	618	8 99.	3 210.3	2745.83
<del> </del>		12	488.7	7 325.8	3 427.0	5 319	23	1 106	65	6 85.0	0 165.4	2036.37

Nype   Pa   Pa   Pa   Pa   Pa   msec   msec   msec   mPa   mPa   mPa   Pa/V	shot	Round	mic	Pos P	Neg P1	Neg P2	A1	A2	A3	Atot	Peak	ABS	cal
1   3151.0   -5210.0   - 334   339   - 733   646.7   1791.3   686.49     6   2287.0   -1827.0   - 518   549   - 1067   512.5   1022.7   730.78     12   1088.0   -996.5   - 669   648   - 1317   390.7   731.0   257.43     48   M865   3   6374.2   -3871.7   - 456   443   - 899   1369.6   2307.2   188.79     6   2375.0   -1739.3   - 590   533   - 1123   643.9   1106.4   730.78     9   1459.2   -1352.6   - 627   631   - 1258   494.0   919.5   333.15     12   1145.0   -1088.0   - 689   670   - 1359   439.4   796.4   257.43     49   M865   3   5800.7   -4014.0   - 408   406   - 814   1253.7   2106.7   188.79     6   2097.3   -1739.3   - 524   516   - 1040   503.2   963.1   730.78     9   1421.2   -1352.6   - 581   598   - 1179   437.0   837.3   333.15     12   119.5   -1063.2   - 651   643   - 1297   396.4   750.0   257.43     53   M831   3   11425.0   -4220.0   -5424.0   601   397   391   1389   3239.0   5637.8   188.79     19   2082.2   -1459.2   -1665.8   928   669   385   1982   1050.2   2155.0   333.15     54   M831   3   602.4   -2441.9   -4195.0   666   476   335   1480   1877.5   3439.7   188.79     54   M831   3   602.4   -2441.9   -4195.0   666   476   335   1480   1877.5   3439.7   188.79     55   M831   3   10428.0   -745.0   -1352.0   991   513   638   2142   911.8   1717.5   257.43     55   M831   3   10428.0   -745.0   -1352.0   991   513   638   2142   911.8   1717.5   257.43     55   M831   3   10428.0   -745.0   -1352.0   991   513   638   2142   911.8   1717.5   257.43     55   M831   3   10428.0   -745.0   -1352.0   991   513   638   2142   911.8   1717.5   257.43     55   M831   3   10428.0   -4020.1   -6881.1   639   426   373   1436   311.6   5440.4   188.79     56   2828.1   -2104.6   -2104.6   782   657   290   1729   1239.5   2469.1   730.78     57   48   49   49   49   49   49   49   49				Pa		Pa	msec	msec	msec	msec	mPa-s	mPa-s	Pa/V
1   3151.0   -5210.0   - 334   339   - 733   646.7   1791.3   686.49     6   2287.0   -1827.0   - 518   549   - 1067   512.5   1022.7   730.78     12   1088.0   -996.5   - 669   648   - 1317   390.7   731.0   257.43     48   M865   3   6374.2   -3871.7   - 456   443   - 899   1369.6   2307.2   188.79     6   2375.0   -1739.3   - 590   533   - 1123   643.9   1106.4   730.78     9   1459.2   -1352.6   - 627   631   - 1258   494.0   919.5   333.15     12   1145.0   -1088.0   - 689   670   - 1359   439.4   796.4   257.43     49   M865   3   5800.7   -4014.0   - 408   406   - 814   1253.7   2106.7   188.79     49   M865   3   5800.7   -4014.0   - 408   406   - 814   1253.7   2106.7   188.79     6   2097.3   -1739.3   - 524   516   - 1040   503.2   963.1   730.78     9   1421.2   -1352.6   - 381   598   - 1179   437.0   837.3   333.15     12   119.5   -1063.2   - 651   643   - 1297   396.4   750.0   257.43     53   M831   3   11425.0   -4220.0   5424.0   601   397   391   1389   3239.0   5637.8   188.79     1   9   2082.2   -1459.2   -1665.8   928   669   385   1982   1050.2   2155.0   333.15     1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1													
1   3151.0   -5210.0   - 334   339   - 733   646.7   1791.3   686.49     6   2287.0   -1827.0   - 518   549   - 1067   512.5   1022.7   730.78     12   1088.0   -996.5   - 669   648   - 1317   390.7   731.0   257.43     48   M865   3   6374.2   -3871.7   - 456   443   - 899   1369.6   2307.2   188.79     6   2375.0   -1739.3   - 590   533   - 1123   643.9   1106.4   730.78     9   1459.2   -1352.6   - 627   631   - 1258   494.0   919.5   333.15     12   1145.0   -1088.0   - 689   670   - 1359   439.4   796.4   257.43     49   M865   3   5800.7   -4014.0   - 408   406   - 814   1253.7   2106.7   188.79     49   M865   3   5800.7   -4014.0   - 408   406   - 814   1253.7   2106.7   188.79     6   2097.3   -1739.3   - 524   516   - 1040   503.2   963.1   730.78     9   1421.2   -1352.6   - 381   598   - 1179   437.0   837.3   333.15     12   119.5   -1063.2   - 651   643   - 1297   396.4   750.0   257.43     53   M831   3   11425.0   -4220.0   5424.0   601   397   391   1389   3239.0   5637.8   188.79     1   9   2082.2   -1459.2   -1665.8   928   669   385   1982   1050.2   2155.0   333.15     1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1													202.27
6 2287.0 -1827.0 - 518 549 - 1067 512.5 10227 730.78  112 1088.0 -996.5 - 669 648 - 1317 390.7 731.0 257.43  48 M865 3 6374.2 -3871.7 - 456 443 - 899 1369.6 2307.2 188.79  9 1459.2 -1352.6 - 627 631 - 1258 494.0 919.5 333.15  12 1145.0 -1088.0 - 689 670 - 1359 439.4 796.4 257.43  49 M865 3 5500.7 4014.0 - 408 406 - 814 1253.7 2106.7 188.79  6 2097.3 -1799.3 - 524 516 - 1040 503.2 963.1 730.78  9 1421.2 -1352.6 - 581 598 - 1179 437.0 837.3 333.15  12 1109.5 -1063.2 - 651 643 - 1297 396.4 750.0 257.43  53 M831 3 11425.0 -4220.0 -5424.0 601 397 391 1389 3239.0 5637.8 188.79  6 2828.1 -1651.6 -2104.6 803 558 413 1774 1241.6 2489.0 730.78  54 M831 3 6022.4 -2441.9 4195.0 666 476 335 1480 187.5 3439.7 188.79  9 2185.5 -1146.0 -1769.0 947 563 531 2041 1054.8 2092.3 333.15  12 1987.0 -745.0 -1352.0 991 513 638 2142 91.8 1717.5 257.43  55 M831 3 1042.0 -402.01 -6881.1 699 426 373 1438 3116.2 5440.4 188.79  6 2828.1 -1556.6 -2104.6 805 554 447 1806 1219.0 2377.4 730.78  9 2185.5 -1146.0 -1769.0 947 563 531 2041 1054.8 2092.3 333.15  12 1987.0 -745.0 -1352.0 991 513 638 2142 91.8 171.75 257.43  55 M831 3 1042.0 -402.01 -6881.1 699 426 373 1438 3116.2 5440.4 188.79  6 2828.1 -2104.6 -2104.6 782 657 290 1729 1239.5 2469.1 730.78  6 2828.1 -2104.6 -2104.6 782 657 290 1729 1239.5 2469.1 730.78	47	M865	1										202.27
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12 1088.0 996.5 669 648 1317 390.7 731.0 257.43  48 M865 3 63742 -3871.7 - 456 443 - 899 1369.6 2307.2 188.79  6 2275.0 -1739.3 - 590 533 - 1123 643.9 1106.4 730.78  9 1459.2 -1352.6 - 627 631 - 1258 494.0 919.5 333.15  12 1145.0 -1088.0 - 669 670 - 1359 439.4 796.4 257.43  49 M865 3 5800.7 4014.0 - 408 406 - 814 1253.7 2106.7 188.79  6 2097.3 -1739.3 - 524 516 - 1040 503.2 963.1 730.78  9 1421.2 -1352.6 - 581 598 - 1179 437.0 837.3 333.15  12 1109.5 -1063.2 - 651 643 - 1297 396.4 750.0 257.43  53 M831 3 11425.0 4220.0 -5424.0 601 397 391 1389 3239.0 5637.8 188.79  6 2828.1 -1651.6 -2104.6 803 558 413 1774 1241.6 2489.0 730.78  12 1800.0 -1194.0 -1387.0 1005 748 367 2120 925.5 1803.0 257.43  54 M831 3 6022.4 -2441.9 4195.0 666 476 335 1480 1877.5 3439.7 188.79  9 2185.5 -1146.0 -1769.0 947 563 531 2041 1054.8 2092.3 333.15  12 1987.0 -745.0 -1352.0 991 513 638 2142 911.8 1717.5 257.43  55 M831 3 10428.0 4020.1 -6881.1 639 426 373 1438 3116.2 5440.4 188.79  6 2828.1 -2104.6 -2104.6 803 554 447 1806 1219.0 2377.4 730.78  12 1987.0 -745.0 -1352.0 991 513 638 2142 911.8 1717.5 257.43  55 M831 3 10428.0 4020.1 -6881.1 639 426 373 1438 3116.2 5440.4 188.79  6 2828.1 -2104.6 -2104.6 782 657 290 1729 1239.5 2469.1 730.78				3131.0	-5210.0		001						
12   1088.0   -996.5   - 669   648   - 1317   390.7   731.0   257.43     48   M865   3   6374.2   -3871.7   - 456   443   - 889   1369.6   2307.2   188.79     6   2375.0   -1739.3   - 590   533   - 1123   643.9   1106.4   730.78     9   1459.2   -1352.6   - 627   631   - 1258   494.0   919.5   333.15     12   1145.0   -1088.0   - 689   670   - 1359   439.4   796.4   257.43     49   M865   3   5800.7   -4014.0   - 408   406   - 814   1253.7   2106.7   188.79     6   2097.3   -1739.3   - 524   516   - 1040   503.2   963.1   730.78     9   1421.2   -1352.6   - 581   598   - 1179   437.0   837.3   333.15     12   1109.5   -1063.2   - 651   643   - 1297   396.4   750.0   257.43     53   M831   3   11425.0   -4220.0   -5424.0   601   397   391   1389   3239.0   5637.8   188.79     9   2082.2   -1459.2   -1665.8   928   669   385   1982   1050.2   2155.0   333.15     12   1800.0   -1194.0   -1387.0   1005   748   367   2120   925.5   1803.0   257.43     54   M831   3   6022.4   -2441.9   -4195.0   666   476   335   1480   187.5   3439.7   188.79     9   2185.5   -1146.0   -1769.0   947   563   531   2041   1054.8   2092.3   333.15     12   1967.0   -745.0   -1352.0   991   513   638   2142   911.8   1717.5   257.43     55   M831   3   10428.0   -4020.1   -6881.1   639   426   373   1438   3116.2   5440.4   188.79     6   2828.1   -2104.6   -2104.6   782   657   290   1729   1239.5   2469.1   730.78     9   2248.8   -1709.1   -1709.1   932   738   284   1954   1026.4   2147.4   333.15     9   2248.8   -1709.1   -1709.1   932   738   284   1954   1026.4   2147.4   333.15     9   2248.8   -1709.1   -1709.1   932   738   284   1954   1026.4   2147.4   333.15     9   2248.8   -1709.1   -1709.1   932   738   284   1954   1026.4   2147.4   333.15     9   2248.8   -1709.1   -1709.1   932   738   284   1954   1026.4   2147.4   333.15			6	2287.0	-1827.0	-	518	549	-	1067	512.5	1022.7	730.78
48 M865 3 6374.2 -3871.7 - 456 443 - 899 1369.6 2307.2 188.79  6 2375.0 -1739.3 - 590 533 - 1123 643.9 1106.4 730.78  9 1459.2 -1352.6 - 627 631 - 1258 494.0 919.5 333.15  12 1145.0 -1088.0 - 689 670 - 1359 439.4 796.4 257.43  49 M865 3 580.7 -4014.0 - 408 406 - 814 1253.7 2106.7 188.79  6 2097.3 -1739.3 - 524 516 - 1040 503.2 963.1 730.78  9 1421.2 -1352.6 - 581 598 - 1179 437.0 837.3 333.15  12 1109.5 -1063.2 - 651 643 - 1297 396.4 750.0 257.43  53 M831 3 11425.0 -4220.0 -5424.0 601 397 391 1389 3239.0 5637.8 188.79  6 2828.1 -1651.6 -2104.6 803 558 413 1774 1241.6 2489.0 730.78  5 M831 3 6022.4 -2441.9 -4195.0 666 476 335 1480 1875.5 3439.7 188.79  6 2828.1 -1556.6 -2104.6 805 554 447 1806 1219.0 2377.4 730.78  5 M831 3 10428.0 -4020.1 -6881.1 639 426 373 1438 3116.2 5440.4 188.79  6 2828.1 -1556.6 -2104.6 805 554 447 1806 1219.0 2377.4 730.78  11 1967.0 -745.0 -1352.0 991 513 638 2142 911.8 1717.5 257.43  5 M831 3 10428.0 -4020.1 -6881.1 639 426 373 1438 3116.2 5440.4 188.79  6 2828.1 -2104.6 -2104.6 782 657 290 1729 1239.5 2469.1 730.78													1
12   1145.0   -1088.0   -1089.0			12	1088.0	-996.5	-	669	648	•	1317	390.7	731.0	257.43
6 2375.0							17.	443		900	1260.6	2207.2	188 70
9 1459.2 -1352.6 - 627 631 - 1258 494.0 919.5 333.15  12 1145.0 -1088.0 - 689 670 - 1359 439.4 796.4 257.43  49 M865 3 5800.7 -4014.0 - 408 406 - 814 1253.7 2106.7 188.79  6 2097.3 -1739.3 - 524 516 - 1040 503.2 963.1 730.78  9 1421.2 -1352.6 - 581 598 - 1179 437.0 837.3 333.15  12 1109.5 -1063.2 - 651 643 - 1297 396.4 750.0 257.43  53 M831 3 11425.0 -4220.0 -5424.0 601 397 391 1389 3239.0 5637.8 188.79  6 2828.1 -1651.6 -2104.6 803 558 413 1774 1241.6 2489.0 730.78  9 2082.2 -1459.2 -1665.8 928 669 385 1982 1050.2 2155.0 333.15  12 1800.0 -1194.0 -1387.0 1005 748 367 2120 925.5 1803.0 257.43  54 M831 3 6022.4 -2441.9 -4195.0 666 476 335 1480 1877.5 3439.7 188.79  6 2828.1 -1556.6 -2104.6 805 554 447 1806 1219.0 2377.4 730.78  9 2185.5 -1146.0 -1769.0 947 563 531 2041 1054.8 2092.3 333.15  12 1987.0 -745.0 -1352.0 991 513 638 2142 911.8 1717.5 257.43  55 M831 3 10428.0 -4020.1 -6881.1 639 426 373 1438 3116.2 5440.4 188.79  9 2248.8 -1709.1 -1709.1 992 738 284 1954 1026.4 2147.4 333.15	48	M865	3	6374.2	-38/1.7	-	456	443		699	1309.0	2507.2	100.75
9 1459.2 -1352.6 - 627 631 - 1258 494.0 919.5 333.15  12 1145.0 -1088.0 - 669 670 - 1359 439.4 796.4 257.43  49 M865 3 5800.7 -4014.0 - 408 406 - 814 1253.7 2106.7 188.79  6 2097.3 -1739.3 - 524 516 - 1040 503.2 963.1 730.78  9 1421.2 -1352.6 - 581 598 - 1179 437.0 837.3 333.15  12 1109.5 -1063.2 - 651 643 - 1297 396.4 750.0 257.43  53 M831 3 11425.0 -4220.0 -5424.0 601 397 391 1389 3239.0 5637.8 188.79  6 2828.1 -1651.6 -2104.6 803 558 413 1774 1241.6 2489.0 730.78  9 2082.2 -1459.2 -1665.8 928 669 385 1982 1050.2 2155.0 333.15  12 1800.0 -1194.0 -1387.0 1005 748 367 2120 925.5 1803.0 257.43  54 M831 3 6022.4 -2441.9 -4195.0 666 476 335 1480 1877.5 3439.7 188.79  9 2185.5 -1146.0 -1769.0 947 563 531 2041 1054.8 2092.3 333.15  12 1987.0 -745.0 -1352.0 991 513 638 2142 911.8 1717.5 257.43  55 M831 3 10428.0 -4020.1 -6881.1 639 426 373 1438 3116.2 5440.4 188.79  9 2248.8 -1709.1 -1709.1 932 738 284 1954 1026.4 2147.4 333.15		-	6	2375.0	-1739.3		590	533	_	1123	643.9	1106.4	730.78
12 1145.0 -1088.0 - 689 670 - 1359 439.4 796.4 257.43  49 M865 3 5800.7 4014.0 - 408 406 - 814 1253.7 2106.7 188.79  6 2097.3 -1739.3 - 524 516 - 1040 503.2 963.1 730.78  9 1421.2 -1352.6 - 581 598 - 1179 437.0 837.3 333.15  12 1109.5 -1063.2 - 651 643 - 1297 396.4 750.0 257.43  53 M831 3 11425.0 -4220.0 -5424.0 601 397 391 1389 3239.0 5637.8 188.79  6 2828.1 -1651.6 -2104.6 803 558 413 1774 1241.6 2489.0 730.78  9 2082.2 -1459.2 -1665.8 928 669 385 1982 1050.2 2155.0 333.15  12 1800.0 -1194.0 -1387.0 1005 748 367 2120 925.5 1803.0 257.43  54 M831 3 6022.4 -2441.9 4195.0 666 476 335 1480 1877.5 3439.7 188.79  6 2828.1 -1556.6 -2104.6 803 554 447 1806 1219.0 2377.4 730.78  9 2185.5 -1146.0 -1769.0 947 563 531 2041 1054.8 2092.3 333.15  55 M831 3 10428.0 -4020.1 6881.1 639 426 373 1438 3116.2 5440.4 188.79  9 2248.8 -1709.1 -1709.1 932 738 284 1954 1026.4 2147.4 333.15	$\vdash \vdash$	-											
49 M865 3 5800.7 4014.0 - 408 406 - 814 1253.7 2106.7 188.79  6 2097.3 -1739.3 - 524 516 - 1040 503.2 963.1 730.78  9 1421.2 -1352.6 - 581 598 - 1179 437.0 837.3 333.15  12 1109.5 -1063.2 - 651 643 - 1297 396.4 750.0 257.43  53 M831 3 11425.0 4220.0 -5424.0 601 397 391 1389 3239.0 5637.8 188.79  6 2828.1 -1651.6 -2104.6 803 558 413 1774 1241.6 2489.0 730.78  9 2082.2 -1459.2 -1665.8 928 669 385 1982 1050.2 2155.0 333.15  12 1800.0 -1194.0 -1387.0 1005 748 367 2120 925.5 1803.0 257.43  54 M831 3 6022.4 -2441.9 -4195.0 666 476 335 1480 1877.5 3439.7 188.79  6 2828.1 -1556.6 -2104.6 805 554 447 1806 1219.0 2377.4 730.78  9 2185.5 -1146.0 -1769.0 947 563 331 2041 1054.8 2092.3 333.15  12 1987.0 -745.0 -1352.0 991 513 638 2142 911.8 1717.5 257.43  55 M831 3 10428.0 -4020.1 -6881.1 639 426 373 1438 3116.2 5440.4 188.79  9 2248.8 -1709.1 -1709.1 932 738 284 1954 1026.4 2147.4 333.15			9	1459.2	-1352.6	-	627	631	-	1258	494.0	919.5	333.15
M865   3   5800.7   4014.0   -   408   406   -   814   1253.7   2106.7   188.79												<b>50</b> 00 4	207.42
12   1800.0   -1194.0   -1387.0   1005   748   367   2120   925.5   1803.0   257.43   12   180.0   -1194.0   -1387.0   1005   748   367   2120   925.5   1803.0   257.43   12   180.0   -1194.0   -1387.0   1005   748   367   2120   925.5   1803.0   257.43   12   180.0   -1194.0   -1387.0   1005   748   367   2120   925.5   1803.0   257.43   12   180.0   -1194.0   -1387.0   1005   748   367   2120   925.5   1803.0   257.43   12   180.0   -1194.0   -1387.0   1005   748   367   2120   925.5   1803.0   257.43   183.79   183			12	1145.0	-1088.0		689	670	-	1359	439.4	796.4	257.43
12   1800.0   -1194.0   -1387.0   1005   748   367   2120   925.5   1803.0   257.43   12   180.0   -1194.0   -1387.0   1005   748   367   2120   925.5   1803.0   257.43   12   1967.0   -745.0   -1352.0   991   513   638   2142   911.8   1717.5   257.43   199   2248.8   -1709.1   -1709.1   992   738   284   1954   1026.4   2147.4   333.15   199   2248.8   -1709.1   -1709.1   992   738   284   1954   1026.4   2147.4   333.15   188.79   188.79   190   2248.8   -1709.1   -1709.1   992   738   284   1954   1026.4   2147.4   333.15   199   2248.8   -1709.1   -1709.1   992   738   284   1954   1026.4   2147.4   333.15   199   2248.8   -1709.1   -1709.1   992   738   284   1954   1026.4   2147.4   333.15   199   2248.8   -1709.1   -1709.1   992   738   284   1954   1026.4   2147.4   333.15   199   2248.8   -1709.1   -1709.1   992   738   284   1954   1026.4   2147.4   333.15   199   2248.8   -1709.1   -1709.1   992   738   284   1954   1026.4   2147.4   333.15   199   2248.8   -1709.1   -1709.1   992   738   284   1954   1026.4   2147.4   333.15   199   2248.8   -1709.1   -1709.1   992   738   284   1954   1026.4   2147.4   333.15   199   2248.8   -1709.1   -1709.1   992   738   284   1954   1026.4   2147.4   333.15   199   2248.8   -1709.1   -1709.1   992   738   284   1954   1026.4   2147.4   333.15   199   2248.8   -1709.1   -1709.1   992   738   284   1954   1026.4   2147.4   333.15   199   2248.8   -1709.1   -1709.1   992   738   284   1954   1026.4   2147.4   333.15   199   2248.8   -1709.1   -1709.1   992   738   284   1954   1026.4   2147.4   333.15   199   2248.8   -1709.1   -1709.1   992   738   284   1954   1026.4   2147.4   333.15   199   2248.8   -1709.1   -1709.1   992   738   284   1954   1026.4   2147.4   333.15   199   2248.8   -1709.1   -1709.1   992   738   284   1954   1026.4   2147.4   333.15   199   2248.8   -1709.1   -1709.1   992   738   284   1954   1026.4   2147.4   333.15   199   2148   -1709.1   -1709.1   992   738   284   1954   1026.4   2147.4   333.15   1026   2147   2147   2147   2141.						.,	400	406		91.4	1253 7	2106.7	188 70
9 1421.2 -1352.6 - 581 598 - 1179 437.0 837.3 333.15  12 1109.5 -1063.2 - 651 643 - 1297 396.4 750.0 257.43  53 M831 3 11425.0 4220.0 -5424.0 601 397 391 1389 3239.0 5637.8 188.79  6 2828.1 -1651.6 -2104.6 803 558 413 1774 1241.6 2489.0 730.78  9 2082.2 -1459.2 -1665.8 928 669 385 1982 1050.2 2155.0 333.15  12 1800.0 -1194.0 -1387.0 1005 748 367 2120 925.5 1803.0 257.43  54 M831 3 6022.4 -2441.9 4195.0 666 476 335 1480 1877.5 3439.7 188.79  6 2828.1 -1556.6 -2104.6 805 554 447 1806 1219.0 2377.4 730.78  9 2185.5 -1146.0 -1769.0 947 563 531 2041 1054.8 2092.3 333.15  12 1987.0 -745.0 -1352.0 991 513 638 2142 911.8 1717.5 257.43  55 M831 3 10428.0 -4020.1 -6881.1 639 426 373 1438 3116.2 5440.4 188.79  9 2248.8 -1709.1 -1709.1 932 738 284 1954 1026.4 2147.4 333.15	49	M865	3	5800.7	-4014.0		408	406	-	014	123.7	2100.7	100.75
9 1421.2 -1352.6 - 581 598 - 1179 437.0 837.3 333.15  12 1109.5 -1063.2 - 651 643 - 1297 396.4 750.0 257.43  53 M831 3 11425.0 4220.0 -5424.0 601 397 391 1389 3239.0 5637.8 188.79  6 2828.1 -1651.6 -2104.6 803 558 413 1774 1241.6 2489.0 730.78  9 2082.2 -1459.2 -1665.8 928 669 385 1982 1050.2 2155.0 333.15  12 1800.0 -1194.0 -1387.0 1005 748 367 2120 925.5 1803.0 257.43  54 M831 3 6022.4 -2441.9 4195.0 666 476 335 1480 1877.5 3439.7 188.79  6 2828.1 -1556.6 -2104.6 805 554 447 1806 1219.0 2377.4 730.78  9 2185.5 -1146.0 -1769.0 947 563 531 2041 1054.8 2092.3 333.15  12 1987.0 -745.0 -1352.0 991 513 638 2142 911.8 1717.5 257.43  55 M831 3 10428.0 -4020.1 -6881.1 639 426 373 1438 3116.2 5440.4 188.79  9 2248.8 -1709.1 -1709.1 932 738 284 1954 1026.4 2147.4 333.15			4	2007.21	1730 3		574	516	-	1040	503.2	963.1	730.78
12 1109.5 -1063.2 - 651 643 - 1297 396.4 750.0 257.43  53 M831 3 11425.0 -4220.0 -5424.0 601 397 391 1389 3239.0 5637.8 188.79  6 2828.1 -1651.6 -2104.6 803 558 413 1774 1241.6 2489.0 730.78  9 2082.2 -1459.2 -1665.8 928 669 385 1982 1050.2 2155.0 333.15  12 1800.0 -1194.0 -1387.0 1005 748 367 2120 925.5 1803.0 257.43  54 M831 3 6022.4 -2441.9 -4195.0 666 476 335 1480 1877.5 3439.7 188.79  6 2828.1 -1556.6 -2104.6 805 554 447 1806 1219.0 2377.4 730.78  9 2185.5 -1146.0 -1769.0 947 563 531 2041 1054.8 2092.3 333.15  12 1987.0 -745.0 -1352.0 991 513 638 2142 911.8 1717.5 257.43  55 M831 3 10428.0 -4020.1 -6881.1 639 426 373 1438 3116.2 5440.4 188.79  6 2828.1 -2104.6 -2104.6 782 657 290 1729 1239.5 2469.1 730.78  9 2248.8 -1709.1 -1709.1 932 738 284 1954 1026.4 2147.4 333.15	<u></u>		- 6	2057.3	-17.59.5		221						
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53 M831 3 11425.0	<u> </u>												
6 2828.1 -1651.6 -2104.6 803 558 413 1774 1241.6 2489.0 730.78  9 2082.2 -1459.2 -1665.8 928 669 385 1982 1050.2 2155.0 333.15  12 1800.0 -1194.0 -1387.0 1005 748 367 2120 925.5 1803.0 257.43  54 M831 3 6022.4 -2441.9 -4195.0 666 476 335 1480 1877.5 3439.7 188.79  6 2828.1 -1556.6 -2104.6 805 554 447 1806 1219.0 2377.4 730.78  9 2185.5 -1146.0 -1769.0 947 563 531 2041 1054.8 2092.3 333.15  12 1987.0 -745.0 -1352.0 991 513 638 2142 911.8 1717.5 257.43  55 M831 3 10428.0 -4020.1 -6881.1 639 426 373 1438 3116.2 5440.4 188.79  6 2828.1 -2104.6 -2104.6 782 657 290 1729 1239.5 2469.1 730.78	<u></u>		12	1109.5	-1063.2	•	651	643	-	1297	<del>396.4</del>	750.0	257.43
6 2828.1 -1651.6 -2104.6 803 558 413 1774 1241.6 2489.0 730.78  9 2082.2 -1459.2 -1665.8 928 669 385 1982 1050.2 2155.0 333.15  12 1800.0 -1194.0 -1387.0 1005 748 367 2120 925.5 1803.0 257.43  54 M831 3 6022.4 -2441.9 -4195.0 666 476 335 1480 1877.5 3439.7 188.79  6 2828.1 -1556.6 -2104.6 805 554 447 1806 1219.0 2377.4 730.78  9 2185.5 -1146.0 -1769.0 947 563 531 2041 1054.8 2092.3 333.15  12 1987.0 -745.0 -1352.0 991 513 638 2142 911.8 1717.5 257.43  55 M831 3 10428.0 -4020.1 -6881.1 639 426 373 1438 3116.2 5440.4 188.79  6 2828.1 -2104.6 -2104.6 782 657 290 1729 1239.5 2469.1 730.78										1000	2220.0	E(27 0	100 70
9 2082.2 -1459.2 -1665.8 928 669 385 1982 1050.2 2155.0 333.15  12 1800.0 -1194.0 -1387.0 1005 748 367 2120 925.5 1803.0 257.43  54 M831 3 6022.4 -2441.9 -4195.0 666 476 335 1480 1877.5 3439.7 188.79  6 2828.1 -1556.6 -2104.6 805 554 447 1806 1219.0 2377.4 730.78  9 2185.5 -1146.0 -1769.0 947 563 531 2041 1054.8 2092.3 333.15  12 1987.0 -745.0 -1352.0 991 513 638 2142 911.8 1717.5 257.43  55 M831 3 10428.0 -4020.1 -6881.1 639 426 373 1438 3116.2 5440.4 188.79  6 2828.1 -2104.6 -2104.6 782 657 290 1729 1239.5 2469.1 730.78	53	M831	3	11425.0	-4220.0	-5424.0	601	397	391	1389	3239.0	5637.8	100.79
9 2082.2 -1459.2 -1665.8 928 669 385 1982 1050.2 2155.0 333.15  12 1800.0 -1194.0 -1387.0 1005 748 367 2120 925.5 1803.0 257.43  54 M831 3 6022.4 -2441.9 -4195.0 666 476 335 1480 1877.5 3439.7 188.79  6 2828.1 -1556.6 -2104.6 805 554 447 1806 1219.0 2377.4 730.78  9 2185.5 -1146.0 -1769.0 947 563 531 2041 1054.8 2092.3 333.15  12 1987.0 -745.0 -1352.0 991 513 638 2142 911.8 1717.5 257.43  55 M831 3 10428.0 -4020.1 -6881.1 639 426 373 1438 3116.2 5440.4 188.79  6 2828.1 -2104.6 -2104.6 782 657 290 1729 1239.5 2469.1 730.78				2029.1	-1651.6	-2104.6	803	558	413	1774	1241.6	2489.0	730.78
12 1800.0 -1194.0 -1387.0 1005 748 367 2120 925.5 1803.0 257.43  54 M831 3 6022.4 -2441.9 -4195.0 666 476 335 1480 1877.5 3439.7 188.79  6 2828.1 -1556.6 -2104.6 805 554 447 1806 1219.0 2377.4 730.78  9 2185.5 -1146.0 -1769.0 947 563 531 2041 1054.8 2092.3 333.15  12 1987.0 -745.0 -1352.0 991 513 638 2142 911.8 1717.5 257.43  55 M831 3 10428.0 -4020.1 -6881.1 639 426 373 1438 3116.2 5440.4 188.79  6 2828.1 -2104.6 -2104.6 782 657 290 1729 1239.5 2469.1 730.78			8	2020.1	-1031.0	-2104.0	000	500	110				
54 M831       3 6022.4       -2441.9       -4195.0       666       476       335       1480       1877.5       3439.7       188.79         6 2828.1       -1556.6       -2104.6       805       554       447       1806       1219.0       2377.4       730.78         9 2185.5       -1146.0       -1769.0       947       563       531       2041       1054.8       2092.3       333.15         12 1987.0       -745.0       -1352.0       991       513       638       2142       911.8       1717.5       257.43         55 M831       3 10428.0       -4020.1       -6881.1       639       426       373       1438       3116.2       5440.4       188.79         6 2828.1       -2104.6       -2104.6       782       657       290       1729       1239.5       2469.1       730.78         9 2248.8       -1709.1       -1709.1       932       738       284       1954       1026.4       2147.4       333.15			9	2082.2	-1459.2	-1665.8	928	669	385	1982	1050.2	2155.0	333.15
54 M831       3 6022.4       -2441.9       -4195.0       666       476       335       1480       1877.5       3439.7       188.79         6 2828.1       -1556.6       -2104.6       805       554       447       1806       1219.0       2377.4       730.78         9 2185.5       -1146.0       -1769.0       947       563       531       2041       1054.8       2092.3       333.15         12 1987.0       -745.0       -1352.0       991       513       638       2142       911.8       1717.5       257.43         55 M831       3 10428.0       -4020.1       -6881.1       639       426       373       1438       3116.2       5440.4       188.79         6 2828.1       -2104.6       -2104.6       782       657       290       1729       1239.5       2469.1       730.78         9 2248.8       -1709.1       -1709.1       932       738       284       1954       1026.4       2147.4       333.15												1000.0	000 40
34 M831       3       00224       23715       12585       00021       1219.0       2377.4       730.78         6       2828.1       -1556.6       -2104.6       805       554       447       1806       1219.0       2377.4       730.78         9       2185.5       -1146.0       -1769.0       947       563       531       2041       1054.8       2092.3       333.15         12       1987.0       -745.0       -1352.0       991       513       638       2142       911.8       1717.5       257.43         55       M831       3       10428.0       -4020.1       -6881.1       639       426       373       1438       3116.2       5440.4       188.79         6       2828.1       -2104.6       -2104.6       782       657       290       1729       1239.5       2469.1       730.78         9       2248.8       -1709.1       -1709.1       932       738       284       1954       1026.4       2147.4       333.15			12	1800.0	-1194.0	-1387.0	1005	748	367	2120	925.5	1803.0	257.43
34 M831       3       00224       23715       12585       000       1219.0       2377.4       730.78         6       2828.1       -1556.6       -2104.6       805       554       447       1806       1219.0       2377.4       730.78         9       2185.5       -1146.0       -1769.0       947       563       531       2041       1054.8       2092.3       333.15         12       1987.0       -745.0       -1352.0       991       513       638       2142       911.8       1717.5       257.43         55       M831       3       10428.0       -4020.1       -6881.1       639       426       373       1438       3116.2       5440.4       188.79         6       2828.1       -2104.6       -2104.6       782       657       290       1729       1239.5       2469.1       730.78         9       2248.8       -1709.1       -1709.1       932       738       284       1954       1026.4       2147.4       333.15	<u> </u>				2.44.0	4105.0		176	225	1480	1877 5	34307	188 79
9 2185.5 -1146.0 -1769.0 947 563 531 2041 1054.8 2092.3 333.15  12 1987.0 -745.0 -1352.0 991 513 638 2142 911.8 1717.5 257.43  55 M831 3 10428.0 -4020.1 -6881.1 639 426 373 1438 3116.2 5440.4 188.79  6 2828.1 -2104.6 -2104.6 782 657 290 1729 1239.5 2469.1 730.78  9 2248.8 -1709.1 -1709.1 932 738 284 1954 1026.4 2147.4 333.15	54	M831	3	6022.4	-2441.9	-4195.0	666	4/6	333	1460	10/7.5		100.77
9 2185.5 -1146.0 -1769.0 947 563 531 2041 1054.8 2092.3 333.15  12 1987.0 -745.0 -1352.0 991 513 638 2142 911.8 1717.5 257.43  55 M831 3 10428.0 -4020.1 -6881.1 639 426 373 1438 3116.2 5440.4 188.79  6 2828.1 -2104.6 -2104.6 782 657 290 1729 1239.5 2469.1 730.78  9 2248.8 -1709.1 -1709.1 932 738 284 1954 1026.4 2147.4 333.15			6	2828.1	-1556.6	-2104.6	805	554	447	1806	1219.0	2377.4	730.78
12 1987.0 -745.0 -1352.0 991 513 638 2142 911.8 1717.5 257.43  55 M831 3 10428.0 -4020.1 -6881.1 639 426 373 1438 3116.2 5440.4 188.79  6 2828.1 -2104.6 -2104.6 782 657 290 1729 1239.5 2469.1 730.78  9 2248.8 -1709.1 -1709.1 932 738 284 1954 1026.4 2147.4 333.15	ļ			2020.1	1000.0								
12 1987.0 -745.0 -1352.0 991 513 638 2142 911.8 1717.5 257.43  55 M831 3 10428.0 -4020.1 -6881.1 639 426 373 1438 3116.2 5440.4 188.79  6 2828.1 -2104.6 -2104.6 782 657 290 1729 1239.5 2469.1 730.78  9 2248.8 -1709.1 -1709.1 932 738 284 1954 1026.4 2147.4 333.15	ļ		9	2185.5	-1146.0	-1769.0	947	563	531	2041	1054.8	2092.3	333.15
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6   2828.1   -2104.6   -2104.6   782   657   290   1729   1239.5   2469.1   730.78			12	1987.0	-745.0	-1352.0	991	513	638	2142	911.8	1717.5	257.43
6   2828.1   -2104.6   -2104.6   782   657   290   1729   1239.5   2469.1   730.78				70400	4000 -	(001 1	(20)	426	272	1/20	3116 7	5440 4	188 79
9 2248.8 -1709.1 -1709.1 932 738 284 1954 1026.4 2147.4 333.15	55	M831	3	10428.0	-4020.1	-0881.1	639	420	3/3	1400	3110.2	<del></del>	100.79
9 2248.8 -1709.1 -1709.1 932 738 284 1954 1026.4 2147.4 333.15		<b></b> -	6	2878 1	-2104.6	-2104.6	782	657	290	1729	1239.5	2469.1	730.78
9 2240.0 -1709.1 -1709.1 952 760 2130 000 5 1804.6 257.43	-		3	_520.1									
12 1508.3 -1351.5 -1305.2 1016 856 248 2120 909.5 1804.6 257.43			9	2248.8	-1709.1	-1709.1	932	738	284	1954	1026.4	2147.4	333.15
12 1508.3 -1351.5 -1305.2 1016 856 248 2120 909.5 1804.6 257.43										6-5-5	000 -	1004 (	257.42
			12	1508.3	-1351.5	-1305.2	1016	856	248	2120	909.5	1804.6	25/.43
			<del></del> -			<u>,</u>							
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shot	Round	mic i	Pos P	Neg P1	Neg P2	A1 -	A2	А3	Atot	Peak	ABS	cal
-	type		Pa	Pa	Pa	msec i	msec	msec	msec	mPa-s	mPa-s	Pa/V
										·		
									0257		1902.6	188.79
58	M724	3	5645.4	-3658.8		377	440	-	817	995.9	1893.6	100.75
				7.754		465	522		997	388.6	835.9	730.78
		6	1914.6	-1556.6		465	532		337	300.0	000.5	700.70
			1240.2	1166.0		5 <b>5</b> 6i	557		1113	356.5	701.6	333.15
		9	1249.3	-1166.0		3301	337		1110			
		12	1112.0	-947.0		562	639	_	1201	306.6	641.5	257.43
		14	1112.0	717.0								-
50	M724	3	3658.8	-3186.0		375	441	-	816	758.6	1515.9	188.79
			2020.0									
		6	1914.6	-1556.6	-	471	522	-	993	386.9	827.1	730.78
		9	1249.3	-1186.0	-	531	578	-	1109	355.5	707.1	333.15
		12	1109.0	-943.0	-	565	632	-	1197	301.0	630.4	257.43
					·							100.50
60	M724	3	3775.8	-3422.1	-	359	422	-	781	803.7	1599.5	188.79
									004	200.2	626.0	730.78
		6	1914.6	-1468.9	-	453	531	-	984	388.3	828.9	730.76
				11010		=	560		1102	361.3	721.9	333.15
		9	1249.3	-1186.0	-	535	568	-	1103	301.3	721.9	300.10
			1100 5	065.4	-	557	638		1195	297.3	622.6	257.43
		12	1109.5	- <del>96</del> 5.4	-	337	000		1100	2		
<u> </u>	34400		8374.6	-3961.5	-4018.0	569	458	412	1439	1597.7	3711.6	188.79
63	M490	3	03/4.0	-3901.3	7010.0	303	-					
	<del> </del>	6	2828.1	-1921.9	-2016.5	740	573	409	1722	1090.9	2326.6	730.78
	-		2020.1	-1721.5	2010.0							
		9	2203.3	-1435.9	-1499.2	898	616	406	1920	969.2	1664.4	333.15
	-	<u> </u>										
	<del></del>	12	1735.0	-1112.0	-1256.0	963	701	403	2067	824.7	1667.4	257.43
<u></u> -	<del>                                     </del>				1					,		
64	M490	3	7807.4	-2142.9	-4538.8	585	219	661	1465	2187.0	4125.4	188.79
		6	2828.1	-1556.6	-2382.3	716	445	594	1755	1090.2	2 2288.9	730.78
						<u> </u>				047.5	1005 2	222.15
		9	2018.5	-1186.0	-1625.8	868	511	564	1914	941.3	1885.3	333.15
			L			0.00	- 500	- 525	2006	811.	1651.3	257.43
	-	12	1733.0	-1011.0	-1351.0	953	598	535	2086	011.	1001.0	207.40
<u></u>	1	<del>  _</del>	(745.4	-2595.9	-3801.0	642	i 360	5 537	1545	2062.	3997.5	188.79
65	M490	3	6745.4	-2393.5	-3001.0	0-12		307	1020		1	
<u> </u>		6	2828.1	-1651.6	-2016.9	759	600	0 454	1813	1034.	5 2204.1	730.78
<b> </b>	+	- 0	2020.1	-1051.6	2010.5	1		1	1			
<del></del>	-	9	1998.9	-1312.6	-1499.2	918	65	1 416	1985	936.	5 1864.3	333.15
-	+	1-3	1	1		1		1				
-	<del>                                     </del>	12	1495.7	-1063.2	2 -1207.4	979	72	7 405	2111	766.	6 1583.3	257.43
	+-	1										ļ
		+										
		1_							ļ			
						ļ			<b></b>		-	
						<del> </del>		<b></b>	<del> </del>	ļ		
				<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<b></b>	-	-	<del></del>	
	1				<del> </del>	<del> </del>		<del> </del>	+	<del> </del>	+	-
			<b></b>	-	<del> </del>	<u> </u>			+	<del> </del>	+	<del> </del>
<u></u>		1		1						1		<del></del>

shot	Round	mic	Pos P	Neg P1	Neg P2	A1	A2	A3	Atot	Peak	ABS	cal
	type		Pa	Pa	Pa	msec	msec	msec	msec	mPa-s	mPa-s	Pa/V
												<b>5</b> 00 40
71	M910	3	976.5	<i>-976.</i> 5	•	137	169	-	299	74.5	177.3	781.18
L									2.5	F4 B	7704	720 70
		6	774.6	-555.4	-	170	197	-	367	51.7	118.4	730.78
			450.0	105.0		100	214		410	47.4	95.2	333.15
		9	459.8	-425.0		196	214		410	77.7	90.2	560.10
		12	376.0	-414.0		208	238		446	41.0	93.3	257.43
<u></u>		12	370.0	-111.0		200	200		- 110	,		
72	M910	1	981.7	-1380.0	_	113	162	-	275	66.6	198.2	686.49
<del>                                     </del>												
<del></del>		6	635.8	-555.4	-	159	214	_	373	49.4	117.1	730.78
·												
		9	439.8	-353.1	-	196	214	•	410	46.5	92.6	333.15
		12	401.6	-339.0	•	195	247	-	442	37.6	83.3	257.43
				i								
73	M910	1	638.4	-693.3	-	147	182	-	329	51.0	122.8	686.49
				i							4400	720.70
		6	781.9	-453.1	-	182	194		376	57.3	110.0	730.78
L	!					200	220		410	460	92.4	333.15
L		9	439.8	-393.1		200	213	-	413	46.9	924	333.13
<b>L</b>	i		404.3	-306.3		211	229		440	39.8	79.1	257.43
<u> </u>		12	404.2	-300.3		- 211			110			
82	M793	1	1284.0	-1037.0	-1421.0	171	109	153	433	135.9	373.0	686.49
02	1417 93		1204.0	1007.0	1121.0							
-		6	635.8	-504.2	-599.2	251	204	115	570	88.0	207.5	730.78
ļ						-						
		9	499.7	-353.1	-416.4	300	232	100	632	82.5	161.2	333.15
		12	484.0	-337.2	-370.7	318	265	74	657	73.6	150.7	257.43
										405.5	2007.4	
83	M793	1	1287.0	-1119.0	-1421.0	154	109	147	410	135.5	377.4	686.49
				<b>504.0</b>	501.0	2/2	7.07	121	570	106.5	212.7	730.78
<u> </u>		6	730.7	-504.2	-591.9	262	187	121	3/0	100.5	2127	7.55.76
			400.7	410.0	-479.7	291	226	109	626	80.6	174.4	333.15
		9	499.7	-419.8	<del>~1</del> /7./	291	220	107	020			
<u> </u>		12	481.4	-339.8	-388.7	300	272	91	663	68.4	147.8	257.43
		14	401.4	-339.01	-300.7	500			- 550			
84	M793	1	1242.5	-1036.6	-1421.0	167	127	141	435	128.6	343.0	686.49
				2223.01								
<b> </b>		6	679.6	-555.4	-643.1	259	195	116	570	93.2	209.2	730.78
<b> </b>												
<u> </u>		9	539.7	-419.2	-479.7	287	241	99	627	78.3	175.2	333.15
		12	499.4	-337.2	-370.7	312	276	77	665	71.9	146.3	257.43

	D d i	mic	Pos P	Neg P1	Neg P2	A1	A2	A3	Atot	Peak	ABS	cal
shot	Round	mic	Pa	Pa	Pa	msec	msec	msec	msec	mPa-s	mPa-s	Pa/V
	type	<del></del> †										
110	M865	3	3317.6	2843.6	-	477	460।	•	937	881.1	1578.7	189.575
										244.5	10265	774.493
		6	2176.3	1696.1	-	576	532		1108	561.2	1026.7	7/4.493
						(05	(00		1244	519.5	943.5	374.45
		9	1497.8	1310.6		635	609		1244	319.5	720.0	
			0.10.0	0420		685	653	_	1338	381.4	701.8	269.693
		12	943.9	943.9		003						
222	14065	3	3791.5	3200.0		480	441		921	945.5	1691.7	189.575
111	M865	3	3791.3									
		6	222.8	1843.3	-	540	524	-	1064	575.5	1091.1	774.493
		9	-	-1		-	-	-	_	-	-	774.493
												2(0,602
		12	-	-1				<u>-</u>			-	269.693
									1622	2041.0	3530.0	189.575
105	M831	3	5987.1	2737.6	3213.5	711	531	395	1637	2041.0	3330.0	103.57
					10065	ero	780	297	1936	1156.5	2500.0	774.493
		6	2904.4	2129.9	1936.2	859	780	1 251	1500	1200.0		
			2389.0	1965.9	1546.5	932	966	220	2118	1167.5	2404.8	374.45
; }	<u> </u>	9	2389.0	1900.9	15-16.5					· · · · · ·		
<b></b>	·	12	1685.6	1483.3	1078.8	1062	1064	134	2260	987.1	1977.1	269. <del>69</del> 3
<b> </b> -	-	1 12	1000.0					:				
106	M831	3	6224.5	1895.8	3674.0	664	311	543	1518	2068.0	3810.0	189.575
<u> </u>		i		i				<u> </u>			2622.2	774.493
		6	3268.4	1572.2	2176.3	890	498	31 495	188	1415.8	2622.3	7/4.493
						0.70		1 410	210	3 1283.6	2407.2	374.45
		9	2433.9	1497.8	1685.0	958	73:	419	210	1200.1	, 210,42	
		<del>!</del>	- 1222	1010 (	1146.2	1056	884	) 288	3 222	987.	1835.4	269.693
ļ <u>.</u>	<del> </del>	12	1618.2	1213.6	1140.2	100	-					
100	M83	1 3	6471.5	4377.6	3673.9	626	54	6 32	149.	7 2204.	7 4144.4	189.575
108	10100	-	(FE 1.0	100			1	:				
	+	+ - 6	3508.5	2176.3	2176.3	819	64	6 35	181	8 1541.	4 2906.6	774.493
	<del> </del>							!	-		0.400.0	374.45
		9	2714.8	1404.2	1872.3	97	62		5 207	3 1348.	5 2489.8	3/4.43
<u></u>					!			: 	5 225	5 1053.	7 2047.6	269.693
		1.	1955.8	1011.3	1415.9	104	0 64	0 57	22	1050.	2027	
	<u> </u>			1		<del>                                     </del>		!	-	+	+	-
<u></u>		<del>-</del>	ļ	ļ	<u> </u>		+	1	+			
		+-	-	<del> </del>			+	!	<b>-</b>			
	<del> </del>	+	1	<del>                                     </del>		+	1	<u> </u>				
<b> </b>	+	-	+	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>	<b> </b>						
<del> </del>	+	<del> </del>	+		i							<b></b>
	+							!	-		_	<del> </del>
	1							<del>-</del>		<del>                                     </del>		+
					<del> </del>	<del> </del>	-		+			-
					<u> </u>		+	<del>- :</del>	-	+		<b>†</b>
			<del> </del>					<del></del>	+	+	1	1
						-	+	<del></del>	+	+	1	
						+	+					
ļ		<u> </u>		-	<b></b>	+	-	:				
	1.				· <u>·</u>							

shot	Round	mic	Pos P	Neg P1	Neg P2	A1	A2	А3	Atot	Peak	ABS	cal
	type		Pa	Pa	Pa	msec	msec	msec	msec	mPa-s	mPa-s	Pa/V
									041	708.8	1411.8	189.575
101	M724	3	3440.0	2843.6	-	334	457		841	700.0	1411.0	109.5/5
		6	2029.2	1649.7		473	555	-	1028	422.0	908.0	774.493
		-	2025.2	1010.0								
		9	1217.0	1265.6		540	. 594	-	1134	369.1	766.2	374.45
		12	876.5	879.2	-	594	617	1211	302.5	597.8	269.7	
									000	710 4	1416.0	189.575
102	M724	3	3437.0	2843.6	-	384	455	-	839	718.4	1416.0	109.5/5
			1005 (	155(7		492	534		1626	407.6	855.4	774.493
		6	1835.6	1556.7		474	304		1020		55515	
		9	1310.6	1265.6		547	605	-	1152	383.1	795.2	374.45
!			1510.0	1200.0								
		12	976.3	946.6	-	<del>59</del> 2	639	-	1231	316.9	639.1	269.693
103	M724	3	3674.0	2963.0		373	445		818	746.1	1473.3	189.575
											0000	TT4 402
		6	1742.6	1649.7		486	535		1021	423.7	900.0	774.493
						F20	(1)		1149	396.0	831.4	374.45
		9	1310.6	1314.3		533	616		1149	390.0	651.4	07 1.10
			07/0	070.0		611	619		1230	334.1	676.2	269.693
		12	976.3	979.0		011	017		1200			
95	M490	1	4507.5	3949.1	4508.5	513	475	497	1485	1191.1	3651.1	901.668
95	W1450		4507.5	0,7,7,7								
		6	2997.3	2036.9	2137.6	746	608	436	1 <b>7</b> 90	1114.3	2421.0	<i>7</i> 74.493
												22.45
		9	2175.6	1613.9	1613.9	901	657	410	1968	1043.5	2101.0	374.45
					19/10	0/2	770	372	2112	841.8	1784.5	269.693
		12	1786.9	1340.0	1264.9	962	778	3/2	2112	041.0	1,01.5	
	M490	3	5532.6	2489.1	3200.0	648	442	513	1603	1676.8	3339.4	189.575
97	101490		3302.0	2.03.2								
		6	2904.4	1595.5	1889.8	782	560	508	1850	1094.7	2249.0	774.493
		9	2059.5	1217.0	1591.4	926	588	504	2018	987.5	1934.7	374.45
					4040 (	4000	649	486	2143	781.1	1596.2	269.693
		12	1415.9	1011.3	1213.6	1008	649	400	2143	701.1	1070.2	203.030
	> 6400	3	7400.0	3437.0	5000.0	544	356	561	1461	1972.4	6252.8	189.575
98	M490	3	7400.0	0407.0	0000.0							
		6	3051.5	2036.9	2176.3	755	576	487	1818	1195.8	2492.4	774.493
		9	2246.7	1497.8	1591.4	900	689	434	2023	1066.6	2134.3	374.45
									2000	000	1777 0	269.693
		12	1685.6	1213.6	1213.6	983	782	401	2166	860.0	1777.0	209.093
						<u> </u>	ļ			<del> </del>	<del> </del>	
	ļ <u></u> -							<u> </u>			<b> </b>	
							<b> </b>					
					<u> </u>							
	<del> </del>											
											l	

shot	Round	mic	Pos P	Neg P1	Neg P2	A1	A2	A3	Atot	Peak	ABS	cal
-	type		Pa	Pa	Pa	msec	msec	msec	msec	mPa-s	mPa-s	Pa/V
<del>i</del>	J.F.											
145	M910	1	791.3	799.8	-	157	195	-	352	687.0	161.1	850.87
		6	617.8	428.4	-	207	205	-	412	54.7	105.0	823.791
		9	363.2	349.3	-	211	239	-	450	44.4	92.4	345.866
		12	242.7	269.7	-	239	238	-	477	36.7	72.6	269.6 <del>9</del> 3
											222 =	050.05
146	M910	1	1114.6	1284.8	<u> </u>	127	176	-	303	78.5	210.7	850.87
											122.0	022 201
		6	716.7	551.9	-	185	190	-	375	63.6	123.9	823.791
								<u> </u>	100	45.5	04.7	345.866
		9	377.0	377.0	-	205	218	-	423	45.5	94.7	343.000
								!	4/1	42.2	90.1	269.693
		12	337.1	323.6	-	206	255		461	42.2	90.1	209.093
									315	66.8	199.4	850.87
148	M910	1	791.3	961.5	-	143	172	-	313	00.0	133.4	0,00,07
							*04		335	84.3	170.0	823.791
		6	1021.5	799.1		149	186	-	333	04.5	170.0	020.77
						100	212		401	56.9	120.5	345.866
		9	520.6	486.7		189	212	<del></del>	401	30.5	120.0	
	<b></b>			404.51		201	245	-	446	53.0	120.3	269.693
		12	418.0	431.5		201	243	1	770	30.0	120.0	
	·		1420.0	1101 3	1352.9	206	167	155	528	178.0	432.7	850.87
123	M793	1	1438.0	1191.2	1332.9	200	107	100				
	<del> </del>		(17.0)	469.6	568.4	323	218	124	665	104.5	222.4	823.79
		6	617.8	405.0	500.4							
		9	453.1	411.6	411.6	343	282	101	726	83.6	183.2	345.86
	ļ	9	455.11	411.01	711.0			1		<b></b>		
	-	12	364.1	377.6	364.1	370	325	73	768	78.0	165.8	269. <del>69</del>
		12	304.1									
124	M793	1	1361.4	1038.1	1191.2	222	176	145	543	168.4	398.9	850.8
	141793	1	1001.1									
	<del> </del>	6	972.1	626.1	675.5	288	212	140	640	128.0	276.4	823. <b>7</b> 9
	-											
	<del>                                     </del>	9	605.3	453.1	473.8	341	255	114	710	110.4	220.0	345.86
	<del>                                     </del>	-										
	<del>                                     </del>	12	548.9	431.5	404.5	368	320	) 66	754	89.9	187.6	269.69
	!											
125	M793	1	1676.2	1429.5	1676.2	196	150	158	504	196.0	504.0	850.8
							ļ				2/04	000 50
		6	823.8	676.1	676.1	304	26	7 103	674	119.	3 269.1	823.79
	:										0111	245.00
	!	9	494.6	477.3	477.3	330	31:	2 91	733	941.	211.2	345.86
	1					ļ			<u> </u>		174	260.60
		12	418.0	364.1	364.1	344	35	7 78	77	81.	3 174.4	269.69

## APPENDIX C:

MICROPHONE DATA FROM FEASIBILITY TEST PHASE

## FEASIBILITY TEST HIGH FIDELITY MICROPHONE POSITIONS:

All coordinates are in meters.

000550	20			
22SEP	_	1700 104	0.157	5.604
	1m microphone	x: 1700.104	y: 0.157	z: 5.694
	6m microphone	x: 1697.448	y: 5.284	z: 5.282
	12m microphone	x:1696.780	y: 11.641	z: 5.109
23SEP	92			
	1m microphone	x: 1700.104	y: 0.157	z: 5.523
	3m microphone	x: 1697.835	y: 1.702	z: 4.072
	6m microphone	x: 1697.448	y: 5.284	z: 5.118
	9m microphone	x:1697.044	y: 8.485	z: 5.054
	12m microphone	x:1696.780	y: 11.641	z: 4.944
24SEP9	92			
_ ,,	1m microphone	x: 1700.104	y: 0.157	z: 5.548
	3m microphone	x: 1697.835	y: 1.702	z: 5.109
	6m microphone	x: 1697.448	y: 5.284	z: 5.139
	9m microphone	x:1697.044	y: 8.485	z: 5.078
	12m microphone	x:1696.780	y: 11.641	z: 5.023
			J. 22.0 .2	
25SEP9				
	1m microphone	x: 1700.104	y: 0.157	z: 5.551
	3m microphone	x: 1697.835	y: 1.702	z: 5.112
	6m microphone	x: 1697.448	y: 5.284	z: 5.115
	9m microphone	x:1697.044	y: 8.485	z: 5.075
	12m microphone	x:1696.780	y: 11.641	z: 5.039
28SEP9	92			
	1m microphone	x: 1700.104	y: 0.157	z: 5.547
	3m microphone	x: 1697.835	y: 1.702	z: 5.096
	6m microphone	x: 1697.448	y: 5.284	z: 5.139
	9m microphone	x:1697.044	y: 8.485	z: 5.066
	12m microphone	x:1696.780	y: 11.641	z: 5.014
29SEP9	)2			
2,001	1m microphone	x: 1700.104	y: 0.157	z: 5.541
	3m microphone	x: 1697.835	y: 1.702	z: 5.090
	6m microphone	x: 1697.448	y: 5.284	z: 5.121
	9m microphone	x:1697.044	y: 8.485	z: 5.121 z: 5.087
	12m microphone	x:1696.780	y: 11.641	z: 5.008
	12m merophone	X.1090.760	y. 11.041	Z. J.008
30SEP9				
	1m microphone	x: 1700.104	y: 0.157	z: 5.547
	3m microphone	x: 1697.835	y: 1.702	z: 5.108
	6m microphone	x: 1697.448	y: 5.284	z: 5.136
	9m microphone	x:1697.044	y: 8.485	z: 5.084
	12m microphone	x:1696,780	y: 11.641	z: 5.026

### **FEASIBILITY TEST ROUND LOCATION MICROPHONE POSITIONS:**

All coordinates are in meters.

### Array 1

21SEP92			
sensor 1	x: 1697.846	y: <b>-</b> 4.458	z: 3.385
sensor 2	x: 1697.151	y: 0.128	z: 4.691
sensor 3	x: 1696.569	y: 4.278	z: 5.226
sensor 4	x: 1699.552	y: <b>-</b> 5.346	z: 5.976
sensor 5	x: 1699.348	y: 0.009	z: 4.949
sensor 6	x: 1699.222	y: 5.276	z: 5.977
Array 2			
28SEP92			
sensor 1	x: 1697.852	y: <b>-</b> 4.444	z: 3.382
sensor 2	x: 1697.108	y: 0.125	z: 4.468
sensor 3	x: 1696.554	y: 4.277	z: 5.222
sensor 4	x: 1699.520	y: -5.323	z: 5.969
sensor 5	x: 1699.475	y: 0.056	z: 4.901
sensor 6	x: 1699.238	y: 5.273	z: 5.972
Change during testing	σ		
sensor 1	Δx: 0.006	Δу: 0.014	Δz: -0.003
sensor 2	Δx: -0.043	Δy: <b>-</b> 0.003	Δz: -0.223
sensor 3	Δx: -0.015	Δy: <b>-</b> 0.001	Δz: -0.004
sensor 4	Δx: -0.013	Δy: 0.023	Δz: 0.002
sensor 5	Δx: 0.127	Δy: 0.023 Δy: 0.047	Δz: -0.048
sensor 6	Δx: 0.127 Δx: 0.016	Δy: -0.003	Δz: -0.045
SCHOOL O	4A. U.UIU	<u> </u>	<u></u>

### **FEASIBILITY TEST GUN POSITIONS:**

### All coordinates are in meters.

#### 400 meter Range

22SEP9	7

M60 x: 1299.993 y: 24.205 z: 3.735 M1A1 x: 1299.666 y: 24.539 z: 3.558

#### 23SEP92

M2 x: 1299.901 y: 23.715 z: 4.023

### 1000 meter Range

#### 28SEP92

M1A1 x: 700.059 y: 6.717 z:2.335 M60 x: 700.017 y:9.122 x: 4.282 M2 x: 699.711 y: 9.160 x: 4.617

### 1700 meter Range

#### 29SEP92

M60 x: 0.024 y: 1.739 z: 4.007 M1A1 x: 0.033 y: 2.299 z: 3.723

### 1400 meter Range

#### 29SEP92

M2 x: 299.572 y: 4.877 z: 4.510

### 400 meter Range

#### 30SEP92

M1A1 x: 1299.639 y: 24.031 z: 3.489 M2 x: 1300.034 y: 24.603 x: 4.012

	LMic6	(msec)	DNA	7.840	8.160	9.040	7.120	2.600	8.240	8.080	8.190	7.360	089.6	7.440	8.400	8.960	8.640	8.960	13.400	14.720	9.000	9.360	8.800	8.320	9.920	10.500	10.600	10.100	5.680	5.800
	LMic5	(msec)	DNA	0.864	0.832	0.816	1.340	1.420	1.340	1.340	0.730	0.808	0.744	0.768	1.520	1.460	1.520	1.480	1.875	1.930	1.820	1.680	1.760	1.840	1.800	1.760	1.680	1.760	1.920	1.880
	LMic4	(msec)	DNA	11.400	11.200	11.400	11.400	12.200	12.000	12.100	11.250	11.900	11.100	12.000	12.200	12.200	13.000	12.800	11.860	11.870	12.600	10.500	11.900	10.700	12.900	11.800	11.100	12.500	13.800	13.600
Arrival Time	LMic3	(msec)	DNA	4.080	4.240	4.960	2.560	2.960	3.640	3.480	4.290	3.440	5.360	3.600	3.640	4.080	3.760	4.040	7.550	8.760	3.680	4.240	3.600	3.440	4.560	4.880	5.360	4.800	0.700	0.880
Ā	LMic2	(msec)	DNA	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	LMic1	(msec)	DNA	8.560	8.400	8.560	8.480	8.960	8.640	8.720	8.360	9.040	8.160	9.040	8.880	8.640	9.440	9.280	8.000	7.920	9.120	096.9	8.640	7.520	9.360	8.160	7.680	8.880	10.200	10.100
	HMic5	(m)	11.151	11.574	11.669	11.757	11.413	11.360	11.511	11.482	11.687	11.378	11.866	11.508	11.516	11.638	11.379	11.496	12.177	12.379	11.233	11.928	11.421	11.680	11.379	11.723	11.923	11.505	10.492	10.557
<u>و</u>	HMic4	(m)	Q	QN	ND	ND	QN	ND	ND	ΩN	QN	S	ND	ND	ND	ND	QN	QN	9.025	9.222	8.113	8.833	8.309	8.596	8.246	8.596	8.798	8.373	7.388	7.457
set Distance	HMic3	(m)	4.870	5.357	5.445	5.491	5.242	5.135	5.274	5.246	5.461	5.141	5.588	5.268	5.263	5.376	5.101	5.214	5.844	6.026	5.014	5.781	5.227	5.575	5.112	5.473	5.678	5.241	4.338	4.417
Offset	HMic2	(m)	QN	QN	QN N	QN	ND	QN	QN	QN	QN	ΩN	ΩN	QN	QN	QN	ON	QN	2.951	2.910	2.967	3.739	3.196	3.728	2.805	3.129	3.300	2.907	2.865	2.951
	HMicl	(m)	696:0	1.381	1.359	1.109	1.603	1.309	1.245	1.248	1.350	1.234	1.064	1.225	1.143	1.099	0.962	0.933	0.833	0.888	1.353	1.870	1.491	1.982	1.043	1.214	1.323	1.074	1.822	1.853
RD.	NO.	Consec.	1	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	12	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28

	LMic6	(msec)	5.680	6.240	7.040	3.840	1.600	1.960	8.000	7.400	9.790	8.380	10.780	9.910	8.120	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	9.970	9.540	10.200	9.010	DNA	10.350	11.100	10.360	8.480	DNA
	LMic5	(msec)	1.840	1.760	1.800	1.240	1.280	1.480	1.200	1.280	1.225	1.290	1.160	1.275	1.315	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	0.605	0.615	0.450	0.645	DNA	1.625	1.525	1.625	1.560	DNA
	LMic4	(msec)	11.600	11.000	10.800	8.400	7.200	12.600	10.400	10.400	11.470	13.070	12.700	13.430	12.470	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	9.850	9.310	10.330	11.070	DNA	12.760	11.550	9.710	10.840	DNA
Arrival Time	LMic3	(msec)	1.200	1.630	2.440	092'0	-0.640	-1.560	3.640	3.200	2.000	3.600	5.840	4.880	3.520	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	5.810	5.440	6:030	4.700	DNA	5.030	5.770	5.200	3.600	DNA
A	LMic2	(msec)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	DNA	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	DNA
	LMic1	(msec)	8.400	7.920	7.760	6.320	5.280	009.6	2.600	7.680	8.320	089'6	9.440	10.000	9.360	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	6.590	6.160	7.040	7.730	DNA	8.820	7.740	000.9	7.120	DNA
	HMic5	(m)	11.034	11.244	11.475	QN	QN	QN	11.623	11.527	11.617	11.141	11.690	11.272	11.189	QN	ND	QN	Q.	ND	11.949	11.989	11.888	11.526	QN	11.387	11.747	12.070	11.521	QN
es	HMic4	(m)	7.983	8.200	8.411	ΩN	ON	ND	8.535	8.453	8.494	8.028	8.592	8.131	8.075	QN	QN	QN	QN N	ND	8.834	8.884	8.764	8.412	ND	8.250	8.613	8:958	8.426	QN
Offset Distance	HMic3	(m)	5.049	5.276	5.438	QN	QN	QN	5.505	5.458	5.383	4.946	5.536	4.980	4.989	QN	ΩN	QN	ND	QN	5.715	5.784	5.626	5.300	QN	5.090	5.456	5.844	5.354	ND
JÖ	HMic2	(m)	3.734	3.910	3.833	QN	QN	QN	3.638	3.755	3.138	3.021	3.542	2.582	3.029	QN	QN	QN	ND	ND	2.572	2.713	2.409	2.247	QN	1.826	2.167	2.707	2.467	ΩN
	HMic1	(m)	2.353	2.432	2.217	QN.	QN	QN	1.904	2.097	1.290	1.483	1.750	0.863	1.457	QN	ND	QN	QN	N Q	1.358	1.546	1.147	1.274	QN	692'0	0.879	1.465	1.598	QN
RD.	NO.	Consec.	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	20	51	52	53	54	55	56

	LMic6	(msec)	DNA	0.670	9.530	10.210	DNA	DNA	9.370	8.500	11.620	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	5.910	5.740	9.580	DNA	DNA	DNA	8.970	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	11.140	12.370	11.130
	LMic5	(msec)	DNA	0.530	0.520	0.640	DNA	DNA	1.690	1.615	1.640	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	1.520	1.430	1.275	DNA	DNA	DNA	2.010	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	2.715	2.745	2.755
	LMic4	(msec)	DNA	9.730	9.850	11.020	DNA	DNA	11.890	11.390	9.210	UNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	11.310	11.430	11.070	DNA	DNA	DNA	16.060	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	11.350	9.100	10.500
Arrival Time	LMic3	(msec)	DNA	5.560	5.465	5.880	DNA	DNA	4.215	3.615	6.315	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	1.615	0.01 1	4.825	DNA	DNA	DNA	3.410	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	4.930	6.105	5.025
Ar	LMic2	(msec)	DNA	0.000	0.000	0.000	DNA	DNA	0.000	0.000	0.000	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	0.000	0.000	0.000	DNA	DNA	DNA	0.000	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	0.000	0.000	0.000
	LMic1	(msec)	DNA	6.530	6.695	7.685	DNA	DNA	8.000	299'.	5.360	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	7.765	7.965	7.460	DNA	DNA	DNA	11.890	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	6.920	4.720	6.130
	HMic5	(E)	QN	11.910	11.953	11.757	QN	QN	11.527	11.477	12.438	QN	QN	S	QN	ΩN	11.108	11.074	11.734	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	11.948	12.675	12.160
a	HMic4	(m)	QN	8.799	8.843	8.630	QN	QN	8.410	8.374	9.312	QN	S	QN	ΩN	QN.	8.059	8.024	8.622	ND	QN	ΩN	ΔN	QN	QN	QN	QN.	8.820	9.543	9:038
set Distance		(E)	QN	5.689	5.733	5.486	QN	QN	5.290	5.284	6.167	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	5.092	5.056	5.512	ND	ON	DN	QN	ND	ND	QN	QN	5.675	6.388	5.903
Offset	HMic2	(m)	QN	2.585	2.628	2.259	QN	QN	2.208	2.340	2.873	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	2.681	2.653	2.432	ND	QN	ND	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	2.419	3.037	2.674
	HMic1	(m)	Q.	1.416	1.444	1.034	QN	QN	1.213	1.461	1.424	QN	QN	QN ·	ND	QN	2.201	2.192	1.344	QN	ND	ND	ND	QN	QN	QN	ND	1.101	1.520	1.329
RD.	N O N	Consec.	57	25	29	09	19	62	63	42	65	99	29	89	69	20	71	72	73	74	75	7/6	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84

	90i	ec)	DNA	10.640	5.480	10.560	12.500	6.650	11.180	12.010	13.940	DNA	6.570	11.550	0.900	11.030	DNA	11.170	10.710	10.960	10.890	DNA	12.310	11.840	5.550	7.980	DNA	10.910	6.180	11.430
	LMic6	(msec				·																								
	LMic5	(msec)	DNA	2.730	2.885	2.735	2.780	2.785	2.680	2.735	2.720	DNA	2.105	2.775	1.965	2.420	DNA	0.545	0.825	0.705	0.740	DNA	2.140	2.190	2.335	2.210	DNA	0.965	1.090	096:0
	LMic4	(msec)	DNA	9.670	11.820	10.070	7.780	12.280	9.740	11.440	14.220	DNA	10.880	14.590	8.390	13.150	DNA	7.250	9.140	9.200	10.270	DNA	7.530	11.110	13.120	11.980	DNA	8.130	10.940	10.510
Arrival Time	LMic3	(msec)	DNA	4.610	0.180	4.485	6.285	1.025	5.080	2.690	7.190	DNA	1.680	5.050	4.630	4.940	DNA	6.780	6.230	6.420	6.420	DNA	6.510	5.920	0.340	2.550	DNA	6.370	2.180	6.720
Ą	LMic2	(msec)	DNA	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	DNA	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	DNA	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	DNA	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	DNA	0.000	0.000	0.000
	LMic1	(msec)	DNA	5.465	7.670	5.855	3.550	8.010	5.490	6.885	9.390	DNA	7.090	10.100	4.860	8.800	DNA	4.160	5.940	6.010	6.930	DNA	3.680	066.9	8.980	7.920	DNA	4.800	7.800	6.990
	HMic5	(m)	ΩN	12.262	10.866	12.152	12.974	10.936	12.332	12.087	ND	ΩN	11.193	αN	12.287	11.399	ΩN	12.594	12.180	12.146	11.894	ΩN	12.792	11.961	10.385	11.114	ND	12.425	11.073	11.961
ce	HMic4	(m)	QN	9.156	7.839	9.043	9.848	7.866	9.216	8.949	QN	DN	8.136	ND	9.194	8.254	ND	9.478	9.059	9.020	8.763	ΩN	6.663	8.820	7.295	8.010	QN	9.310	8.007	8.827
Offset Distance	HMic3	(m)	QN	6.052	4.926	5.935	6.700	4.858	6.092	5.782	QN	QN	5.182	QN	6.142	5.088	ΩN	6.373	5.947	5.898	5.630	ΩN	6.529	5.664	4.282	4.948	QN	6.208	5.036	5.685
JO	HMic2	(m)	QN.	2.933	2.759	2.813	3.365	2.371	2.891	2.418	QN	QN	2.736	ΩN	3.156	1.749	QN	3.178	2.763	2.683	2.397	ΩN	3.223	2.323	1.966	2.155	QN	3.040	2.574	2.405
	HMic1	(m)	QN	1.662	2.454	1.562	1.841	1.970	1.538	0.951	DN	QN	2.206	QN	1.981	909.0	QN	1.796	1.458	1.358	1.121	ND	1.734	0.912	1.985	1.560	QN	1.704	2.100	1.060
RD.	NO.	Consec.	85	98	87	88	68	06	91	92	93	94	95	96	62	86	66	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112

,	LMic6	(msec)	9.290	DNA	DNA	DNA	12.440	10.080	6.280	DNA	13.540	7.060	10.330	6.410	10.320	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA
	LMic5	1	1.100	DNA	DNA	DNA	4.225	4.030	4.125	DNA	4.400	4.110	4.155	4.335	4.185	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA
	LMic4	(msec)	11.770	DNA	DNA	DNA	9.820	9.930	10.990	DNA	7.600	11.930	8.820	11.840	10.140	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA
Arrival Time	LMic3	(msec)	4.620	DNA	DNA	DNA	5.030	3.025	-0.160	DNA	5.895	0.370	3.230	-0.350	3.155	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA		DNA	DNA		DNA	DNA	DNA
A	LMic2	(msec)	0.000	DNA	DNA	DNA	0.000	0.000	0.000	DNA	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA		DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA
	LMic1	(msec)	8.360	DNA	DNA	DNA	4.840	5.295	6.465	DNA	2.635	7.155	4.175	7.060	5.335	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA
	HMic5	(m)	11.289	QN	QN.	QN	12.617	12.026	10.966	QN	13.324	10.797	12.499	10.533	12.048	11.940	QN	12.711	10.383	11.598	12.645	11.593	10.116	<u>Q</u>	QN	QN N	QN	QX	QN	QN
ec	HMic4	(m)	8.169	QN	ND	ΩN	9.469	8.920	7.949	ND	10.173	7.721	9.400	7.482	8.933	8.882	QN	9:596	7.357	8.551	9.517	8.498	7.069	Q	ΩN	Q.	Q.	QN	QN	QN
Offset Distance	HMics	(m)	5.066	QN.	QN	ON	6.294	5.841	5.093	QN	886.9	4.734	6.330	4.562	5.835	5.910	QN	6.493	4.505	5.609	6.387	5.450	4.174	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN
JJO	HMic2	(m)	2.058	QN	QN.	QN	2.835	2.800	2.993	QN	3.478	2.321	3.264	2.468	2.720	3.228	QN	3.295	2.662	3.086	3.103	2.594	2.374	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN.	QN.	QN
	HMic1	(m)	1.254	QN	QN	QN	1.245	1.648	2.652	QN	1.868	2.022	1.993	2.364	1.504	2.323	QN	1.897	2.654	2.363	1.643	1.714	2.545	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	ND
RD.	NO.	Consec.	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140

	LMic6	(msec)	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	8.790	7.290	-4.180	5.550	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	7.210	6.500	6.560	7.950	8.210	8.740	7.510	8.000	7.150	7.300	7.550	7.465	DNA	7.920	9.250
	LMic5	(msec)	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	1.850	1.850	2.220	3.485	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	1.200	1.185	1.180	1.125	1.150	1.205	0.425	0.395	0.430	0.365	0.290	0.335	DNA	0.885	0.700
	LMic4	(msec)	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	5.060	11.200	13.530	17.620	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	10.870	10.970	11.460	10.190	10.150	10.640	9.560	9.970	10.080	9.360	10.270	10.050	DNA	9:390	13.180
Arrival Time	LMic3	(msec)	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	4.110	DNA	DNA	-1.090	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	2.570	2.065	1.985	3.225	3.480	3.980	3.745	3.930	3.175	3.435	3.400	3.465	DNA	3.610	4.400
Α	LMic2	(msec)	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	0.000	DNA	DNA	0.000	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	0000	0000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	DNA	0.000	0.000
	LMic1	(msec)	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	2.200	DNA	DNA	13.120	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	7.550	7.950	8.170	7.080	6.970	7.540	7.000	7.220	7.320	6.710	7.540	7.345	DNA	6.490	9.820
	HMic5	(m)	ND	QN	ND	QN	11.210	ΩN	ND	12.843	QN	ΩN	QN	QN	QN	11.529	11.357	11.305	11.754	11.863	11.785	11.772	11.795	11.591	11.702	11.505	11.614	QN	11.917	11.257
e	HMic4	(m)	ND	ΩN	ND	ΩN	8.131	QN	ND	9.774	QN	QN	QN	QN	DN	8.452	8.292	8.230	8.673	8.775	8.684	8.694	8.701	8.511	8.628	8.413	8.525	QN	8.845	8.123
Offset Distance	HMic3	(m)	ΩN	ΩN	ND	QN	5.127	ΩN	ND	6.763	QN	QN	QN	ΩN	ND	5.429	5.297	5.213	5.638	5.721	5.606	5.663	5.637	5.480	5.608	5.358	5.473	QN	5.827	4.977
Ö	HMi@	(m)	QN	QN	ND	QN	2.515	ND	ND	3.835	QN	QN	QN	QN	ND	2.684	2.690	2.546	2.806	2.808	2.618	2.845	2.698	2.694	2.835	2.507	2.612	QN	3.020	1.778
	HMic1	(m)	ND	QN	ND	QN	1.924	QN	ΩN	2.608	DN	QN.	ND	QN	ND	1.902	2.042	1.899	1.890	1.806	1.594	1.930	1.703	1.865	1.971	1.681	1.732	QN	2.065	0.895
RD.	NO.	Consec.	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168

	LMic6	(msec)	7.480	8.310	7.700	5.220	6.460	8.290	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	11.210	9.300	9.200	10.540	6.520	9.630	089.6	10.450
	1	٤									; - <del></del> -	_							2	0	0	5	ارکا	5	0	22
	LMic5	(msec)	0.910	0.755	0.790	0.830	0.810	0.860	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	1.685	1.530	1.580	1.645	1.555	1.615	1.620	1.655
	LMic4	(msec)	10.200	10.570	10.010	12.700	11.770	9.820	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	0880	10.470	8.600	7.850	11.740	10.020	8.740	8.440
Arrival Time	LMic3	(msec)	3.070	3.830	5.575	0.910	2.080	3.810	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	5.860	4.120	4.205	5.195	1.655	4.475	4.490	5.160
A	LMic2	(msec)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	LMic1	(msec)	7.220	7.580	6.925	9.580	8.740	6.870	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	3.670	7.015	5.390	4.595	8.295	6.535	4.485	5.145
	HMic5	(m)	11.665	11.658	12.043	10.669	11.157	11.838	11.055	10.632	11.210	11.097	11.519	11.499	12.121	10.873	14.234	12.046	13.019	11.972	12.390	12.719	11.229	12.074	12.358	12.576
بو	HMic4	(m)	8.593	8.563	8.928	7.583	8.070	8.755	7.946	7.590	8.205	8.083	8.425	8.440	9.100	7.790	11.175	8.963	9.915	8.869	9.312	9.623	8.151	8.975	9.273	9.477
set Distance	HMic3	(E)	5.576	5.498	5.816	4.555	5.029	5.712	4.858	4.665	5.343	5.204	5.365	5.455	6.181	4.766	8.147	5.920	6.819	5.784	6.273	6.544	5.132	5.896	6.221	6.394
Offset	HMic2	(m)	2.823	2.581	2.664	2.067	2.318	2.841	1.989	2.527	3.159	3.013	2.493	2.841	3.622	2.208	4.969	3.009	3.632	2.742	3.328	3.437	2.480	2.862	3.239	3.287
	HMic1	(m)	1.982	1.650	1:430	1.864	1.736	1.873	1.424	2.369	2.707	2.606	1.649	2.130	2.747	1.847	4.180	1.955	2.222	1.618	2.173	2.117	1.878	1.715	2.065	1.986
RD.	S S	Consec.	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192

### APPENDIX D:

DATA COLLECTION TEST RANGE DATA

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OCATION	Z	(m)	ND	ND	ND	ND	4.291	4.174	4.578	4.160	4.215	4.275	4.182	4.161	3.882	4.281	4.020	4.012	4.051	QN	ND	4.658	4.379	4.345	4.453	QN	3.849	4.359	ND	4.469
IMPACT LOCATION	Y	(m)	ND	ND	ND	ND	-0.2229	-0.1802	-0.0729	-0.173	-0.0692	-0.046	-0.1133	-0.4088	-0.6101	-0.4175	0.1123	0.1364	0.1477	ND	ND	0.3222	0.2011	0.0512	0.3186	ND	-0.2676	0.2553	ND	-0.433
TERMINAL	MACH NO.		ND	ND	ND	ND	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.7		1.7	-1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.0	ND	1.1	1.0	2.1	2.0
		WS(m/s)	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	9.0	6:0	2.6	<del>2</del> .	2.1	5.3	6.4	6.1	6.1	6.2	6.2	6.2	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.2
ITIONS	WINDS	WD(deg)	130.	130.	130.	130.	130.	178.	165.	177.	180.	183.	213.	211.	199.	199.	208.	208.	208.	62.	62.	62.	62.	62.	62.	62.	62.	62.	62.	62.
MET CONDITIONS	REL. HUM.	%	80	80	80	80	80	80	79	79	80	79	85	84	84	84	98	98	98	99	65	99	99	65	65	65	65	65	92	65
	TEMP	(C)	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.8	14.8	14.7	14.9	15.0	13.5	13.4	12.9	12.9	12.7	12.7	12.7	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.4
TIME		H:M:S	10:35:00	10:43:00	10:50:00	10:50:30	11:20:49	11:27:03	11:28:40	11:30:16	11:32:58	11:34:47	13:21:45	13:28:00	13:33:02	13:35:38	13:41:58	13:47:34	13:51:06	10:49:54	11:01:46	11:08:09	11:21:55	11:25:05	11:28:36	11:42:05	11:46:55	11:47:55	13:44:51	13:55:01
DATE			3/31/93	3/31/93	3/31/93	3/31/93	3/31/93	3/31/93	3/31/93	3/31/93	3/31/93	3/31/93	3/31/93	3/31/93	3/31/93	3/31/93	3/31/93	3/31/93	3/31/93	4/5/93	4/5/93	4/5/93	4/5/93	4/5/93	4/5/93	4/5/93	4/5/93	4/5/93	4/5/93	4/5/93
RD.	TYPE		M62	=	M59	=	M62	=	=	M59	=	=	M62	=	=	=	M59	=	=======================================	M62	=	=	M59	M62	M59	M62	=	M59	M17	=
CUN	TYPE	(mm)	7.62	Mann	z	=	=	=	=	=	=	2	= .	=	=	=	=	=	=	7.62	Mann	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	12.7	Mann
RD.	#		1	2	ဇ	4	ည	9	7	œ	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28

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CATION	Z	(m)	3.389	4.107	4.173	ND	ND	ND	ND	3.070	QN	ND	4.581	4.325	QN	ON	3.863	4.375	4.730	4.151	4.558	4.598	4.410	4.487	4.361	ND	4.696	3.439	3.188	4 176
IMPACT LOCATION	Y	(m)	-0.2137	0.5578	0.2793	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.3273	ND	ON	-0.0799	0.0749	ND	ND	-1.5507	0.263	0.3988	0.1527	-0.2308	-0.2004	0.0002	-0.5658	-0.5264	ND	0.5712	0.0318	-0.186	0.7876
TERMINAL	MACH NO.		2.0	2.0	2.1	ON	1.7	1.8	1.8	2.0	1.7	1.8	2.0	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.9	2.0	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2
		WS(m/s)	4.4	4.6	4.3	3.7	3.6	4.0	3.4	4.3	3.9	4.5	4.0	4.4	4.7	4.4	4.5	5.6	7.3	8.3	8.9	7.4	7.7	9.0	9.6	7.2	8.0	8.1	8.1	7.0
TIONS	WINDS	WD(deg)	53.	65.	58.	63.	65.	53.	58.	49.	56.	57.	80.	71.	63.	52.	62.	61.	57.	63.	62.	.69	59.	54.	59.	.09	59.	65.	71.	07
MET CONDITIONS	REL. HUM.	%	64	. 64	64	64	64	65	63	64	83	64	છ	49	64	63	64	64	28	57	56	99	56	56	26	47	46	45	47	71/
	TEMP	(C)	9:9	9.9	8.9	8.9	6.8	7.0	8.9	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.1	7.2	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	6.0	6.4	6.5	8.9	8.9	7.1	7.3	10.7	10.4	10.5	10.8	10.5
TIME		H:M:S	14:12:19	14:23:24	14:25:25	14:27:25	14:32:32	14:36:39	14:42:57	14:56:49	14:58:45	15:02:38	15:05:30	15:09:13	15:10:51	15:13:52	15:16:16	15:18:38	10:03:06	10:16:50	10:18:51	10:20:43	10:22:49	10:25:10	10:26:54	13:33:45	13:42:06	13:44:17	13:46:45	14.05.30
DATE			4/5/93	4/5/93	4/5/93	4/5/93	4/5/93	4/5/93	4/5/93	4/5/93	4/5/93	4/5/93	4/5/93	4/5/93	4/5/93	4/5/93	4/5/93	4/5/93	4/6/93	4/6/93	4/6/93	4/6/93	4/6/93	4/6/93	4/6/93	4/6/93	4/6/93	4/6/93	4/6/93	60/ 7/ 7
RD.	TYPE		ŧ	=	=	M33	=	=	=	=	=	=	z	= ,	=	z	=	Ξ	M62	M59	z	M62	=	M59	M62	M17	31	M33	=	=
CUN	TYPE	(mm)	= .	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	z	=	=	=	=	=	7.62	Mann	=	=	=	=		12.7	Mann	Ξ	=	=
RD.	#=		29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	52	ì

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OCATION	Z	(m)	3.785	4.693	4.913	5.133	ND	4.294	4.112	4.238	3.973	4.139	4.123	4.280	NΩ	ΩN	QN	QN	ΩN	QN	3.896	4.089	4.567	3.613	3.860	3.505	ND	4.267	4.008	4.742
IMPACT LOCATION	¥	(m)	1.0217	-1.3249	1.0534	0.5658	ND	0.3539	-0.062	-0.1317	0.3402	-0.1763	-0.3942	-0.3049	ON	92	a	ND	ΔN	ND	0.6263	0.1648	0.7707	0.0248	1.0961	0.3734	ND	-0.0546	0.0085	-0.2
TERMINAL	MACH NO.		1.3	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	9.1	1.7	1.7	ON	а. С!	2.5	2.5	3.1	3.1	2.4	3.1	2.5	3.1	2.5	3.1	3.8	3.8	3.8	2.9
		WS(m/s)	0.6	8.4	6.6	8.3	9.8	8.4	8.5	9.8	8.8	8.1	7.6	8.3	4.8	4.5	4.5	3.3	4.5	5.1	5.2	3.9	4.5	3.6	4.4	3.9	1.6	1.9	2.4	2.3
ITIONS	WINDS	WD(deg)	.08	64.	. 64.	.89	50.	73.	.99	.29	.89	70.	62.	64.	352.	0.	359.	2.	359.	1.	346.	349.	349.	352.	4.	355.	115.	102.	113.	122.
MET CONDITIONS	REL. HUM.	%	45	44	44	45	44	42	43	42	42	42	42	43	47	46	46	46	46	46	46	47	47	64	48	48	15	51	48	49
	TEMP	(C)	10.7	10.6	10.6	10.7	10.9	10.8	11.1	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.9	10.8	6.6	10.1	10.1	10.1	10.1	10.3	10.5	11.5	11.6	11.7	12.1	12.0	13.4	13.3	13.1	13.2
TIME		H:M:S	14:08:12	14:11:57	14:15:12	14:18:33	14:21:08	15:08:53	15:19:33	15:21:20	15:22:19	15:23:28	15:24:09	15:25:47	10:48:00	10:53:43	10:55:50	10:58:43	10:02:19	11:04:40	11:09:53	11:34:07	11:36:22	11:37:56	11:42:38	11:43:00	13:57:30	14:01:54	14:15:53	14:17:13
DATE			4/6/93	4/6/93	4/6/93	4/6/93	4/6/93	4/6/93	4/6/93	4/6/93	4/6/93	4/6/93	4/6/93	4/6/93	4/7/93	4/7/93	4/7/93	4/7/93	4/7/93	4/7/93	4/7/93	4/7/93	4/7/93	4/7/93	4/7/93	4/7/93	4/7/93	4/7/93	4/7/93	4/7/93
RD.	TYPE		=	M17	=	=	M33	M62	=	M59	M62	M59	=	M62	DM18	=	=	=	TPL-T	=	DM18	TPL-T	DM18	TPL-T	DM18	TPL-T	TPL-T	=	Ξ	DM18
CUN	TYPE	(mm)	=	=	=	=	=	7.62	Mann	=	=	=	:	=	35	TIPGID	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	~	=	35	TIPGID	=	=
RD.	#		57	28	59	09	61	62	83	64	65	99	29	89	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84

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OCATION	Z	(m)	4.268	4.430	4.112	ND	ON	3.673	4.013	5.227	4.114	4.556	4.288	4.602	4.554	4.316	4.631	4.261	4.211	4.180	4.346	4.340	4.395	3.167	3.541	3.510	4.498	4.753	4.673	3.748
IMPACT LOCATION	γ	(m)	-0.0491	-0.5449	0.0302	ND	ND	0.3719	-1.1667	-0.2488	-1.0879	0.0701	-0.1515	-0.2146	0.3322	0.0656	0.1268	0.1647	0.1647	0.3106	-1.2304	-1.2948	-1.3645	-1.4346	-1.3139	-1.3424	0.9299	1.1778	1.1793	1.2093
TERMINAL	MACH NO.		2.9	2.9	3.9	2.4	2.1	2.4	2.0	2.4	2.0		2.1	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
		WS(m/s)	1.8	1.5	2.1	2.9	3.5	3.6	1.9	1.9	2.4	2.2	2.0	3.3	3.6	3.1	2.8	2.9	2.7	2.4	2.3	2.1	1.9	2.0	1.7	1.7	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.6
TIONS	MINDS	WD(deg)	128.	122.	123.	104.	111.	112.	127.	120.	121.	115.	115.	82.	75.	74.	77.	72.	76.	79.	76.	75.	78.	83.	99.	.66	87.	95.	92.	99.
MET CONDITIONS	REL. HUM.	%	49	49	49	48	48	48	49	49	50	49	49	28	29	29	33	34	34	35	37	37	38	39	38	38	38	37	37	37
	TEMP	(C)	13.5	13.4	13.3	14.1	14.0	14.2	13.6	13.9	13.7	13.4	13.4	10.4	10.4	10.8	10.9	10.8	10.9	11.0	10.9	11.0	11.1	11.3	11.6	11.6	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.6
TIME		H:M:S	14:19:58	14:21:10	14:22:38	15:07:32	15:10:06	15:12:40	15:24:49	15:26:02	15:27:42	15:29:05	15:30:33	11:06:46	11:08:37	11:13:47	11:16:58	11:19:08	11:19:54	11:20:55	11:24:19	11:26:01	11:27:38	11:30:25	11:33:26	11:34:18	11:36:45	11:38:42	11:39:36	11:41:45
DATE			4/7/93	4/7/93	4/7/93	4/7/93	4/7/93	4/7/93	4/7/93	4/7/93	4/7/93	4/7/93	4/7/93	4/8/93	4/8/93	4/8/93	4/8/93	4/8/93	4/8/93	4/8/93	4/8/93	4/8/93	4/8/93	4/8/93	4/8/93	4/8/93	4/8/93	4/8/93	4/8/93	4/8/93
RD.	TYPE		e e	ŧ	TPL-T	TPL-T	DM18	TPL-T	DM18	TPL-T	DM18	TPL-T	DM18	M17	M33	=	=	=	z	=	п	=	=	=	=	=	=			=
CUN	TYPE	(mm)	=	=	=	35	TIPGID	=	=	ε	=	=	=	12.7	Mann	=_	=	=	=	=	Ξ	u	=	=	=	z	=	=	z	z
RD.	#		85	98	87	88	68	96	91	92	93	94	95	96	-62	86	66	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112

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IMPACT LOCATION	Z	(m)	3.529	3.512	3.630	3.727	3.339	3.711	4.152	4.214	3.736	4.292	3.897	3.693	4.372	4.607	4.429	4.322	4.226	4.873	4.754	4.653	4.996	3.644	4.081	4.224	4.220	3.698	3.565	4.083
	Y	(m)	1.188	0.9888	1.195	1.1598	1.139	0.4572	0.0334	-0.1314	-0.2068	-0.4208	0.1546	-0.135	0.0246	-0.1415	-0.1808	-0.1237	-0.0951	-0.4724	0.1653	0.0732	0.2015	-0.9863	0.2626	0.2093	-0.401	0.162	0.412	-0.5789
TERMINAL	MACH NO.		2.1	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1		2.1	2.8	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
		WS(m/s)	1.3	2.1	1.8	1.2	1.2	1.0	2.2	1.4	1.6	2.2	2.3	2.2	4.0	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.5	4.1	3.6	3.5	3.1	3.6	3.5	1.7	1.0	0.7	0.7	0.7
TIONS	WINDS	WD(deg)	102.	.88	103.	121.	121.	102.	94.	78.	92.	92.	90.	.96	.98	87.	87.	85.	87.	71.	78.	82.	82.	78.	78.	92.	75.	76.	57.	61.
MET CONDITIONS	REL. HUM.	%	37	28	37	38	38	38	35	33	33	32	32	31	31	34	34	33	33	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	TEMP	(C)	11.6	11.5	11.6	11.7	11.8	11.8	15.1	15.0	15.1	15.1	15.3	15.4	16.7	16.3	16.3	16.3	16.3	9.8	8.8	8.7	8.8	8.8	8.9	9.1	9.5	9.6	9.4	9.4
TIME		H:M:S	11:43:02	11:44:13	11:46:51	11:48:22	11:49:46	11:50:50	14:03:46	14:15:09	14:16:52	14:18:13	14:19:23	14:21:14	15:05:20	15:16:03	15:17:27	15:18:19	15:19:14	9:19:37	9:34:49	9:37:54	9:40:02	9:42:33	9:46:11	10:16:39	10:31:41	10:33:21	10:35:01	10:37:15
DATE			4/8/93	4/8/93	4/8/93	4/8/93	4/8/93	4/8/93	4/8/93	4/8/93	4/8/93	4/8/93	4/8/93	4/8/93	4/8/93	4/8/93	4/8/93	4/8/93	4/8/93	4/9/92	4/9/92	4/9/92	4/9/92	4/9/92	4/9/92	4/9/92	4/9/92	4/9/92	4/9/92	4/9/92
RD.	TYPE		=	=	=	=	=	M17	M33	M17	=	=	M33	=	DM18	DM68	=	=	DM18	DM68	DM18	DM68	=	DM18	=	DM68	=	DM18	=	DM68
CUN	TYPE	(mm)	=	=	=	=	=	=	12.7	Mann	Ξ	=	=	=	35	TIPGID	=	=	: : : =	35	TIPGID	=	=	=	=	35	TIPGID	=	=	=
RD.	#		113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140

## APPENDIX E:

PROJECTILE CHARACTERISTICS DATA FROM COLLECTION TEST PHASE

Shot	Round	Ch	Pos P	Neg P1	Neg P2	A1	A2	A3	ATot	Peak	ABS	Ca
	Туре		Pa	Pa	Pa	msec	msec	msec	msec	mPa-sec	mPa-sec	Pa/Vol
20	M62	1				112	216		256			
		2				128	232		268			
		3				156	288		320			
		4		i		-180			340			
				<del></del>		204			380			
		8				204			- 555			
						272	<del></del>		524			
21	M59	1							516			
		2				268						
		3				264			524			
		4				260			524			
		8				248			516			
22	M62	1			:	116	208		260			
		2				128			304			
		3				168			324			
		4				184			360			
		8				212			380			
- 02	M59	1		<del></del>		320			604			
23	MOA	2	<del></del>		i	308			592			··
						292			568		<del></del>	
		3		<del></del>		276	<del></del>		572			
		4				308			556			
		8				308			336			
									100			
25	M62					104			196			
		2				116			240			
		3				156			308			
		4		<u> </u>		184			336			
		8		<u>_</u>		212			380			
				ĺ								
26	M59	1				260			516			
		2				268			508			
	i	3	1			248			524			
	<del> </del>	4				272			520			
		8		<del></del>		300			548			
	34477					112	192	220	272			
28	M17					116	196	224				
	<u> </u>	2		<del></del>		152	252	227	324			
	ļ	3				152	232		324			
		4				646			412			<del></del>
	ļ	8				212	336		412	<u> </u>		
		$oxed{oxed}$										
29	M17					92	156	188				
		2				104	164		244			
		3				148	252		320			
-	T	4				184	288		364			
		8				208			396			<del></del>
		T										
30	M17	1				104	172	200	256			
	10117	2	<del></del>			124	200		284			
		3		<del></del>		160	260		340			
	<del> </del>		<del>-</del>	<del></del>		176	296		376			
	<del> </del>	4	<del></del>			200			408			
		8				200			700			
		$\vdash$						400				
31	M17					96	168	192				
		2				120	200		276			
		3				152	268		336			
		4				180	300		368			
	<del>                                     </del>	8				216			408	<u> </u>		
	1											

Shoti	Round	Chi	Pos P	Neg P1	Neg P2	A1	A2	A3	ATot	Peak	ABS	Ca
	Туре		Pa	Pa	Pa	msec	msec	msec	msec	mPa-sec	mPa-sec	Pa/Vol
36	M33	1				52	116		180			
		2				116	196		256			
-		3				164			336			
		4				184			364			
-	<del></del>	8				216			388			
	<del></del> i	-										
38	M33	1				132	252		288			
- 30	14100	2										
-		3										
		4				172			332			
		8				204			372			
		0										
39	M33	1				108	188	216	256			
39	IVIOU	2				116	204		268			
	<del></del>	3				152	272		332			
	<del></del>	4				184			364			
	<del></del>	8		<del></del>		208			400			
40	1420	<del> </del> -		<del></del>		108	180		256			
40	M33	1			<del></del>	116	196		264			
		2				152	264		316			····
		3				172	204		360			
		4				220			396			
		8				220						
	1100	<del>_</del> +				124			272			
43	M331	1				127						
		2				144			296			
		3				168			348			
		4				212			392			
		8				212			332			
						100			248			
44	M33	1				120			272			
		2							320			
		3				164 176			360			
		4							388			
		8				204			300			
	1			100.00	570	0.0	164		212	34.58	77.14	693.8
45	M62	11	868.74	-466.28	-578	96	176		228	30.69	65.93	557.2
		2	554.2	-365.29	-476.75	112			264	18.64	39.29	357.3
		3	259.07	-224.41	-224.41	124	228		276	13.99	27.46	324.8
		4	127.99	127.99	-141.64		148		304	9.82	20.13	107.4
		8	85.56	85.56	-110.81	-	164		304	9.02	20.10	107.4
					0== 0=		100		200	45.76	101.51	693.8
46	M59	1	1102.56	-738.91	-857.62	92	168			34.74	73.73	557.2
		2	677.63	-503.25	-571.2	108	188		216 252	17.48	35.34	357.2
		3	218.34		-248.35	140			288	15.74	29.71	324.8
		4	191.46		-174.56	156			308	11.59	21.47	107.4
		8	85.42		-91.57	204			308	11.39	21.41	107.4
					215 55				200	36.37	79.88	693.8
47	M59	11	879.14		-643.92	96	176		200	30.67	68.07	557.2
		2	749.25		-575.94	100			240	19.13	38.12	357.3
İ		3	197.26		-244.78	148			292	18.19	37.68	324.8
	i	41	209.21		-230	148					26.66	107.4
	1	8	125.42		-145.95	160			308	13.14	20.00	107.4
	- 1						155		004	24 74	76.42	693.8
	<u>          i                          </u>		867.35	-469.8	-573.14	92	150		204	34.71 29.99	76.42	
48	M62	1					160		208	29.99	59.71	557.2
48	M62	2	647.55	-373.93	-429.65	100	160				40 4	257 0
48	M62		647.55 275.16	-373.93 -257.29	-286.95	136	212		264	22.18	46.4	
48	M62	2	647.55								46.4 31.48 22.25	357.3 324.8 107.4

Chati	Dound	<u>~</u>	- Pos P	Neg P1	Non PO	A1	A2	A3I	ATot	Peak	ABS	Cai
Shot	Round Type		Pa	Pal	Neg P2 Pa	msec	msec	mseci		mPa-sec	mPa-sec	Pa/Volt
49			814.61	-491.26	-650.86	104	164	1113601	220	40.37	86.55	693.88
49	NOZ	2	667.05	-429.65	-492.07	108	180		232	33.17	73.04	557.27
		3	303.03	-308.74	-273.01	128	240		280	23.05	54.99	357.35
		4	176.4	-300.74	-194.92	156	240		308	16.81	36.17	324.86
<del> </del>	-	8	96.4	<del></del>	-110.4	192			320	12.31	22.15	107.47
<b>-</b>		- 0	30.4		1,10.4	102			- 020			
50	M59	1	768.12		-618.24	100			204	37.19	75.93	693.88
00		2	818.63		-663.15	96	<del></del>		200	33.44	75.75	557.27
		3	331.62		-355.92	120			252	23.08	48.56	357.35
		4	190.37		-159.18	140			280	13.47	26.27	324.86
		8	91.14		-107.8	184			320	11.22	20.37	107.47
					i		i					
51	M62	1	899.96	-473.92	-636.29	100	152		208	37.45	80.84	693.88
		2	818.07	-455.29	-534.42	96	156	•	208	34.07	78.18	557.27
		3	189.39		-198.68	140			252	17.74	36.19	357.35
		4	239.75		-215.71	136			292	17.83	40.74	324.86
		8	114.46		-159.5	196			312	17.31	37.94	107.47
53	M17	1	1600.08	-636.3	-880.53	136	220		320	69.94	166.96	693.88
		2	1121.22	-528.85	-655.35	144	244		344	55.45	137.09	557.27
		3	594.27		-472.77	172			416	56.61	141.02	357.35
		4	214.41		-159.18	184			412	24.96	57.05	324.86
		8	164		-154	228			456	25.33	48.62	107.47
54	M33	1	3244:57	-1350.9	-2178	104	168		248	118.58	313.22	693.88
		2	1207.04	-692.13	-959.06	128	224		296	69.21	161.19	557.27
		3	438.47	-401.66	-453.12	168	308		376	44.11	108.05	357.35
		4	322.59		-307.97	192			416	32.37	77.13	324.86
		8	150.36		-179.16	248			444	24.34	47.51	107.47
						404	100		0.40	400 40	329.48	693.88
55	M33		3046.8	-1323.9	2427.18	104	160		248 292	132.13 79.94	181.31	557.27
		2	1263.33	-767.92	-1151.3	132	208		368	40.54	83.12	357.35
<del></del>		3	373.07 295.3		-399.16 -290.1	176 196			412	33.4	69.67	324.86
<del>                                     </del>		8	250.52	-	-275.35	224			472	32.81	62.17	107.47
<u> </u>		- 0	230.32	<del></del>	-213.33	224			7/2	02.01	02.17	
56	M33	1	1779.1	-754.9	-1165.2	132	216		296	80.31	189.8	693.88
1	14100	2	941.23	-580.12	-682.1	144	260		332	59.35	142.8	557.27
!		3	352.34	000.12	-366.64	204			396	39.82	82.55	357.35
		4	191.34		-184.52	228			412	24.57	44.52	324.86
<b> </b>		8			-154.33				448	24.27		107.47
		Ť										
57	M33	1	1788.81	-864.6	-1230.2	132	216		300	88.87	217.68	693.88
		2	711.07	-468.7	-599.04	160	268		344	54.05	116.39	557.27
		3	369.14		-311.25	184			400	35.98	82.06	357.35
		4	306.18		-215.87	224			428	27.94	58.8	324.86
		8	181.52		-226.02	240			476	27.8	64.88	107.47
58	M17		1004.04		-498.2	144	224		320	58.33	116.24	693.88
		2	1526.4		-730.7	128	216		316	73.99		557.27
		3	326.6	-225.8	-225.8	172	248		344	38.77	73.22	357.35
$\vdash$		4	326.6	-273.7	-275.9	196	300		396	32.33	67.56	
		8	183.4		-185.07	224			436	27.02	54.04	107.47
			4000 40		604.07	140	200		324	67.05	146.74	693.88
59	M17		1380.12		-661.27	140	220		344	48.77		
<del></del>		2	664.26	-351.1	-466.43	156 180	244		388	29.84		357.27
<del>  </del>		3	289.58		-267.3	188			420	28.37		324.86
<del></del>		4	271.58		-220.91 -199.15				420	25.84		107.47
	. ;	8	182.06		*133.13	230			460	23.04	30.0	107.77
	i								<u> </u>			

			·				1	4.0	A ** - A	Doole	ADC	Cal
Shot	Round	Ch	Pos P	Neg P1	Neg P2	A1	A2	A3	ATot	Peak	ABS	Pa/Volt
	Type		Pa	Pa	Pa	msec	msec	msec	msec	mPa-sec	mPa-sec	693.88
60	M17	1	1425.92	-562.7	-774.37	136	228		328	63.01	152.63	557.27
		2	891.07	-417.4	-557.83	148	240		344	52.39	117.98	357.25
		3	260.86		-266.98	184			388	32.29	63.66	324.86
		4	220.58		-241.7	216			416	31.55	64.01	
		8	185.5		-184.7	216			488	25.07	52.11	107.47
							100		176	39.48	100.93	693.88
62	M62	1	1741.63	-661.96	-807.67	72	128		176	29.93	66.74	557.27
		2	862.65	-396.77	-565.63	92	144		196		58.7	357.35
i		3	335.91		-368.78	120			248	25.21		324.86
		4	165.03		-163.41	136			264	13.86	27.75	107.47
		8	130.9		-167.44	152			280	12.78	27.92	107.47
							100		400	39.87	107.81	693.88
63	M62	1	1772.16	-597.43	-854.86	72	128		180	31.18	65.47	557.27
		_ 2	755.66	-401.2	-571.2	92	140	·	188 228	16.73	34.67	357.35
		3	294.81		-255.5	116			264	15.8	30.12	324.86
		4	180.95		-167.3	148			276	9.03	17.61	107.47
		8	78.67		-81.57	172			210	3.00	17.0.	
<b></b>			1000 10		924.00	72			172	36.68	96.87	693.88
64	M59		1602.16		-831.96	84			180	33.58	76.12	557.27
<u> </u>		2	967.42		-650.33 -301.35	116			232	19.71	38.95	357.35
		3	291.13		-216.68	132			252	15.46	30.45	324.86
		4	255.99			156			296	10.99	21.77	107.47
L		8	113.92		-113.31	130						
	1400		0040.77	-686.2	-988.08	68	120		172	41.16	111.01	693.88
65	M62		2042.77	-432.44	-545.57	84	144		196	29.55	66.79	557.27
		2	797.45	-432.44	-291.95	104			240	19.88	48.48	357.35
		3	356.99		-165.03	136			260	13.6	26.16	324.86
		4	179.32		-146.6	176			312	14.5	28.45	107.47
		8	123.92		-140.0	170						
H	1450		1613.26		-832.65	72		***	168	38.08	95.55	693.88
66	M59				-597.39	80			172	32.06	73.07	557.27
<u> </u>		2	980.79		-297.67	104			224	18.01	- 38.72	357.35
<u> </u>		3	350.56		-182.57	152			256	14.84	31.83	324.86
<u> </u>		4	187.77 133.05		-186.79	172			304	15.29	40.55	107.47
		8	133.03		-100.75							
67	M59	1	1958.81		-1053.3	80			180	42.4	118.61	
67	MOS	2	1175.3		-719.43	80			176	34.53	82.13	557.27
		3	376.29		-351.27	104			224	18.79	44.42	357.35
<del> </del>		4			-229.03	136			260	14.75	31.37	324.86
		8			-146.49	168			292	11.99	24.33	107.47
		J										
68	M62	1	1560.53		-727.88	76			184	353.29	92.75	693.88
		2	1102		-650.61	84			188	34.77	81.77	557.27
		3			-222.63	124			228	17.69	32.84	357.35
		4			-210.84	132			264	15.28	32.1	324.86
		8			-151.54	160			288	14.08	26.98	107.47
											007.04	700.00
73	TPL-T	1	629.21	-403.58	-555.64	400	680		848	120.85	267.61	700.68
	i	2		-369.54	-492.48	392	705		872	110.47	239.03	554.026
		3			-393.2	420			924	91.431	205.91	350.769
		4	395.44		-359.34	436			944	94.485	201.32	319.416
		8	274.52		-347.99	504			964	85.586	176.83	105.102
										440.45	237.01	700.68
74	TPL-T				-507.99	388			820	113.15	249.41	554.026
		2			-523.83	408			860	118.31 93.81	199.18	350.769
		3			-393.91	420			908	99.01	217.53	319.416
		4			-392.88	416			940	85.03	176.74	105.102
		8	282.34		-332.02	480			976	65.03	170.74	
				<u> </u>					<u> </u>			

						1	4.01	4.0	A Tabl	Dealai	ABS	Cal
Shot	Round	Ch	Pos Pi	Neg P1	Neg P2	A1	A2	A3	ATot	Peak		
·	Type		Pal	Pa	Pai	msec	mseci	msec	msec	mPa-sec	mPa-sec	Pa/Volt
.75	DM18	1	3501.95		-3503.3	140	288	388	516	175.83	1186.95	700.68
		2	2411.68		-1853.2	252	352	476	588	244.21	563.95	554.026
		3	900.768		-900.74	320	456		716	155.46	348.85	350.769
		4	603.687		-573.97	368			780	119.12	244.29	319.416
		8	483.884		-479.37	392			856	111.21	221.53	105.102
76	TPL-T	1	3505.5		-3499.9	120	-		484	161.4	1112.27	700.68
70	11 6-11	2	2772.62		-2178.1	232			548	286.78	645.11	554.026
		3	1139.65	<del></del>	-996.89	300			684	172.84	380.29	350.769
			780.66	<del></del>	-708.15	356			756	144.84	299.88	319.416
		4	513.74		-509.85	404			816	123.08	249.02	105.102
		8	513.74		-309.63	404				120.00		
					0454.4	000			552	293.44	725.2	700.68
77	DM18	1	3505.5		-2454.4	232					525.04	554.026
		2	2251.8		-1621.9	268		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	608	235.02		
		3	867.45		-807.82	332	1		708	142.65	300.05	350.769
		4	748.71		-658.96	364	į		788	132.24	286.73	319.416
		8	411.58		-426.19	412			816	102.94	198.63	105.102
78	TPL-T	1	3505.5		-3499.9	84			432	133.64	1192.5	700.68
		2	2772.6		-2470.1	220			528	313.76	714.9	554.026
		3			-1038.9	304			676	177.85	394.76	350.769
		4	793.75		-703.35	352	1		752	146.31	299.39	319.416
		8	519.44		-524.79	416			848	127.89	260.38	105.102
			010.44									
70	DM18	1	3505.5		-3046.5	216			524	335.45	839.39	700.68
19	DIVITO	2			-1665.1	268	i		612	239.62	538.97	554.026
		3	864.65		-874.47	328			724	155.69	341.65	350.769
					-645.54	372			796	133.93	279.19	319.416
		4	705.91		-524.77	416			860	122.87	253.84	105.102
		8	501.65		-524.11	410			- 000	122.07		
					0500	7.0			416	129.8	1315.22	700.68
80	TPL-T	1	3505		-3500	76				292.8	666.7	554.026
		2	2772.6		-2211.9	228			540		394	350.769
	Ĺ	3	1120.7		-990.2	296			684	173.92		
		4	872		-746.2	352			764	151.85	321.3	319.416
		8	526		-524.8	400			820	125.82	258.83	105,102
												700.00
82	TPL-T	1	3503.3	-2598.1	-3503.3	132	308		480	181.72	995.49	700.68
		2	2770.1	-1332.3	-2526.5	212	340		508	295.34	715.53	554.026
-		3	1346.2	-686	-1093.7	280	472		636	179.5	393.72	350.769
		4	904.58	-538.2	-755.74	336	556		716	144.46	312.97	319.416
		8			-526.5	384	628		776	127.78	259.6	105.102
				<del>-</del>								
83	TPL-T	1	3505		-3500	104			464	148.54	1116.15	700.68
- 63		2			-2506.7	212			500	326.49	721.92	554.68
	-	3			-1109.1	284			644	183.8	401.43	350.769
	-				-758.61				724		305.96	319.416
		4			-524.77	384			796		252.67	105.102
	-	8	526.03		*324.11	304			730	00		
	50000	-	0500 -		0000 5	200	316	448	532	294.83	685.26	700.68
84	DM18				-2360.5						610.92	554.026
		2			-2114.2		<del> </del>		648		374.4	350.769
		3			-1065.3	300					299.85	319.416
		4	808.76		-753.28				732			105.102
		8	525.51	-525.41	-525.41	380			792	123.26	248.85	100.102
		<u> </u>								005.5=	004.00	700.00
85	DM18				-2988.4				508		804.05	700.68
		2	2772.62		-2414.7				532		684.47	554.026
		3	1060.73		-1087.7				668		382.3	350.769
	1	4			-761.81	352			748		302.34	319.416
<del></del>	1	8			-524.8	400			816	128.3	256.35	105.102
	. ·											
	T .	L	·									

Shot	Round	Chi	Pos P	Neg P1	Neg P2	A 1	A2	АЗ	ATot	Peak	ABS	Cal
31101	Type	<u> </u>	Pa	Pa	Pa	msec	msec	msec	msec	mPa-sec	mPa-sec	Pa/Volt
86	DM18	1	3505.5		-2469.9	224			528	307.64	703.97	700.68
- 50	0	2	2772.6		-2691.7	208			528	257.71	701.73	554.026
		3	1055.8		-1101.4	304			652	178.96	385.45	350.769
		4	825.05		-809.4	352			732	152.14	316.88	319.416
		8	513.21		-524.77	408			800	122.5	237.49	105.102
87	TPL-T	1	3505.5		-3500	132			476	191.48	1025.6	700.68
- 0,		2	2772.6		-2400.6	220			508	303,39	678.77	554.026
i		3	1118.25		-1053.3	292			644	177.46	381.85	350.769
		4	899.16		-765	340			728	150.19	323.82	319.416
		8	508.06		-507.54	408			804	121.7	237.65	105,102
.90	TPL-T	1	3505		-3500	56			464	81.27	1328.2	700.68
		2	2583.15		-2077.9	236		·	568	281.98	646.8	554.026
		3	1062.48		-948.13	300			696	171.07	391.58	350.769
		4	832.08		-652.57	336			772	133.89	293.7	319.416
		8	506.5		-468.2	392			836	115.25	232.6	105.102
												700.00
91	DM18	1	3256		-2327.7	248			584	285.3	675.6	700.68
		2	2772.6		-2766.5	180			536	209.6	788.1	554.026
		3	1071.9		-1132.9	296			672	175.4	403.8	350.769
		4	832.1		-652.6	336			772	133.89	293.7	319.416
		8	425.45		-424.6	404			820	104.6	206.5	105.102
												700.00
92	TPL-T	1	3505		-1915	232			576	266.9	611.4	700.68
		2	2346.6		-1731.6	244			592	243.1	565.6	554.026
		3	1102.1		-1003.9	296			688	169	382.7	350.769
		4	782.3		-708.8	356			760	138.2	295.5	319.416
		8	435.5		-451.6	416			816	112.4	223.7	105.102
											200.0	700.68
93	DM18	1	3331		-2329.8	248			588	286.7	689.3	700.68
		2	2772.6		-2766.8	204			552	242.2	758.5	554.026 350.769
		3	1055.8		-1101.4	300			680	171.4	392.4	319.416
		4	739.5		-711	348			760	135.3	294.1	105.102
		8	485.5		-491.9	400			844	111	227.2	103.102
									5.46	2440	771.5	700.69
94	TPL-T	1			-2492	220			548	314.9 257	590	554.026
		2	2511.9		-1900	236			572 700	171.2	380.8	350.769
		3	1042.84		-1006	308			768	136.7	281.8	319.416
		4	752.56		-658.9	356			840	113.2	226.8	105.102
		8	494.7		-457.5	392			840	113.2	220.0	100.102
					0700 5	000			556	312.5	766.7	700.68
95	DM18	1	3505.5		-2722.8	228			588	252.9	594.2	554.026
<u></u>		2	2500		-1992.1	316			708	152.5	348.2	350.769
<u> </u>		3	878.3		-935.2				776	125.9	274.3	319.416
		4			-629.3	360			852	106.2	216.1	105.102
·	ļ <u>—</u>	8	439		-448.1	412			032	100.2	4.0.1	

### APPENDIX F:

MICROPHONE DATA FROM COLLECTION TEST PHASE

### **DATA COLLECTION HIGH FIDELITY MICROPHONE POSITIONS:**

All coordinates are in meters.

#### 30 Mar 93

3-m hub	x: -1.512	y: 1697.509	z: 1.388
6-m hub	x: -5.022	y: 1697.238	z: 1.506
9-m hub	x:-8.270	y: 1697.001	z: 1.450
12-m hub	x:-11.432	y: 1696.818	z: 1.380

### Microphone Elevations, top of microphone:

Hub Reference	31 Mar 93	5 Apr 93	6 Apr 93	7 Apr 93
3-m hub	2.723024	2.723024	2.726072	2.738264
6-m hub	2.86236	2.853216	2.86236	2.856264
9-m hub	2.80636	2.80636	2.812456	2.818552
12-m hub	2.7516	2.711976	2.699784	2.6754

# DATA COLLECTION ROUND LOCATION MICROPHONE POSITIONS:

All coordinates in meters.

#### 30 MARCH93

sensor 1	x:0242	y: 1697.945	z:1.516
sensor 2	x: 2.798	y: 1698.901	z:1.685
sensor 3	x: -0.192	y: 1698.927	z:1.692
sensor 4	x:-3.230	y: 1698.966	z:1.692
sensor 5	x: -1.796	y: 1698.902	z:1.692
sensor 6	x: -2.205	v: 1698.915	z:1.725

### 8 APR 93

## 10° Rotation, Counter Clockwise about sensor 3

sensor 1	x: -0.006	y: 1697.976	z:1.654
sensor 2	x: 2.772	y: 1699.465	z:1.719
sensor 3	x: -0.192	y: 1698.927	z:1.692
sensor 4	x:-3.150	y: 1698.448	z:1.607
sensor 5	x: 2.953	y: 1698.460	z:1.698
sensor 6	x: -2.974	y: 1697.498	z:1.666

#### DATA COLLECTION GUN POSITIONS:

#### All coordinates in meters.

<u>References</u>			
1700 M Position	x: 0	y: 0	z: 0
1000 M Position	x: -7.181	y: 700.252	z: 0.244
800 M Position	x: -8.530	y: 900.249	z: 0.801
600 M Position	x: -11.340	y: 1100.137	z: -0.175
400 M Position	x: -23.602	y: 1299.785	z: -0.534
		•	
30 MAR 93			
7.62 mm Muzzle	x: 22.583	y: 1299.923	z: 0.676
		•	
5 APR 93			
7.62 Muzzle	x: -6.296	y: 900.175	z: 1.990
		<b>,</b>	
6 APR 93			
.50 cal Muzzle	x: -5.230	y: 700.283	z: 1.490
7.62 Muzzle	x: -22.074	y: 1299.934	z: 0.737
		<b>,</b>	
7 APR 93			
35 mm Muzzle	x: -5.487	y: 698.197	z: 2.051
35 mm Muzzle	x: -22.813	y: 1298.062	z: 1.370
35 mm Muzzle	x: -1.967	y: 1.882	z: 1.778
		•	
8 APR 93			
0.50 cal Muzzle	x: -22.126	y: 1299.823	z: 0.736
35 mm Muzzle	x: -22840	y: 1297.942	z: 1.376
		• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
9 APR 93			
35 mm Muzzle	x: -1.900	y: -1.877	z: 1.819
35 mm Muzzle	x: -8.713	y: 698.340	z: 2.063
		-	

	LMic6	(msec)	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	1.256	1.454	1.298	1.396	1.544	1.520	1.484	1.060	0.756	1.014	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	3.215	3.605	3.245	DNA	3.515	3.260	DNA	DNA
	LMic5	(msec)	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	1.844	1.516	1.860	1.838	1.592	1.656	1.786	2.194	2.516	2.140	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	3.130	3.265	3.060	DNA	3.700	3.185	DNA	DNA
	LMic4	(msec)	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	2.785	3.020	2.855	2.985	3.160	3.120	3.115	2.590	2.195	2.505	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	3.635	4.660	3.660	DNA	4.635	3.750	DNA	DNA
Arrival Time	LMic3	(msec)	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	2.840	2.530	2.860	DNA	2.475	2.840	DNA	DNA
A	LMic2	(msec)	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	3.590	3.150	3.620	3.600	3.270	3.380	3.555	4.055	4.420	3.975	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	3.515	4.265	3.395	DNA	4.890	3.625	DNA	DNA
	LMic1	(msec)	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	-1.694	-1.650	-1.640	-1.688	-1.684	-1.672	-1.632	-1.626	-1.780	-1.616	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	0.000	0.000	0.000	DNA	0.000	0.000	DNA	DNA
	HMic5	(m)	C Z	GN	QN	QN	11.340	11.365	11.535	11.370	11.481	11.513	11.433	11.137	10.901	11.146	11.635	11.658	11.674	QN	QN	11.914	11.752	11.599	11.879	S	11.222	11.803	QN	11.138
	HMic4	(m)	CN CN	S	GN	GN	8.183	8.205	8.386	8 209	8.321	8.354	8.272	7.677	7.735	7.990	8.470	8 497	8.509	GN	QX	8.790	8.616	8.462	8.745	QN	8.070	999.8	QN	8.011
Offeet Distance	HMic3		CN CN			QN CN	5.007	5.016	5.238	5,020	5 134	5.173	5.083	4 793	4.528	4818	5.263	5 285	5 305	CIN	QN	5.641	5.441	5.288	5.575	GN	4 858	5.488	QN	4.865
)JO	HMiss	7 (m)	CIN CIN	2 2		S S	2 030	1 970	2348	1 964	2006	2 135	2007	1 812	1.468	1 904	2070	2000	2.0.2	OIN	G Z	9997	2.383	2 252	2.519	CN	1 678	2.408	QN	2.052
	HMicl	FIMICI (m)		ON CIN	Z CZ	3 5	2 200	1.467	1 840	1.010	1 481	1537	1.007	1.530	1 387	1 644	1.044	1.201	1.234	CC2:1	S S	1 903	1,620	1 503	1,698	CIN	1188	1,400	CN	1.825
ua	Z Z	SC.	Consec.	-	7	2	* 4	6	0 1	\	0	200	110	11	13	2	# 2	2 2	17	77	01 02	2 2	27	2.2	27	20	#7 20	2,5	27.	28

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	LMic6	(msec)	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	4.595	3.185	-1.570	2.895	3.285	1.855	5.020	0.505	3.460	DNA	3.795	3.305	3.305	3.565	2.920	2.990	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	4.425
	LMic5	(msec)	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	3.200	1.580	5.970	3.130	3.075	3.155	-0.390	5.220	2.715	DNA	3.260	3.425	3.425	3.310	3.815	3.835	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	2.195
	LMic4	(msec)	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	6.835	4.360	-1.670	4.520	5.025	2.475	6.975	1.545	5.265	DNA	5.165	4.555	4.635	4.890	4.105	4.255	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	6.070
Arrival Time	LMic3	(msec)	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	1.510	1.695	1.530	1.450	1.545	1.745	1.755	1.510	1.465	DNA	2.260	2.190	2.110	2.310	2.175	2.135	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	2.185
7	LMic2	(msec)	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	5.355	2.105	8.395	4.860	4.810	4.365	-0.760	7.480	4.385	DNA	4.590	4.790	4.785	4.620	5.265	5.330	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	3.190
	LMic1	(msec)	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	DNA	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	0.000
	HMic5	(m)	11.239	12.071	11.802	ΩN	ΩN	ND	QN	11.765	QN	QN	11.505	11.619	ΩN	ND	9.948	11.813	12.004	11.675	11.354	11.391	11.559	11.012	11.031	ND	12.168	11.488	11.257	12.308
a	HMic4	(m)	8.077	8.923	8.658	ND	ON	QN	QN	8.601	Q	QN	8:380	8.482	ND	QN	6.802	9.676	8.878	8.528	8.227	8.265	8.423	7.884	7.897	QN	9.040	8.325	8.093	9.160
Offset Distance	HMic3	(m)	4.838	5.719	5.463	<u>S</u>	QN	Q	QN	5.354	QN	QN	5.236	5.305	QN	ND	3.615	5.500	5.734	5.333	5.082	5.125	5.255	4.743	4.739	QN	5.886	5.087	4.847	5.956
Ō	HMic2	(m)	. 1.459	2.490	2.304	QN	QN	QN	QN ON	1.872	QN	ND	2.346	2.255	ND	ON	1.141	2.425	2.769	2.191	2.235	2.286	2.263	1.999	1.909	ND	2.867	1.700	1.404	2.719
	HMic1	(m)	0.756	1.394	1.416	QN	ΩN	QN	QN	0.334	QN	ND	1.844	1.571	QN	QN	2.073	1.617	1.971	1.383	1.841	1.874	1.653	1.883	1.751	ΩN	1.961	0.692	0.572	1.523
RD.	NO.	Consec.	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	20	51	52	53	54	55	56

RD.		Ö	Offset Distanc	93				Arrival Time			
NO.	HMic1	HMic2	HMic3	HMic4	HMic5	LMic1	LMic2	LMic3	LMic4	LMic5	LMic6
Consec.	(m)	(m)	(m)	(m)	(m)	(msec)	(msec)	(msec)	(msec)	(msec)	(msec)
57	1.304	2.746	6.114	9.343	12.501	0.000	2.870	2.170	6.450	1.870	4.745
58	2.458	1.976	4.126	7.195	10.302	0.000	5.980	1.950	2.860	4.285	1.945
59	2.306	3.371	6.412	9.557	12.680	0.000	2.410	1.970	6.040	1.625	4.350
09	2.392	3.180	6.032	9.136	12.242	0.000	3.290	1.965	5.280	2.305	3.785
61	ON	QN	ΩN	QN	QN.	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA
62	1.532	2.437	5.563	8.750	11.893	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA
63	1.369	2.006	5.115	8.310	11.457	0.000	5.220	1.725	4.955	3.480	3.335
64	1.507	2.048	5.080	8.262	11.405	0:000	5.290	1.710	4.750	3.525	3.155
65	1.212	2.233	5.476	889.8	11.841	0.000	4.630	1.770	5.725	2.980	3.905
99	1.422	1.944	5.011	8.202	11.347	0.000	5.435	1.805	4.765	3.665	3.165
29	1.481	1.789	4.797	7.984	11.129	0.000	5.840	1.785	4.295	3.975	2.810
89	1.594	1.968	4.926	8.099	11.239	0.000	5.510	1.755	4.360	3.750	2.835
69	QN	QN	ΩN	QN	QN	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA
70	QN	QN	ΔN	Q.	QN	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA
7.1	ND	ND	QN	QN	QN	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA
72	ND	QN	QN	<u>Q</u>	QN	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA
73	N ON	QN	QN	QN	QN	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA
74	ND	QN	ND	QN.	ND	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA
75	1.201	2.432	5.743	8.961	12.120	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA
2/6	1.317	2.153	5.331	8.530	11.683	0.000	3.840	0.905	5.795	2.050	3.585
77	1.882	2.925	6.040	9.208	12.349	0.000	2.215	1.120	6.305	1.015	4.125
78	098.0	1.768	5.103	8.333	11.495	0.000	4.625	0.895	6.180	2.560	3.775
79	1.407	2.839	6.200	9.424	12.584	0.000	1.545	1.120	7.395	0.310	4.950
80	0.752	2.035	5.434	8.671	11.835	0.000	3.780	0.890	6.850	1.800	4.380
81	QN	QN	ΩN	QN	QN	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA
82	1.517	2.113	5.164	8.342	11.488	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA
83	1.251	1.981	5.161	8.363	11.518	0.000	4.705	0.740	5.085	2.630	2.970
84	2.011	2.395	5.178	8.296	11.421	0.000	4.605	096:0	4.115	2.765	2.405

		- 1			- i		· · ·	- 1	· i	i		1	1			i			1	1	1	1	i						-	
	LMic6	(msec)	2.760	1.985	2.900	DNA	DNA	DNA	1.565	2.510	1.670	3.225	3.175	1.455	2.530	2.140	2.040	2.535	2.475	1.815	-0.670	-0.850	-1.035	-1.295	-0.915	-0.935	3.485	3.595	3.725	5.170
	LMic5	(msec)	2.910	3.400	2.495	DNA	DNA	DNA	4.420	2.560	• 4.300	2.285	2.890	4.675	3.725	4.385	4.100	4.345	4.305	4.920	6.190	6.230	6.275	7.520	7.110	7.170	2.585	1.955	2.005	2.445
	LMic4	(msec)	4.675	3.640	4.960	DNA	DNA	DNA	3.020	4.065	3.120	5.120	5.010	3.245	4.385	4.015	3.880	4.350	4.315	3.670	1.025	0.800	0.615	0.475	0.820	0.805	5.310	5.430	5.545	7.080
Arrival Time	LMic3	(msec)	0.965	0.955	0.730	DNA	DNA	DNA	1.365	1.150	1.370	1.155	1.340	1.395	1.485	1.410	1.455	1.425	1.440	1.365	1.160	1.100	1.065	0.950	1.015	1.005	1.565	1.580	1.580	1.740
/	LMic2	(msec)	4.895	5.455	4.515	DNA	DNA	DNA	6.560	4.125	6.390	3.900	4.635	5.785	4.835	5.485	5.210	5.400	5.355	6.015	7.220	7.255	7.260	8.475	8.045	8.095	3.695	3.090	3.130	3.445
	LMic1	(msec)	0.000	0.000	0.000	DNA	DNA	DNA	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	HMic5	(m)	11.494	11.028	11.552	QN.	QN	11.846	10.352	11.471	10.444	11.655	11.395	11.382	11.913	11.614	11.723	11.705	11.698	11.839	10.337	10.273	10.213	10.009	10.155	10.124	12.496	12.780	12.769	12.687
	HMic4	(m)	8.348	7.891	8.400	QN	ND	8.684	7.203	8.375	7.298	8.519	8.250	8.250	8.775	8.469	8.590	8.557	8.549	889.8	7.203	7.139	7.083	6.844	6.993	6.962	9.352	9.644	9.629	9.525
Offset Distance	HMic3	(m)	5.169	4.746	5.206	Q.	Q	5.455	4.025	5.329	4.130	5.369	5.077	5.115	5.617	5.293	5.446	5.374	5.361	5.494	4.074	4.012	3.968	3.601	3.771	3.737	6.174	6.484	6.462	6.295
jO	HMia2	(m)	2.117	1.949	2.065	QN.	QN	2.103	1.321	2.791	1.440	2.410	2.063	2.271	2.588	2.232	2.503	2.265	2.232	2.324	1.632	1.616	1.663	0.436	0.827	0.790	3.010	3.361	3.315	2.903
	HMic1	(E)	1.517	1.819	1.351	Q.	QN	0.916	1.849	2.496	1.863	1.789	1.558	1.878	1.786	1.550	1.860	1.490	1.439	1.412	2.129	2.169	2.257	1.686	1.702	1.713	1.873	2.208	2.137	1.401
RD.	NO.	Consec.	85	98	87	88	68	06	91	92	93	25	95	96	97	86	86	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112

LMic1         LMic2         LMic3         LN           0.000         3.345         1.660         6           0.000         3.345         1.660         6           0.000         3.3910         1.635         6           0.000         3.390         1.705         6           0.000         3.420         1.690         6           0.000         3.580         1.690         6           0.000         3.580         1.690         6           0.000         3.580         1.690         6           0.000         3.580         1.675         6           0.000         3.580         1.675         6           0.000         3.580         1.675         6           0.000         3.580         1.675         6           0.000         3.580         1.675         6           0.000         3.580         1.675         6           0.000         3.580         1.675         6           0.000         3.580         1.675         6           0.000         5.160         1.485         5           0.000         5.160         1.00A         DNA <tr< th=""><th>Offset Distanc</th></tr<>	Offset Distanc
(msec)         4           0.000         3.390         1.605         6.545         2.235         4         4           0.000         3.420         1.675         6.545         2.285         4           0.000         3.420         1.675         6.470         2.325         4           0.000         3.420         1.675         6.470         2.325         4           0.000         3.420         1.675         6.470         2.325         4           0.000         3.420         1.675         6.470         2.325         4           0.000         3.580         1.675         6.470         2.325         4         4           0.000         3.100         1.675         0.000         5.000         0.000         0.000         0.000	HMic2 HMic3 HMic4 H
0.000         3.345         1.660         6.745         2.325         4           0.000         3.910         1.635         6.565         2.930         4           0.000         3.910         1.635         6.565         2.930         4           0.000         3.920         1.705         6.545         2.285         4           0.000         3.420         1.675         6.470         2.325         4           0.000         3.580         1.690         6.935         2.520         5           0.000         3.580         1.690         6.935         2.5250         5           0.000         5.160         1.485         5.455         4.150         3           0.000         5.160         1.485         5.455         4.150         3           0.000         5.160         1.485         5.455         4.150         3           0.000         5.160         1.485         5.455         4.150         3           0.000         5.160         1.485         5.455         4.150         3           0.000         5.160         1.485         5.455         4.150         3           0.00         5.100	(m)
0.000         3.910         1.635         6.565         2.930         4           0.000         3.390         1.705         6.545         2.285         4           0.000         3.420         1.675         6.470         2.325         4           0.000         3.420         1.675         6.470         2.325         4           0.000         3.580         1.690         6.935         2.550         5           0.000         3.580         1.690         6.935         2.550         5           0.000         3.580         1.690         6.935         2.550         5           0.000         3.580         1.690         6.935         2.550         5           0.000         3.580         1.690         6.935         2.550         5           0.000         3.580         1.690         6.935         2.550         5           0.000         3.160         1.485         5.455         4.150         3           0.000         5.160         1.485         5.455         4.150         3           0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00	5 9.485
0.000         3.390         1.705         6.545         2.285         4           0.000         3.420         1.675         6.470         2.325         4           0.000         3.580         1.690         6.935         2.550         5           0.000         3.580         1.690         6.935         2.550         5           0.000         3.580         1.690         6.935         2.550         5           0.000         3.580         1.690         6.935         2.550         5           0.000         5.160         1.485         5.455         4.150         3           0.000         5.160         1.485         5.455         4.150         3           0.000         5.160         1.485         5.455         4.150         3           0.000         5.160         1.485         5.455         4.150         3           0.000         5.160         1.485         5.455         4.150         3           0.000         5.160         1.00A         DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA           0.000         5.160         1.00A         DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA </td <td>2.618 6.046 9.285 12.</td>	2.618 6.046 9.285 12.
0.000         3.420         1.675         6.470         2.325         4           0.000         3.580         1.690         6.935         2.550         5           0.000         3.580         1.690         6.935         2.550         5           0.000         5.160         1.485         5.455         4.150         3           0.000         5.160         1.485         5.455         4.150         3           DNA         DNA <t< td=""><td>6.265 9.500</td></t<>	6.265 9.500
0.000         3.580         1.690         6.935         2.550         5           0.000         5.160         1.485         5.455         4.150         3           0.000         5.160         1.485         5.455         4.150         3           DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA           DNA	6.243 9.473
0.000         5.160         1.485         5.455         4.150         3           DNA         D	6.180 9.423
DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA           DNA         DNA         <	5.545 8.773
DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA           DNA         DNA         <	5.219 8.410
DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA	5.076 8.257
DNA         DNA <td>4.895 8.115</td>	4.895 8.115
DNA	4.820 7.986
DNA	5.280 8.493
DNA	1.676 4.958 8.182
DNA	2.243 5.269 8.439
DNA         DNA <td>2.317 5.185 8.323</td>	2.317 5.185 8.323
DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA	8.248
DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA	2.106 5.113 8.284
DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA	2.055 5.114 8.295
DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA	4.982
DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA	2.634 5.528 8.657
DNA	2.497 5.407 8.545
DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA	2.846 5.649 8.749
DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA	1.060 4.114 7.331
DNA	2.235 5.428 8.627
DNA	
DNA DNA DNA DNA DNA DNA DNA DNA DNA	
DNA DNA DNA DNA DNA	1.937 5.254 8.479
AND DAILY DAILY	2.100 5.482 8.715
	1.649 4.613 7.796

#### APPENDIX G:

LOCATION DATA FROM FEASIBILITY TEST PHASE

ay	gjj			5,6	2,6	5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6
Array	Config			2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,	2,4,	2,4,	2,4,	2,4	2,4	2,4	2,4	2,4	2,4	2,4	2,4	2,4	2,4	2,4	2,4	2,4	2,4	2,4	2,4	2,4	2,4	2,4	2,4
EA	۸۷	%		2		-	3	-	2	3	7	-	3	3	2	-1	7	-	-	က	0		3	2	2	3	2	7	7	Ċ
Error Analysis	Δ Vel	s/w		23	-10	-19	-29	9	-25	-36	-32	-17	40	-49	24	7	24	12	-11	-30	-2	-10	-32	-21	-21	25	-51	-18	16	0
PREDICTED	Velocity	s/m		1442	1467	1476	1108	1068	1104	1105	1608	1571	1505	1615	1016	1041	1020	1035	890	919	968	892	916	606	916	862	945	917	875	894
Error Analysis	Offset Distance	m		0.249	0.257	0.279	0.269	0.276	0.252	0.265	0.264	0.312	0.257	0.383	0.310	0.278	0.246	0.270	0.236	0.225	0.327	0.196	0.286	0.255	0.286	0.257	0.234	0.296	0.317	0.094
nalysis	del Z	m		-0.137	-0.143	-0.177	-0.233	-0.208	-0.172	-0.171	-0.099	-0.205	-0.180	-0.148	-0.230	-0.153	-0.146	-0.155	-0.087	-0.014	-0.165	-0.043	-0.201	-0.160	-0.181	-0.120	-0.150	-0.192	-0.251	0.217
Error Analysis	del Y	ш		-0.208	-0.214	-0.216	-0.134	-0.181	-0.184	-0.203	-0.245	-0.235	-0.183	-0.353	-0.207	-0.232	-0.198	-0.221	0.219	0.225	0.282	0.191	0.203	0.199	0.222	0.227	0.180	0.225	0.193	0 100
N ON TARGET		(m)	DNA	7.210	7.196	6.970	7.506	7.181	7.105	7.104	7.142	7.108	6.903	7.061	7.063	6.946	6.779	6.778	6.140	5.707	6.978	7.426	7.194	7.663	6.724	6.853	6.963	6.785	7.164	0107
PACT LOCATIO	Υ	(m)	DNA	0.443	0.349	0.221	0.569	0.616	0.459	0.508	0.360	0.640	0.068	0.628	0.462	0.357	0.563	0.466	-0.704	-0.940	0.283	-0.226	0.202	0.046	0.153	-0.172	-0.315	0:030	1.142	100
PREDICTED IMPACT LOCATION ON	×	(m)	DNA	1701.13	1701.13	1701.12	1701.14	1701.14	1701.14	1701.14	1701.13	1701.15	1701.11	1701.15	1701.14	1701.13	1701.14	1701.14	1701.07	1701.05	1701.12	1701.09	1701.12	1701.11	1701.12	1701.10	1701.09	1701.11	1701.17	
RD		Consec.	-	2	. 6	2 4		3	7	. a	5	10	=	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	i

Offset Distance         Velocity         Δ Vel         ΔV           m         m/s         %         %           m         m/s         %         %           m         m/s         m/s         %           m/s         m/s         %         %           c         0.337         904         -15         2           c         0.284         931         -42         4           d         0.284         931         -42         4           e         0.284         931         -42         4           e         0.328         1133         6         1           e         0.262         1137         20         2           e         0.263         1191         9         1           e         0.258         1191         9         1           e         0.258         1191         4         4           e         0.270         1114         43         4           e         0.142         1395         19         1           e         0.147         1445         1         1           e         0.147         1415 <th>RD.</th> <th>PREDICTED IMPACT LOCATION ON</th> <th>PACT LOCATIC</th> <th>ON ON TARGET</th> <th>Error Analysis</th> <th>nalysis</th> <th>Error Analysis</th> <th>PREDICTED</th> <th>PREDICTED Error Analysis</th> <th>FA</th> <th>Array</th>	RD.	PREDICTED IMPACT LOCATION ON	PACT LOCATIC	ON ON TARGET	Error Analysis	nalysis	Error Analysis	PREDICTED	PREDICTED Error Analysis	FA	Array
(m)         (m)         (m)         m         m         m         m/s         m/s         %           1701.15         0.578         7.999         0.207         0.266         0.337         904         -15         2           1701.13         0.532         7.999         0.0207         -0.266         0.337         904         -15         2           1701.13         0.332         7.999         0.172         -0.255         0.284         907         -16         2           DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         -0.255         0.284         931         -17         -2         4           DNA         DNA         DNA         0.217         0.224         0.311         1178         -33         3           1701.10         0.068         7.647         0.217         0.224         0.326         1156         8         1           1701.10         0.068         7.647         0.216         0.286         1159         2         2           1701.11         0.089         6.452         0.210         0.781         0.286         1159         2         2           1701.12         0.250         6.452         0.210		×	Y		del Y	del Z		Velocity	ΔVel	<b>i</b>	Config
1701.15         0.758         7.999         0.207         -0.266         0.337         904         -15         2           1701.14         0.542         8.660         0.243         -0.187         0.307         907         -16         2           1701.13         0.533         7.938         0.172         -0.225         0.284         931         -42         4           DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA	onsec.	(m)	(m)	(m)	E	E	ш	m/s	m/s	3	9,,,,,
1701.14         0.542         8.660         0.243         -0.187         0.307         907         -16         2           1701.13         DNA         DNA         0.172         -0.225         0.284         931         -42         4           DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA	29	1701.15	0.758	7.999	0.207	-0.266	0.337	904	-15	2 6	2456
1701.13         0.333         7.938         0.172         -0.225         0.284         991         -42         4           DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         -0.224         0.311         1178         -33         3           DNA         DNA         DNA         0.217         -0.224         0.311         1178         -33         3           1701.11         0.068         7.647         0.217         -0.224         0.311         1178         -33         3           1701.14         0.080         7.821         0.245         -0.218         0.328         1133         6         1           1701.13         0.007         0.075         0.248         0.228         1156         8         1           1701.13         0.418         7.076         0.207         0.179         0.289         1191         43         4           DNA	30	1701.14	0.542	8.060	0.243	-0.187	0:307	206	-16	2	2456
DNA         DNA <td>31</td> <td>1701.13</td> <td>0.333</td> <td>7.938</td> <td>0.172</td> <td>-0.225</td> <td>0.284</td> <td>931</td> <td>-42</td> <td>4</td> <td>2456</td>	31	1701.13	0.333	7.938	0.172	-0.225	0.284	931	-42	4	2456
DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA           DNA         DNA         0.214         0.214         0.311         1178         -33         3           1701.11         0.068         7.847         0.217         0.224         0.311         1178         -33         3           1701.12         0.0780         7.821         0.245         -0.218         0.238         1133         6         1           1701.13         0.072         6.875         0.245         0.248         0.286         1191         9         1           1701.14         0.591         6.665         0.084         0.248         0.286         1191         9         1           1701.13         0.026         6.492         0.210         0.781         0.809         1191         9         1           1701.13         0.260         6.502         0.185         0.189         0.199         1         1           DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         0.189         0.118         1300         11         1           DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         0.0189         0.118         0.147         1415         1 <td>32</td> <td>DNA</td> <td>DNA</td> <td>DNA</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2/2/2/2</td>	32	DNA	DNA	DNA							2/2/2/2
DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         ODA         ODA <td>33</td> <td>DNA</td> <td>DNA</td> <td>DNA</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	33	DNA	DNA	DNA							
1701.11         0.068         7.647         0.217         -0.224         0.311         1178         -33         3           1701.12         0.180         7.821         0.245         -0.218         0.328         1133         6         1           1701.10         -0.072         6.975         0.247         -0.162         0.296         1156         8         1           1701.11         -0.025         6.492         0.210         0.781         0.809         1191         9         1           1701.12         0.280         6.502         0.105         -0.169         0.258         1129         23         2           1701.13         0.248         0.207         -0.173         0.258         1129         23         2           1701.13         0.418         7.076         0.207         -0.173         0.270         1114         43         4           DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         NA	34	DNA	DNA	DNA							
1701.12         0.180         7.821         0.245         -0.218         0.328         1133         6         1           1701.10         -0.072         6.975         0.247         0.162         0.296         1156         8         1           1701.14         0.591         6.665         0.084         0.248         0.262         1137         20         2           1701.12         0.026         6.502         0.195         0.169         0.258         1129         23         2           1701.13         0.418         7.076         0.207         0.173         0.270         1114         43         4           DNA         DNA         DNA         NA	35	1701.11	0.068	7.647	0.217	-0.224	0.311	1178	-33	6	2456
1701.10         0.0072         6.975         0.247         -0.162         0.296         1156         8         1           1701.14         0.6591         6.665         0.084         0.248         0.262         1137         20         2           1701.11         -0.025         6.492         0.210         0.781         0.809         1191         9         1           1701.12         0.260         6.502         0.195         -0.169         0.258         1129         23         2           1701.13         0.418         7.076         0.207         -0.173         0.270         1114         43         4           DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         1114         43         4           DNA         DNA         DNA         NA         1114         43         4           DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         114         43         4           DNA         DNA         DNA         NA         NA <td>36</td> <td>1701.12</td> <td>0.180</td> <td>7.821</td> <td>0.245</td> <td>-0.218</td> <td>0.328</td> <td>1133</td> <td>9</td> <td>) <del>-</del></td> <td>245,0</td>	36	1701.12	0.180	7.821	0.245	-0.218	0.328	1133	9	) <del>-</del>	245,0
1701.14         0.591         6.665         0.084         0.248         0.262         1137         20         2           1701.11         -0.025         6.492         0.210         0.781         0.809         1191         9         1           1701.12         0.260         6.502         0.195         -0.169         0.258         1129         23         2           1701.13         0.418         7.076         0.207         -0.173         0.270         1114         43         4           DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         NA         <	37	1701.10	-0.072	6.975	0.247	-0.162	0.296	1156	8	•	2456
1701.11         -0.025         6492         0.210         0.781         0.809         1191         9         1           1701.12         0.260         6.502         0.195         -0.169         0.238         123         23         2           1701.13         0.418         7.076         0.207         -0.173         0.270         1114         43         4           DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         NA         NA <td< td=""><td>38</td><td>1701.14</td><td>.0.591</td><td>6.665</td><td>0.084</td><td>0.248</td><td>0.262</td><td>1137</td><td>20</td><td></td><td>2.4.5.6</td></td<>	38	1701.14	.0.591	6.665	0.084	0.248	0.262	1137	20		2.4.5.6
1701.12         0.260         6.502         0.195         -0.169         0.258         1129         23         2           1701.13         0.418         7.076         0.207         -0.173         0.270         1114         43         4           DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         TA         <	39	1701.11	-0.025	6.492	0.210	0.781	0.809	1191	6	-	2456
1701.13         0.418         7.076         0.207         -0.173         0.270         1114         43         4           DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         C.0.00         C.0.00         C.0.00         C.0.00         C.0.00         C.0.00         C.0.00         C.0.00         C.0.118         C.0.108         C.0.118         C.0.108         C.0.118         C.0.118         C.0.00         C.0.00 </td <td>40</td> <td>1701.12</td> <td>0.260</td> <td>6.502</td> <td>0.195</td> <td>-0.169</td> <td>0.258</td> <td>1129</td> <td>23</td> <td>2</td> <td>2456</td>	40	1701.12	0.260	6.502	0.195	-0.169	0.258	1129	23	2	2456
DNA         DNA         DNA         CONA         CO	41	1701.13	0.418	7.076	0.207	-0.173	0.270	1114	43	4	2456
DNA         DNA         DNA         COURA         DNA         COURA         DNA         COURA         COURA <td>42</td> <td>DNA</td> <td>DNA</td> <td>DNA</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>alai-i-</td>	42	DNA	DNA	DNA							alai-i-
DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         COURA         DNA         COURA	43	DNA	DNA	DNA							
DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         -0.039         -0.112         0.118         1300         11         1           1701.12         -0.124         6.979         -0.028         -0.142         0.142         1295         19         1           1701.12         -0.074         6.792         -0.059         -0.135         0.147         1415         -102         7           1701.12         0.269         6.931         -0.012         -0.114         0.115         1291         14         1           DNA         DNA         DNA         -0.012         -0.118         0.159         857         20         2           1701.12         -0.043         6.455         0.008         -0.158         0.140         875         10         1           1701.12         -0.043         6.546         0.020         -0.139         0.140         875         10         1           1701.12         0.0266         7.124         -0.007         -0.177         0.178         847         22         3           1701.12         0.016         0.017         0.177         0.177         874         13         1	44	DNA	DNA	DNA							
DNA         DNA         DNA         -0.039         -0.112         0.118         1300         11         1           1701.12         -0.145         7.197         -0.028         -0.140         0.142         1295         19         1           1701.12         -0.074         6.792         -0.059         -0.135         0.147         1415         -102         7           1701.12         0.269         6.931         -0.012         -0.114         0.115         1291         14         1           DNA         DNA         DNA         -0.012         -0.158         0.159         857         20         2           1701.12         -0.043         6.546         0.020         -0.158         0.140         875         10         1           1701.12         -0.266         7.124         -0.007         -0.179         0.178         875         10         1           1701.12         0.314         7.309         0.003         -0.177         0.178         874         13         1           DNA         DNA         DNA         NA         -0.172         0.172         0.172         0.172         0.172         0.172         0.172         0.172	45	DNA	DNA	DNA							
1701.12         -0.124         6.979         -0.039         -0.112         0.118         1300         11         1           1701.12         -0.145         7.197         -0.028         -0.140         0.142         1295         19         1           1701.12         -0.074         6.792         -0.059         -0.135         0.147         1415         -102         7           DNA         DNA         DNA         -0.012         -0.114         0.115         1291         14         1           1701.12         0.319         6.455         0.008         -0.158         0.140         857         20         2           1701.12         -0.043         6.546         0.020         -0.139         0.140         875         10         1           1701.12         -0.266         7.124         -0.007         -0.177         0.178         847         22         3           1701.12         0.314         7.309         0.003         -0.172         0.172         874         13         1	46	DNA	DNA	DNA							-
1701.12         -0.145         7.197         -0.028         -0.140         0.142         1295         19         1           1701.12         -0.074         6.792         -0.059         -0.135         0.147         1415         -102         7           1701.12         0.269         6.931         -0.012         -0.114         0.115         1291         14         1           DNA         DNA         DNA         -0.012         -0.158         0.159         857         20         2           1701.12         -0.043         6.546         0.020         -0.139         0.140         875         10         1           1701.12         -0.266         7.124         -0.007         -0.179         0.178         847         22         3           1701.12         0.314         7.309         0.003         -0.172         0.172         874         13         1           DNA         DNA         DNA         -0.172         0.172         0.172         0.172         0.172         0.172         0.172         0.172         0.172         0.172         0.172         0.172         0.172         0.172         0.172         0.172         0.172         0.172 <td< td=""><td>47</td><td>1701.12</td><td>-0.124</td><td>6.979</td><td>-0.039</td><td>-0.112</td><td>0.118</td><td>1300</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>2456</td></td<>	47	1701.12	-0.124	6.979	-0.039	-0.112	0.118	1300		-	2456
1701.12         -0.074         6.792         -0.059         -0.135         0.147         1415         -102         7           1701.12         0.269         6.931         -0.012         -0.114         0.115         1291         14         1           DNA         DNA         DNA         -0.018         0.008         -0.158         0.159         857         20         2           1701.12         -0.043         6.546         0.020         -0.139         0.140         875         10         1           1701.12         -0.266         7.124         -0.007         -0.177         0.178         847         22         3           1701.12         0.314         7.309         0.003         -0.172         0.172         874         13         1           DNA         DNA         DNA         -0.172         0.172         0.172         874         13         1	48	1701.12	-0.145	7.197	-0.028	-0.140	0.142	1295	19	.   -	2456
1701.12         0.269         6.931         -0.012         -0.114         0.115         1291         14         1           DNA         DNA         DNA         -0.008         -0.158         0.159         857         20         2           1701.12         -0.043         6.546         0.020         -0.139         0.140         875         10         1           1701.12         -0.266         7.124         -0.007         -0.177         0.178         847         22         3           1701.12         0.314         7.309         0.003         -0.172         0.172         874         13         1           DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         NA         874         13         1	49	1701.12	-0.074	6.792	-0.059	-0.135	0.147	1415	-102	7	2456
DNA         DNA         DNA         -0.158         0.159         857         20         2           1701.12         -0.043         6.546         0.020         -0.139         0.140         875         10         1           1701.12         -0.266         7.124         -0.007         -0.177         0.178         847         22         3           1701.12         0.314         7.309         0.003         -0.172         0.172         874         13         1           DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         NA	50	1701.12	0.269	6.931	-0.012	-0.114	0.115	1291	14	-	2456
1701.12         0.319         6.455         0.008         -0.158         0.159         857         20         2           1701.12         -0.043         6.546         0.020         -0.139         0.140         875         10         1           1701.12         -0.266         7.124         -0.007         -0.177         0.178         847         22         3           DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         13         1	51	DNA	DNA	DNA						•	0,0,1
1701.12         -0.043         6.546         0.020         -0.139         0.140         875         10         1           1701.12         -0.266         7.124         -0.007         -0.177         0.178         847         22         3           1701.12         0.314         7.309         0.003         -0.172         0.172         874         13         1           DNA	52	1701.12	0.319	6.455	0.008	-0.158	0.159	857	20	,	2456
1701.12         -0.266         7.124         -0.007         -0.177         0.178         847         22         3           1701.12         0.314         7.309         0.003         -0.172         874         13         1           DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         13         1	53	1701.12	-0.043	6.546	0.020	-0.139	0.140	875	10	-	2456
1701.12         0.314         7.309         0.003         -0.172         0.172         874         13         1           DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         13         1	54	1701.12	-0.266	7.124	-0.007	-0.177	0.178	847	22	6	2456
DNA DNA DNA	55	1701.12	0.314	7.309	0.003	-0.172	0.172	874	13	-	2456
	56	DNA	DNA	DNA						•	0/0/-/-

Array	Config			2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6			2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6						2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6				2,4,5,6					2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6
EA	۸۷	%		0	1	2			2	2	0						0	-	7				6					0	0	
Error Analysis	Δ Vel	s/m		-2	-16	89			16	13	3							9-	63				77					2	-2	9
PREDICTED	Velocity	m/s		1343	1352	1270			836	859	844				1		806	942	868				838					620	624	614
Error Analysis	Offset Distance	ш		0.114	0.169	0.142			0.166	0.189	0.209						0.103	0.120	0.535									0.117	0.097	0.136
alysis	del Z	٤		-0.097	-0.081	-0.108			-0.084	-0.138	-0.159						-0.033	-0.017	-0.523									-0.070	-0.060	-0.087
Error Analysis	del Y	ш		-0.061	-0.148	-0.093			-0.143	-0.129	-0.135						-0.098	-0.119	-0.112									-0.093	-0.076	-0.105
N ON TARGET	Z	(m)	DNA	7.034	7.038	6.675	DNA	DNA	6.841	7.135	6.856	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	7.670	7.634	7.410	DNA	DNA	DNA	6.130	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	6.657	299.9	6.844
PACT LOCATION	Y	(m)	DNA	-0.052	-0.005	0.080	DNA	DNA	0.390	0.466	-0.548	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	0.945	966.0	0.169	DNA	DNA	DNA	1.222	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	-0.110	-0.857	-0.288
PREDICTED IMPACT LOCATION ON	×	(m)	DNA	1701.12	1701.12	1701.12	DNA	DNA	1701.12	1701.12	1701.11	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	1701.13	1701.13	1701.12	DNA	DNA	DNA	1701.13	DNA	DNA	DNA	DNA	1701.12	1701.11	1701.12
RD.		Consec.	57	5.5	59	09	61	62	83	2	65	99	- 62	89	69	20	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	. 8	82	83	84

Array	Config			2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6		2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6		2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	٠	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6		2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6
EA A	ΔV C	%		1 2	1 2	0 2	0 2	0 2	0 2	1 2	0 2		0	4 2	0 2	3 2		11		-	-		2	0	0	0		0	0	-
PREDICTED Error Analysis   1	7 Vel	m/s		9	9	2	0	0	3	4	2		-2	26	-2	19		-143	50	-16	7		-11	င	2	-2		<b>7-</b>	2	-12
PREDICTED	Velocity	s/m		618	613	617	623	626	626	617	618		729	617	747	663		1337	1146	1214	1190		728	703	712	711		1085	1059	1080
Error Analysis	Offset Distance	m		0.111	0.118	0.115	0.112	0.102	0.111	0.124			0.249		0.190	0.209		0.082	0.068	0.104	0.133		0.140	0.156	0.265	0.217		090'0	0.164	0.101
alysis	del Z	ш		-0.074	-0.060	-0.078	-0.083	-0.052	-0.065	-0.072			-0.206		-0.115	-0.160		0.039	-0.048	-0.040	-0.056		-0.042	-0.101	-0.216	-0.178		-0.016	-0.117	-0.007
Error Analysis	del Y	ш		-0.082	-0.102	-0.084	-0.074	-0.088	-0.089	-0.101			0.141		0.151	0.134		0.072	0.048	960'0	0.121		0.133	0.119	0.152	0.124		0.058	0.115	0.100
N ON TARGET	Z	(m)	DNA	7.171	7.857	7.105	098.9	7.399	6.982	6.409	5.457	DNA	7.867	5.865	7.556	6.291	DNA	7.032	6:639	6.831	6.677	DNA	6.853	6.462	7.257	7.179	DNA	7.077	7.638	6.538
ACT LOCATION	Y	(m)	DNA	-0.361	1.239	-0.259	-1.139	1.045	-0.454	-0.272	-0.095	DNA	0.626	0.349	-0.554	0.163	DNA	-0.855	-0.441	-0.469	-0.264	DNA	-1.156	-0.362	1.305	0.583	DNA	-0.671	0.742	-0.323
PREDICTED IMPACT LOCATION ON	×	(m)	DNA	1701.12	1701.13	1701.12	1701.11	1701.13	1701.11	1701.12	1701.118	DNA	1701.12	1701.12	1701.12	1701.12	DNA	1701.12	1701.12	1701.12	1701.12	DNA	1701.12	1701.12	1701.12	1701.12	DNA	1701.12	1701.12	1701.12
RD.	NO.	Consec.	85	98	87	88	68	06	91	92	93	94	95	96	62	86	66	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112

Array	Config		2,4,5,6				2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	, 11	0,5,4,2	0,6,4,2	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6	2,4,5,6															
EA	۸۷	%	3			-	o	-	0	,	ا د	o i	_	-	0															
Error Analysis	Δ Vel	s/m	32			,		3	0		71.		4	9	2															
PREDICTED	Velocity	s/m	1034	Andrews of the second s			466	470	467		474	470	462	455	458				:											
Error Analysis	Offset Distance	æ	0.194				0.172	0.243	0.202		0.446	0.201	0.220	0.320	0.226															
alysis	del Z	E	-0.037				0.110	0.080	-0.006		0.384	-0.021	0.142	0.002	0.103															
Error Analysis	del Y	E	0.191				0.133	0.230	0.201		0.228	0.200	0.168	0.320	0.202				:											
N ON TARGET		(m)	6.788	DNA	DNA	DNA	6.051	7.071	8.027	DNA	5.657	7.352	7.229	7.539	988.9	DNA														
PREDICTED IMPACT I OCATION ON	<b>X</b>	(m)	0.296	DNA	DNA	DNA	-1.056	-0.423	968.0	DNA	-1.871	0.897	-0.801	1.097	-0.445	DNA														
PREDICTED IMI	×	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	1701.12	DNA	DNA	DNA	1701.12	1701.12	1701.12	DNA	1701.11	1701.12	1701.12	1701 12	1701.12	DNA														
חמ			Consec.	411	115	116	117	118	119	120	121	122	173	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140

NO         X         Y         Z         del Y         del Y         del Y         Mode of Mode	RD.	PREDICTED IMPACT LOCATION ON	PACT LOCATIO	N ON TARGET	Error Analysis	nalysis	Error Analysis	PREDICTED	Error Analysis	EA	Array
(m)         (m)         (m)         m         m         m         m/s         m/s           DNA         DNA         DNA         m         m         m/s         m/s           DNA         DNA         DNA         m         m         m         m/s           DNA         DNA         DNA         m         m         m         m           DNA         DNA         DNA         m         m         m         m         m           1701.12         -1.059         8.778         1.746         -1.387         2.230         791         -1.3           1701.12         -0.699         8.778         1.746         -1.387         2.230         791         -1.3           1701.13         2.054         7.510         m         m         m         m         m         m           1701.13         2.384         7.510         m	NO.	×	Y	Z	del Y	del Z	Offset Distance	Velocity	Δ Vel	۸۷	Config
DNA         DNA <td>onsec.</td> <td>(m)</td> <td>(m)</td> <td>(m)</td> <td>m</td> <td>ш</td> <td>m</td> <td>s/m</td> <td>m/s</td> <td>%</td> <td></td>	onsec.	(m)	(m)	(m)	m	ш	m	s/m	m/s	%	
DNA         DNA <td>141</td> <td>DNA</td> <td>DNA</td> <td>DNA</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	141	DNA	DNA	DNA							
DNA         DNA         DNA	142	DNA	DNA	DNA							
DNA         DNA         1746         -1.367         2.230         791         -1.3           1701.12         0.549         7.510         -1.367         2.230         791         -1.3           1701.121         0.549         7.510	143	DNA	DNA	DNA							
1701.12         -1.059         8.778         1.746         -1.387         2.230         791         -1.3           1701.13         3.784         8.746         -1.36         7.510         7.59         6           1701.13         2.216         4.874         -3.079         3.067         4.345         690         117           DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         T.216         4.874         -3.079         3.067         4.345         690         117           DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         T.216         4.874         -3.079         -0.079         -0.079         117           DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         T.216         0.023         -0.079         0.083         1004         2.5           DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         T.216         0.023         0.009         <	144	DNA	DNA	DNA							
1701.121         0.549         7.510         9         6           1701.132         3.784         8.746	145	1701.12	-1.059	8.778	1.746	-1.387	2.230	791	-13	2	2,4,5,6
1701.132         3.784         8.746	146	1701.121	0.549	7.510				799	9	1	2,4,5,6
DNA         DNA         3.079         3.067         4.345         690         117           DNA         DNA         DNA	147	1701.132	3.784	8.746				802	22	3	2,4,5,6
DNA         DNA         DNA           DNA         DNA         MA           1701.13         0.344         7.516         0.079         0.083         1004         25           1701.14         0.503         7.466         0.008         0.069         1011         21           1701.15         0.679         7.471         -0.013         0.124         1028         5           1701.11         0.020         7.471         -0.013         0.107         1470         58           1701.11         0.008         7.341         0.029         0.0107         1470         58           1701.11         0.008         7.577         0.083         0.107         1494         27           1701.11         0.009         7.525         0.099         0.110         1494         27<	148	1701.13	2.216	4.874	-3.079	3.067	4.345	069	117	17	2,4,5,6
DNA         DNA         DNA           DNA         DNA         DNA         COURS	149	DNA	DNA	DNA							
DNA         DNA         DNA         CORA         CO	150	DNA	DNA	DNA							
DNA         DNA         DNA         CONA         CO	151	DNA	DNA	DNA							
DNA         DNA         DNA         0.023         -0.079         0.083         1004         25         3           1701.13         0.344         7.516         0.023         -0.079         0.083         1004         25         5           1701.14         0.503         7.636         0.064         -0.089         0.109         1011         22         22         22 <td>152</td> <td>DNA</td> <td>DNA</td> <td>DNA</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	152	DNA	DNA	DNA							
1701.13         0.344         7.516         0.023         -0.079         0.083         1004         25         3           1701.14         0.503         7.636         0.064         -0.089         0.109         1011         21         21           1701.15         0.579         7.466         0.008         -0.069         0.069         1013         21         21           1701.12         0.079         7.466         0.068         -0.069         0.069         1038         -13         21           1701.11         0.020         7.471         -0.013         -0.124         0.104         25         5         7           1701.11         0.008         7.236         0.039         -0.109         0.107         1470         58         7           1701.11         0.030         7.351         0.027         -0.104         0.107         1494         27         8           1701.12         0.204         7.555         0.093         -0.118         0.150         1459         68         -69           1701.12         0.170         7.458         0.156         0.154         0.154         1546         -27           DNA         DNA         DNA <td>153</td> <td>DNA</td> <td>DNA</td> <td>DNA</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	153	DNA	DNA	DNA							
1701.14         0.503         7.636         0.064         -0.089         0.109         1011         21           1701.15         0.579         7.466         0.008         -0.069         0.069         1013         21           1701.12         0.079         7.516         0.078         -0.013         0.024         1038         -13           1701.11         0.008         7.471         -0.013         -0.124         0.124         1004         56           1701.11         0.008         7.536         0.039         -0.100         0.130         1470         58           1701.11         0.044         7.577         0.083         -0.104         0.107         1494         27           1701.12         0.204         7.555         0.093         -0.118         0.150         1459         68           1701.12         0.050         7.658         0.157         -0.141         0.215         1588         -69           1701.12         0.145         7.431         0.176         -0.154         0.156         -69           1701.12         0.145         7.431         0.164         0.164         1546         -27           DNA         DNA         DN	154	1701.13	0.344	7.516	0.023	-0.079	0.083	1004	25	ဗ	2,4,5,6
1701.15         0.579         7.466         0.008         -0.069         1013         21           1701.12         0.079         7.516         0.058         -0.079         1038         -13           1701.12         0.020         7.471         -0.013         -0.124         0.024         5.           1701.11         0.008         7.236         0.039         -0.104         1004         26           1701.11         0.004         7.577         0.083         -0.104         0.107         1470         58           1701.12         0.030         7.351         0.027         -0.104         0.150         1459         68           1701.12         0.050         7.555         0.093         -0.118         0.150         1459         68           1701.12         0.171         7.341         0.176         -0.141         0.211         1526         0           1701.12         0.170         7.341         0.176         -0.124         0.154         1546         -27           DNA         DNA         DNA         0.154         0.154         0.184         1546         -27           1701.10         -0.114         7.622         0.121         0.012	155	1701.14	0.503	7.636	0.064	-0.089	0.109	1011	21	2	2,4,5,6
1701.12         0.079         7.516         0.058         -0.079         0.098         1038         -13           1701.11         0.020         7.471         -0.013         -0.124         0.124         1028         5           1701.11         0.008         7.236         0.039         -0.109         0.107         1470         56           1701.11         0.030         7.351         0.027         -0.104         0.107         1494         27           1701.12         0.204         7.555         0.093         -0.118         0.150         1459         68           1701.12         0.050         7.658         0.157         -0.141         0.215         1526         0           1701.12         0.171         7.341         0.176         -0.124         0.215         1588         -69           1701.12         0.145         7.431         0.102         -0.154         0.184         1546         -27           DNA         DNA         7.622         0.124         0.184         1546         -27           1701.12         0.145         7.431         0.102         -0.154         0.184         1546         -27           1701.14         0.03	156	1701.15	625.0	7.466	0.008	690:0-	690:0	1013	21	2	2,4,5,6
1701.11         0.020         7.471         -0.013         -0.124         0.124         1028         5           1701.11         0.008         7.236         0.039         -0.099         0.107         1004         26           1701.11         0.044         7.577         0.083         -0.104         0.130         1470         58           1701.12         0.204         7.525         0.093         -0.118         0.150         1459         68           1701.12         0.050         7.658         0.157         -0.141         0.211         1526         0           1701.12         0.171         7.341         0.176         -0.124         0.215         1588         -69           1701.12         0.145         7.431         0.107         -0.124         0.184         1546         -27           DNA         DNA         DNA         -0.154         0.154         0.184         1546         -27           1701.10         -0.114         7.622         0.121         -0.154         0.154         -0.164           1701.10         0.0145         7.431         0.105         -0.154         0.154         0.154           1701.10         0.0146	157	1701.12	620'0	7.516	0.058	-0.079	0.098	1038	-13		2,4,5,6
1701.11         0.0008         7.236         0.039         -0.099         0.107         1004         26           1701.11         0.0044         7.577         0.083         -0.109         0.130         1470         58           1701.12         0.030         7.351         0.093         -0.118         0.150         1459         68           1701.12         0.204         7.525         0.093         -0.141         0.150         1459         68           1701.12         0.050         7.658         0.157         -0.141         0.215         1588         -69           1701.12         0.171         7.341         0.176         -0.154         0.184         1546         -27           DNA         DNA         DNA         0.102         -0.154         0.184         1546         -27           1701.10         -0.114         7.622         0.121         -0.015         0.128         0.015         0.158         0.015           1701.16         0.335         6.722         0.132         0.360         1138         102	158	1701.11	0.020	7.471	-0.013	-0.124	0.124	1028	5	0	2,4,5,6
1701.11         0.044         7.577         0.083         -0.100         0.130         1470         58           1701.11         0.030         7.351         0.027         -0.104         0.167         1494         27           1701.12         0.204         7.525         0.093         -0.118         0.150         1459         68           1701.12         0.050         7.658         0.157         -0.141         0.211         1526         0           1701.12         0.171         7.341         0.176         -0.154         0.184         1546         -69           DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         0.121         -0.154         0.184         1546         -27           1701.10         -0.114         7.622         0.121         -0.154         0.122         1158         30           1701.16         0.335         6.722         0.132         0.360         1138         102	159	1701.11	0.008	7.236	0.039	-0.099	0.107	1004	26	3	2,4,5,6
1701.11         0.030         7.351         0.027         -0.104         0.160         1494         27           1701.12         0.204         7.525         0.093         -0.118         0.150         1459         68           1701.12         0.050         7.658         0.157         -0.141         0.215         1526         0         0           1701.12         0.171         7.341         0.102         -0.154         0.184         1546         -27         0           DNA         DNA         DNA         DNA         7.622         0.121         -0.015         0.122         1158         30         1           1701.16         0.335         6.722         0.132         -0.335         0.360         1138         102         1	160	1701.11	0.044	7.577	0.083	-0.100	0.130	1470	58	4	2,4,5,6
1701.12         0.204         7.525         0.093         -0.118         0.150         1459         68           1701.11         0.050         7.658         0.157         -0.141         0.211         1526         0           1701.12         0.171         7.341         0.176         -0.154         0.215         1588         -69           DNA         DNA         DNA         0.102         -0.154         0.184         1546         -27           1701.10         -0.114         7.622         0.121         -0.015         0.122         1158         30           1701.16         0.335         6.722         0.132         -0.335         0.360         1138         102	161	1701.11	0:030	7.351	0.027	-0.104	0.107	1494	27	2	2,4,5,6
1701.11         0.050         7.658         0.157         -0.141         0.211         1526         0           1701.12         0.171         7.341         0.176         -0.124         0.134         1588         -69           DNA         DNA         DNA         0.102         -0.154         0.184         1546         -27           1701.10         -0.114         7.622         0.121         -0.015         0.122         1158         30           1701.16         0.335         6.722         0.132         -0.335         0.360         1138         102	162	1701.12	0.204	7.525	0.093	-0.118	0.150	1459	89	5	2,4,5,6
1701.12         0.174         0.176         -0.124         0.215         1588         -69           1701.12         0.145         7.431         0.102         -0.154         0.184         1546         -27           DNA         DNA         DNA         0.121         -0.015         0.122         1158         30           1701.10         0.335         6.722         0.132         -0.335         0.360         1138         102	163	1701.11	0.050	7.658	0.157	-0.141	0.211	1526	0	0	2,4,5,6
1701.12         0.145         7.431         0.102         -0.154         0.184         1546         -27           DNA         DNA         DNA         O.121         -0.015         0.122         0.122         0.123         0.132         0.035         0.035         0.035         0.035         0.035         0.035         0.035         0.035         0.035         0.000 <td>164</td> <td>1701.12</td> <td>0.171</td> <td>7.341</td> <td>0.176</td> <td>-0.124</td> <td>0.215</td> <td>1588</td> <td>69-</td> <td>4</td> <td>2,4,5,6</td>	164	1701.12	0.171	7.341	0.176	-0.124	0.215	1588	69-	4	2,4,5,6
DNA         DNA         DNA         O.121         -0.015         0.122         1158         30           1701.16         0.335         6.722         0.132         -0.335         0.360         1138         102	165	1701.12	0.145	7.431	0.102	-0.154	0.184	1546	-27	2	2,4,5,6
1701.10         -0.114         7.622         0.121         -0.015         0.122         1158         30           1701.16         0.335         6.722         0.132         -0.335         0.360         1138         102	166	DNA	DNA	DNA							
1701.16 0.335 6.722 0.132 -0.335 0.360 1138 102	167	1701.10	-0.114	7.622	0.121	-0.015	0.122	1158	30	က	2,4,5,6
	168	1701.16	0.335	6.722	0.132	-0.335	098'0	1138	102	6	2,4,5,6

		ACTION ATTO	ー・コランド・フラン		CITCL CHANGES	ELLOI Allalysis	THE CHARLES	, , , , , ,		
	×	X		del Y	del Z	Offset Distance	Velocity	ΔVel	۸۷	Config
;   8	(a)	(m)	(m)	E	E	m	m/s	m/s	%	
160	1701 12	0.136	7.544	0.111	-0.017	0.112	1136	7	-	2,4,5,6
3 5	1701.11	0.059	7.212	0.128	-0.015	0.129	1221	င	0	2,4,5,6
12	1701.09	-0.412	6.876	0.159	0.041	0.164	1230	-	0	2,4,5,6
172	1701.17	1.024	7.164	0.153	-0.057	0.163	1195	11		2,4,5,6
173	1701.15	0.632	7.257	0.065	-0.060	0.088	1188	11	-	2,4,5,6
174	1701.11	-0.081	7.433	0.128	-0.016	0.129	1168	-1	0	2,4,5,6
175	DNA	DNA	DNA							
176	DNA	DNA	DNA							
77	DNA	DNA	DNA							
178	DNA	DNA	DNA							
179	DNA	DNA	DNA							
180	DNA	DNA	DNA							
181	DNA	DNA	DNA							
182	DNA	DNA	DNA							
183	DNA	DNA	DNA							
84	DNA	DNA	DNA							7 3 4 6
185	1701.004	-1.265	7.325	0.092	0.002	0.092	100	-10	7	0'6'4'7
186	1701.097	-0.222	7.193	0.079	-0.056		894	-4	<b>=</b>	0,4,2,0
187	1701.076	-0.572	7.658	0.099	-0.031	0.103	892	-3	0	0'C'4'7
188	1701.04	-0.945	7.412	0.092	-0.005	0.092	892	9-		2,4,5,6
189	1701.14	0.563	7.488	0.094	-0.131	0.161	879	6	-	2,4,5,6
190	1701.09	-0.377	7.223	0.144	-0.006		873	14	2	2,4,5,6
191	1701.07	-0.637	7.485	0.174	0.032	0.177	883	2		2,4,5,6
192	1701 06	-0.838	7.304	0.115	0.023	0.118	884	<del>- ;</del>	=	2,4,5,6

## APPENDIX H:

ANGLE CORRECTION TECHNIQUE

A method to theoretically correct the velocity is to employ a system of a family of hyperbolas, and solve for the speed. This is an iterative method, since more than one of the variables are unknown. Referring to Figure H-1, the following is defined:

#### where

 $D_{ST}$  = Distance between mic 1 and P1.

h = Elevation of projectile above ground plane.

M = Mach Number.

 $\beta$  = Azimuth Deviation.

 $y_f$  = Equation for Shock Front.

y<sub>h</sub> = Equation for lead Hyperbola.

y<sub>h2</sub> = Equation for succeeding Hyperbola.

 $y_s$  = Equation for line going through mic 1 and mic 2.

c = true distance for correct velocity calculation.

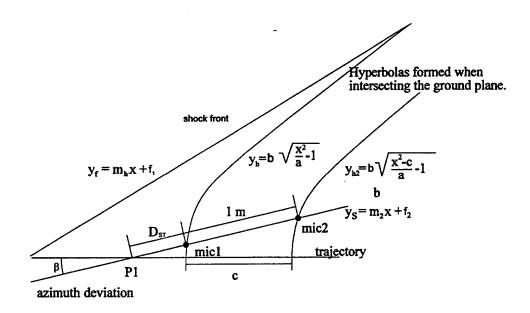


Figure H-1. Hyperbola created by cone intersecting ground plane.

First one must consider that the conic section that intersects a plane that is parallel to the conix axis will form a hyperbola of the following form:

$$y_h = b \sqrt{\frac{x^2}{a} - 1}$$
 (29)

The angle of the shock cone is  $\Theta = \sin^{-1}1/M$ . The slope of the shock cone can be written as

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{dy_h}{dx} = m_h. \tag{30}$$

Taking the derivative of the hyperbolic equation yields

$$\frac{dy_h}{dx} = \frac{d(bU^{\frac{1}{2}})}{dx},$$

$$U = \frac{x^2}{a} - 1,$$

$$dy_h = \frac{b}{\sqrt{a - \frac{a^2}{x^2}}},$$

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{dy_h}{dx} = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{b}{\sqrt{a - \frac{a^2}{x^2}}} = \frac{b}{\sqrt{a}}.$$
 (31)

The distance from the origin to where the hyperbola intersects the x-axis is where  $x^2=a$ . This is shown as

$$y = b \frac{\sqrt{x^2}}{a} - 1,$$

$$\frac{x^2}{a} - 1 = 0,$$

$$\frac{x^2}{a} = 1,$$

$$x^2 = a.$$
 (32)

This is the point where the shock cone generated by the projectile intersects the microphone, as depicted in Figure H-2.

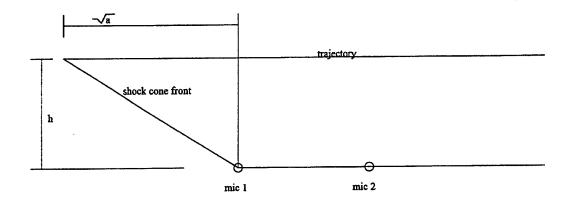


Figure H-2. Shock cone geometry.

Using Figure H-2, we are able to say that

$$\frac{\sqrt{a}}{h} = \sqrt{M^2 - 1}. \tag{33}$$

This implies a solution for the magnitude of a plus solving for d,

$$a = h^{2} (M^{2} - 1),$$

$$\frac{b}{\sqrt{a}} = \sqrt{M^{2} - 1},$$

$$b = \sqrt{a(M^{2} - 1)} = h(M^{2} - 1).$$
(34)

By knowing the length of D, since it intersects the trajectory at P1, we know the y value at mic 1.

$$y_1 = D_{ST} \sin \beta. ag{35}$$

The value of x also needs to be solved and can be done by substituting the result of y into the solution for x of the intersecting hyperbolic equation.

Now the point of mic 1 is known in Cartesian coordinates. Substituting cot  $\beta$  for  $m_f$  into the equation that describes the line of mic 1 and mic 2, we can define the intercept,  $f_2$ .

$$y_h = b \sqrt{\frac{x_h^2}{a} - 1},$$

$$x_h^2 = a \left[ \left( \frac{y_h}{b} \right)^2 + 1 \right],$$

$$x_1 = \sqrt{a \left[ \left( \frac{y_h}{b} \right)^2 + 1 \right]}, \tag{36}$$

$$f = y_s - x_s \cot \beta, \tag{37}$$

or

$$f = y_1 - x_1 \beta$$
,  
 $y_s = y_1 + (x_s - x_s) \cot \beta$ . (38)

To find the Cartesian values for mic 2, we repeat the substitution, but for the second hyperbola.

$$y_2 = (D_{ST} + 1m) \sin \beta,$$
  
 $y_2 = y_1 + (x_2 - x_1) \cot \beta,$   
 $x_2 = (Y_2 - Y_1) \tan \beta + x_1.$  (39)

Knowing the values of  $x_2$  and  $y_2$  is the key to finding c. We write the equation for the hyperbola intersecting mic 2 at Dt = 0. This is identical to the first hyperbola except it is displaced along the x-axis by value c. Transforming x'=x+c,

$$y_{h2} = b\sqrt{\frac{(x_{h2} - c)^2}{a} - 1}$$
 (40)

Solving the equation for c,

$$y_2 = (D + 1m) \sin \beta$$
,

$$x_2 = (y_2 - y_1) \tan \beta + x_1$$

$$c = x_2 \sqrt{a \left[ \left( \frac{y_2}{b} \right)^2 + 1 \right]}. \tag{41}$$

With c determined, the corrected velocity should be calculated as

$$V = \frac{c}{T_2}. (42)$$

For this method to work, an initial guess must be made for the Mach number. On the first guess, we assume c is 1 m. For an increase in azimuth deviation, a, the true velocity length, c, is decreasing. As well, the further to the left or right of the centerline, c becomes even smaller. With any azimuth deviation, the predicted velocity will always be higher. The resulting c, based on the higher Mach number, will be calculated to slightly less than reality. The resultant updated velocity will be more accurate.

It can be shown geometrically that an iterative process of updating the velocity and Mach number and calculating a new value for c will eventually converge to the true velocity rapidly. For the purpose of the RDS, one, maybe two, iterations would be all that was necessary. The true test of this method lay in processing the data obtained from the data collection test.

Unfortunately, the method did not work. It was determined that the fault did not lay in the theory but in the assumptions. It was assumed that the azimuth deviation would be known. The method of finding the azimuth deviation was not accurate. The solution for the true velocity is strongly related to that angle. As a result, this method could not be used.

### APPENDIX I:

LOCATION DATA FROM DATA COLLECTION TEST

Array	Config		the state of the s	1		- Control of the cont	1,2,3,4	1,2,3,4	1,2,3,4	1,2,3,4	1,2,3,4	1,2,3,4	1,2,3,4	1,2,3,4	1,2,3,4	1,2,3,4		1					1,2,3,4	1,2,3,4	1,2,3,4		1,2,3,4	1,2,3,4		
EA	del V	%					2	-	2	2	<b></b>	2	2	2	3	ဗ							5	3	9		4	4		
Error Analysis	del Vel	s/m					-14.	æ.	-9.	-10.	ထုံ	·6-	-10.	-13.	-18.	-16.							-18.	-13.	-19.		-15.	-15.		
PREDICTED	Velocity	m/s					580	595	599	582	583	587	602	604	552	809							346	388	343		397	346		
Error Analysis	miss distance	ш					0.204	0.404	0.393	0.208	0.212	0.224	0.223	0.196	0.199	0.192								0.238			0.132			
ysis	del Z	٤	j			-	-0.053	-0.401	0.209	-0.086	-0.146	-0.050	-0.100	-0.075	-0.048	-0.064								0.232			0.128			
Error Analysis	del X	ш					0.197	0.049	0.332	0.190	0.154	0.219	0.199	0.181	0.193	0.180								0.054			0.032			
N TARGET	Z	(m)	ND	ND	ON	ND	4.344	4.575	4.369	4.246	4.361	4.325	4.283	4.236	3.930	4.346	QN	ND	ND	QN	ND	ΩN	ND	4.112	ND	ND	3.721	ND	QN	ND
T LOCATION O	¥	(m)	QN	ND	ND	ND	-0.420	-0.230	-0.405	-0.363	-0.223	-0.265	-0.312	-0.590	-0.803	-0.598	ND	QN	QN	ND	ND	ND	ND	-0.003	ND	ND	-0.300	QN	QN	ND
PREDICTED IMPACT LOCATION ON TA	×	(m)	QN	QN	QN	ND	1700.948	1700.948	1700.948	1700.948	1700.948	1700.948	1700.948	1700.948	1700.948	1700.948	ND	QN	QN	GN	ΩN	ND	ND	1700.948	ND	ND	1700.948	QN	QN.	ND
RD.	NO.	Consec.	-	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28

Array	Config		1,2,3,4	1,2,3,4	1,2,3,4	1,2,3,4			1234	1034	1234	1234	1234	1034	1,4,0,7							1234	1234	1234	1037	1,2,2,1	1,2,3,4		1004	1,C,2,1	4,5,2,1
_	del V	%	3	2	2	2		-	-	, ,	4 0	2 6	1	1 0	7							4		۲ د	,	<b>4</b>	0			7	5
PREDICTED Error Analysis	del Vel	s/m	-15.	-13.	-8.	6-			6	.0.	÷.	ċ	7.	9.	10.							30	29	-55.	-51.	-3/.	-57.		t	-27.	-76.
PREDICTED	Velocity	m/s	453	504	498	500	2000		071	2009	5/4	555	244	066	260							1000	COUL	1002	7601	877	1103			1327	1023
Error Analysis	miss distance	æ	0.044	0.101	0.00	0.00	0.06/			0.226	0.210	0.266	0.213	0.231	0.237							1 0	0.117	0.105	0.122	0.081	0.104			0.132	0.123
	Z	<del> </del>	-0.033	7000	0.020	-0.002	-0.051			-0.101	0.013	-0.121	-0.069	-0.057	-0.108								-0.067	-0.021	-0.040	-0.011	-0.060			-0.063	-0.035
Error Analysis	del X	E	0.030	0000	-0.070	-0.019	0.044			0.202	0.210	0.236	0.202	0.224	0.211								-0.096	-0.103	-0.115	-0.081	-0.084			0.115	0.118
TARGET	7	(m)	2 010	3.010	4.668	4.915	5.185	ND	ND	4.213	4.225	4.094	4.208	4.180	4.388	ND	4.156	4.588	3.653	3.871	3.565	QN	QN	4.071	4.776						
I OCATION OF	× ×	1	(111)	0.992	-1.227	1.073	0.522	ON	ND	-0.264	-0.341	0.104	-0.378	-0.618	-0.516	ND	QN	QN	QN	ND	ND	ON	0.260	0.873	0.140	1.177	0.458	QN	ND	-0.107	-0.318
TABLE THE STATE OF A TION ON TA	PKEDIC I ED IIVII ACI	×	(m)	1700.783	1700.783	1700.783	1700.783	ND	ND	1700.783	1700.783	1700.783	1700.783	1700.783	1700.783	QN	ND	ND	QN	QN	QN	ND	1700.823	1700.823	1700.823	1700.823	1700.823	QN	QN	1700.823	1700.823
		NO.	Consec.	22	58	59	09	61	62	63	1/2	65	99	67	89	69	2	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	62	<u> </u>	8	8	8	84

	PREDICTED IMPACT LOCATION ON TA	_	Error Analysis	llysis	Error Analysis	PREDICTED	PREDICTED Error Analysis		Array
-	<b>X</b>	Z	del X	del Z	miss distance	Velocity	del Vel	del V	Config
-	(m)	(m)	m	m	m	s/m	s/ш	%	
-	-0.244	4.295	0.195	-0.027	0.197	1018	-22.	2	1,2,3,4
	-0.639	4.472	0.094	-0.042	0.103	1028	-28.	3	1,2,3,4
	-0.090	4.210	0.120	-0.098	0.155	1345	-38.	3	1,2,3,4
	ND	ND							
	ND	ND							
	ND	ND							
	-1.082	4.097	-0.084	-0.083	0.119	719	-25.	3	1,2,3,4
	-0.209	5.271	-0.039	-0.045	090.0	854	-38.	4	1,2,3,4
	-1.027	4.184	-0.061	-0.070	0.093	717	-26.	4	1,2,3,4
	0.128	4.655	-0.058	-0.099	0.114	850	-36.	4	1,2,3,4
	-0.095	4.372	-0.057	-0.084	0.101	733	-34.	2	1,2,3,4
	-0.888	4.651	0.674	-0.048	0.675	704	-23.	3	1,2,3,4
	-0.318	4.854	0.650	-0.300	0.716	661	37.	9	1,2,3,4
	-0.583	4.471	0.648	-0.155	999:0	969	-20.	3	1,2,3,4
	-0.566	4.816	0.692	-0.186	0.717	675	5.	1	1,2,3,4
	-0.465	4.421	0.629	-0.160	0.649	689	16.	2	1,2,3,4
	-0.465	4.483	0.630	-0.272	0.686	682	22.	ဇ	1,2,3,4
	-0.791	4.233	1.101	-0.054	1.102	719	-34.	5	1,2,3,4
	-1.746	3.986	0.516	0.359	0.629	847	-150.	18	1,2,3,4
	-1.803	3.959	0.509	0.381	0.635	893	-188.	21	1,2,3,4
	-1.856	3.988	0.492	0.407	0.638	922	-207.	.22	1,2,3,4
	-1.802	2.460	0.367	0.707	0.797	1034	-332.	32	1,2,3,4
	-1.749	3.030	0.435	0.511	0.671	296	-262.	27	1,2,3,4
	-1.750	2.976	0.407	0.534	0.671	226	-269.	28	1,2,3,4
	0.276	5.057	0.653	-0.559	098.0	627	75.	12	1,2,3,4
	0.528	5.424	0.650	-0.671	0.934	622	92.	15	1,2,3,4
	0.533	5.288	0.646	-0.615	0.892	622	98.	16	1,2,3,4
	0.702	3.991	0.507	-0.243	0.562	564	131.	23	1,2,3,4

Array	Config		1,2,3,4	1,2,3,4	1,2,3,4	1,2,3,4	1,2,3,4	1,2,3,4										:												
EA	del V	%	21	19	19	19	22	9		1		:																		
PREDICTED Error Analysis	del Vel	m/s	125.	114.	110.	110.	127.	42.			and the second s																			
PREDICTED	Velocity	s/m	592	601	576	586	581	661																						
Error Analysis	miss distance	ш	0.875	0.791	0.924	0.865	0.847	099:0																			٠			
lysis	del Z	٤	-0.705	-0.592	-0.735	-0.666	-0.678	-0.319												1										
Error Analysis	del X	æ	0.518	0.524	0.559	0.552	0.508	0.577				:																		
N TARGET	Z	(m)	4.234	4.103	4.365	4.394	4.017	4.030	ND	ND	ND	QN	ND	ND	ND	ΩN	ND	ND	ND	ΩN	QN	ND	ND	QN	ND	ND	QN	ND	ND	ND
TLOCATIONO	Y	(m)	0.670	0.464	0.636	0.608	0.631	-0.120	QN	QN	DN	ND	ND	ND	QN	ND	ND	ND	QN .	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN	ND	QN	ON	ND	ON	ΩN
PREDICTED IMPACT LOCATION ON TA	×	(m)	1700.975	1700.975	1700.975	1700.975	1700.975	1700.975	QN	ND	ND	QN	QN	QN	ND	ND	ND	QN	ND	QN	ND	ND	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN	ND	ND	QN
RD.	NO.	Consec.	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140

## APPENDIX J:

VERIFICATION/VALIDATION TEST DATA

	[== <sup>-</sup>	DDED!	DDEDICT	ED !	DDEDICTED	במעד מואווספ	pp	EDICTED	HIT	TARGET	VELOCITY	LOCATION
Velocity					FREDICIED	KOOMD I ITE					i	
1155.06	#				Formulation				1	ı		(m)
1165.50	-										-1.4	
	1 1					1		6.307	*	*		1
1	1 1					j	_	5. <b>7</b> 06	*	?		1
100.013	1 1				i .		6.257	6.100	*	•	<b>-1</b> .6	t t
1015.00	1 1		1			TPGID KE	6.293	6.172	*	•		1
7	1 !					TPGID KE	5.256		*	*		i ,
8 848.54			1		35 TPGID	TPGID HEAT	6.297		*	*		1
9 849.62 0.556 3.257 3 STPCID TRGID HEAT 5.764 6.721	1 1		į.	3.139	35 TPGID	TPGID HEAT	7.336		*	*		
10	1 !		1	3.257	35 TPGID	TPGID HEAT		1	*	*		1
11 870.70	l l		L	2.899		TPGID HEAT	l	l i	*	*		1
13   848.18   0.916   2.451   35.TPGID   TPGID HEAT   5.205   6.930   .   .   .   .   .   .   .   .   .	1 !		1	2.125	35 TPGID	•	İ	1	*	*	-3.7	0.065
13   848.18		356.47	0.347	5.486	1		1	l .		_		0.004
14   723.33   7.37   7.20	1	848.18	0.916				1	i	*		•	1 !
15   774-77	14	723.33	ı				t					1
16   78.65   -0.216   -0.2074   -0.216   -0.2074   -0.	15	ı	1				1	1	İ			i :
17   1430.62   0.215   2.080   LARGE HEAT   LARGE HE   5.883   6.171  8   0.134     19   1434.21   -0.548   2.120   LARGE KE   TPGID KE   6.610   5.444  3,7   0.099     20   1454.55   0.255   1.994   LARGE KE   TPGID KE   6.773   5.256  9,7   0.115     21   1845.55   0.255   1.994   LARGE KE   TPGID KE   6.773   5.256  9,7   0.115     22   1300.39   0.446   1.915   LARGE KE   TRGID HEAT   5.836   6.202  7   0.155     23   1237.24   -0.489   1.404   LARGE KE   LARGE KE   5.623   6.403  0   0.061     24   1233.05   -0.624   3.512   LARGE KE   LARGE KE   5.623   6.403  0   0.061     25   702.74   0.366   2.646   25 HE   TPGID KE   6.552   5.455  3,0   0.145     26   773.08   -0.403   4.665   LARGE HEAT   LARGE HE   7.111   6.408   -2.5     27   773.69   0.599   4.234   LARGE HEAT   LARGE HE   7.111   6.408   -2.5     28   763.94   0.311   3.632   35 TPGID   LARGE HE   6.034   6.619  1.3   0.082     29   669.46   0.445   1.432   12.7   7.62 OR 12.7   5.614   6.407     30   668.364   0.437   2.906   12.7   7.62 OR 12.7   5.544   6.497     31   730.99   0.762   3.393   12.7   7.62 OR 12.7   5.544   6.497     32   603.59   0.432   1.841   7.62   7.62 OR 12.7   5.544   6.997     32   603.59   0.432   1.841   7.62   7.62 OR 12.7   5.544   6.497     33   533.12   0.68   5.331   12.7   7.62 OR 12.7   5.544   6.997     34   594.27   -2.295   5.991   12.7   7.62 OR 12.7   7.590   5.710     35   564.10   -0.879   5.812   12.7   7.62 OR 12.7   7.590   5.710     36   591.19   -0.406   4.055   12.7   7.62 OR 12.7   7.590   5.546   7.538     38   383.47   -0.051   2.269   7.62   7.62 OR 12.7   5.536   6.684     41   1258.26   -0.985   2.748   25 KE   7.62 OR 12.7   5.536   6.684     42   797.45   0.293   1.588   25 HE   7.62 OR 12.7   6.853   6.099     36   36   30   0.141   3.710   25 KE   7.62 OR 12.7   5.700   5.182     43   805.96   -0.421   2.396   2.5 KE   7.62 OR 12.7   7.600   5.182     44   1258.26   -0.985   2.748   25 KE   7.62 OR 12.7   7.600   5.182     45   1249.61   0.072   2.516   25												
18   951.25   2.080   LARGE HEAT   LARGE HE   1.500		l .	1				1	ì			8	
194   143421   143421   1432   12.7   14.8	- F	i	I .		i .			l .				1 1
1454.55   0.255   1.984   LARGE KE   THGID HEAT   5.836   6.202	1	1			1		į.					1
21 1300.39	1	1	t .		l .	l .		1			3	1 1
23   1237.24   -0.489   1.404   LARGE HEAT   LARGE HE   6.552   5.455   -2.8   24   1233.05   -0.624   3.512   LARGE KE   TPGID KE   6.922   5.705   -3.0   0.145   25   702.74   0.366   2.646   25 HE   TPGID KE   6.922   5.705   -1.2   0.058   26   743.08   -0.403   4.665   LARGE HEAT   LARGE HE   TPGID HEAT   5.776   6.425   -2.5   27   773.69   0.599   4.234   LARGE HEAT   LARGE HE   T.111   6.408   -2.5   28   763.94   0.311   3.632   35 TPGID   LARGE HE   6.038   7.097   -1.4   29   669.46   0.445   1.432   12.7   7.62 OR 12.7   5.725   6.541   -1.3   0.082   29   669.46   0.437   2.906   12.7   7.62 OR 12.7   5.725   6.541   -1.3   31   730.99   0.762   3.393   12.7   7.62 OR 12.7   5.725   6.541   -1.3   32   603.59   -0.432   1.841   7.62   7.62 OR 12.7   7.52 OR 12.7   5.584   6.997   32   603.59   -0.432   1.841   7.62   7.62 OR 12.7   7.52 OR 12.7   5.710   33   533.12   0.68   5.331   12.7   7.62 OR 12.7   6.469   5.546   -7   34   594.27   -2.295   5.991   12.7   7.62 OR 12.7   7.999   6.582   35   564.10   -0.879   5.812   12.7   7.62 OR 12.7   7.999   6.582   36   591.19   -0.408   4.055   12.7   7.62 OR 12.7   7.999   6.583   36   591.19   -0.408   4.055   12.7   7.62 OR 12.7   6.538   5.412   38   383.47   -0.051   2.269   7.62   7.62 OR 12.7   6.156   5.914   39   364.37   0.647   3.302   7.62   7.62 OR 12.7   6.156   5.914   42   797.45   0.293   1.588   25 HE   7.62 OR 12.7   5.536   6.684   40   41   1258.26   -0.985   2.748   25 KE   7.62 OR 12.7   7.600   5.182   44   1258.26   -0.985   2.748   25 KE   7.62 OR 12.7   7.600   5.182   45   1249.61   0.072   2.516   25 KE   7.62 OR 12.7   7.600   5.182   47   848.54   0.436   2.666   25 KE   7.62 OR 12.7   7.600   5.182   48   863.93   0.141   3.710   25 KE   7.62 OR 12.7   7.600   5.050   48   863.93   0.141   3.710   25 KE   7.62 OR 12.7   7.600   5.050   49   1150.06   -2.109   1.501   25 KE   7.62 OR 12.7   7.600   5.000   5.000   5.000   5.000   5.000   5.000   5.000   5.000   5.000   5.000   5.000   5.000   5.000   5.000   5.000   5.000	1	1	I		ł	L	i		*		l .	0.081
24   1233.05   -0.624   3.512   LARGE KE   TPGID KE   6.922   5.705   *   -3.0   0.145   25   702.74   0.366   2.646   25 HE   TPGID HEAT   5.776   6.425   *   -1.2   0.058   26   743.08   -0.403   4.665   LARGE HEAT   LARGE HE   7.111   6.408   -2.5   27   773.69   0.599   4.234   LARGE HEAT   LARGE HE   6.038   7.097   -1.4   28   763.94   0.311   3.632   35 TPGID   LARGE HE   6.084   6.619   *   -1.3   0.082    29   669.46   0.445   1.432   12.7   7.62 OR 12.7   5.725   6.541   *   30   683.64   0.437   2.906   12.7   7.62 OR 12.7   5.725   6.541   *   31   730.99   0.762   3.393   12.7   7.62 OR 12.7   5.584   6.997   32   603.59   -0.432   1.841   7.62   7.62 OR 12.7   6.469   5.546   *   ?   33   533.12   0.68   5.331   12.7   7.62 OR 12.7   6.469   5.546   *   ?   33   533.12   0.68   5.331   12.7   7.62 OR 12.7   6.436   7.538     34   594.27   -2.295   5.991   12.7   7.62 OR 12.7   6.853   6.099   35   564.10   -0.879   5.812   12.7   7.62 OR 12.7   6.853   6.099   37   597.55   -0.519   1.593   12.7   7.62 OR 12.7   6.588   5.412   38   383.47   -0.051   2.269   7.62   7.62 OR 12.7   6.588   5.412   39   364.37   0.647   3.302   7.62   7.62 OR 12.7   6.536   6.684    40   40   40   40   40   40   40			1		1	1	1	1			-2.8	
125   102.74   0.366   2.646   25   HE   TOGID   HEAT   5.776   6.425   * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	- 1	1	l.			1	į.	l	*	*	-3.0	l i
26 743.08	•	l .	1		1	1	1	1	*	*	I .	0.058
27 773.69	i	1				i	1	1			1	
28	1	l .			1	ł	1	7.097			1	
29 669.46 0.445 1.432 12.7 7.62 OR 12.7 5.614 6.407 30 683.64 0.437 2.906 12.7 7.62 OR 12.7 5.725 6.541 * * * 31 730.99 0.762 3.393 12.7 7.62 OR 12.7 5.584 6.997 32 603.59 -0.432 1.841 7.62 7.62 OR 12.7 6.469 5.546 * ? 33 533.12 0.68 5.331 12.7 7.62 OR 12.7 6.436 7.538 34 594.27 -2.295 5.991 12.7 7.62 OR 12.7 9.205 5.710 35 564.10 -0.879 5.812 12.7 7.62 OR 12.7 7.959 6.582 36 591.19 -0.408 4.055 12.7 7.62 OR 12.7 6.853 6.099 37 597.55 -0.519 1.593 12.7 7.62 OR 12.7 6.588 5.412 38 383.47 -0.051 2.269 7.62 7.62 OR 12.7 6.156 5.914 39 364.37 0.647 3.302 7.62 7.62 OR 12.7 5.536 6.684 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	- 1	1	1		1	)	6.084		*	*	-1.3	0.082
30 683.64 0.437 2.906 12.7 7.62 OR 12.7 5.725 6.541 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		1				7.62 OR 12.7	5.614	1				
31	1	i		2.906	12.7	7.62 OR 12.7	1		*	*		
33		1	1	3.393		1	1	1				
34 594.27 -2.295 5.991 12.7 7.62 OR 12.7 7.959 6.582 35 564.10 -0.879 5.812 12.7 7.62 OR 12.7 7.959 6.582 36 591.19 -0.408 4.055 12.7 7.62 OR 12.7 6.853 6.099 37 597.55 -0.519 1.593 12.7 7.62 OR 12.7 6.588 5.412 38 383.47 -0.051 2.269 7.62 7.62 OR 12.7 6.156 5.914 39 364.37 0.647 3.302 7.62 7.62 OR 12.7 5.536 6.684  40 797.45 0.293 1.588 25 HE 7.62 OR 12.7 5.536 6.684  41 1258.26 -0.985 2.748 25 KE 7.62 OR 12.7 7.600 5.182 45 1249.61 0.072 2.516 25 KE 7.62 OR 12.7 7.760 6.135 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	32	603.59	-0.432		7.62	1	1	1	1	?		
35   564.10   -0.879   5.812   12.7   7.62 OR 12.7   7.959   6.582   36   591.19   -0.408   4.055   12.7   7.62 OR 12.7   6.853   6.099   37   597.55   -0.519   1.593   12.7   7.62 OR 12.7   6.588   5.412   38   383.47   -0.051   2.269   7.62   7.62 OR 12.7   6.156   5.914   39   364.37   0.647   3.302   7.62   7.62 OR 12.7   5.536   6.684   40   40   40   40   40   40   40	33	533.12	1			1	1	1				
36	34	594.27	1		4	Į.		1				
37 597.55	35	564.10	ł		t .	1	I	1				
38	36	1	1		i	1	i i					
39 364.37 0.647 3.302 7.62 7.62 OR 12.7 5.536 6.684  40 797.45 0.293 1.588 25 HE 7.62 OR 12.7 5.738 6.263 43 805.96 -0.421 2.396 25 HE 7.62 OR 12.7 6.481 5.640 * * * 44 1258.26 -0.985 2.748 25 KE 7.62 OR 12.7 7.060 5.182 45 1249.61 0.072 2.516 25 KE 7.62 OR 12.7 7.760 5.451 46 863.93 -1.301 4.278 25 KE 7.62 OR 12.7 7.760 5.451 47 848.54 0.436 2.666 25 KE 7.62 OR 12.7 5.720 6.504 48 863.93 0.141 3.710 25 KE 7.62 OR 12.7 6.261 6.509  49 50	- 1	1			}	1	1	t				
40  42  797.45		1	1		1	<b>I</b>	l .					
42       797.45       0.293       1.588       25 HE       7.62 OR 12.7       5.738       6.263         43       805.96       -0.421       2.396       25 HE       7.62 OR 12.7       6.481       5.640         44       1258.26       -0.985       2.748       25 KE       7.62 OR 12.7       7.060       5.182         45       1249.61       0.072       2.516       25 KE       7.62 OR 12.7       6.020       6.135       *         46       863.93       -1.301       4.278       25 KE       7.62 OR 12.7       7.760       5.451         47       848.54       0.436       2.666       25 KE       7.62 OR 12.7       5.720       6.504       *         48       863.93       0.141       3.710       25 KE       7.62 OR 12.7       6.261       6.509         50       50       50       50       50       50       50       50         51       51       51       51       52       51       52       5	- 1	1	0.647	3.302	7.62	7.62 OK 12.7	3.336	0.004				
43 805.96			0.202	1 500	25 HF	7.62 OR 12.7	5,738	6.263	1			
44 1258.26		i	1		•	1		1		*		
45 1249.61 0.072 2.516 25 KE 7.62 OR 12.7 6.020 6.135 4 4 4 8 863.93 0.436 2.666 25 KE 7.62 OR 12.7 6.20  6.504 4 8 863.93 0.141 3.710 25 KE 7.62 OR 12.7 6.261 6.509 5		1					1	1	1			
46     863.93     -1.301     4.278     25 KE     7.62 OR 12.7     7.760     5.451       47     848.54     0.436     2.666     25 KE     7.62 OR 12.7     5.720     6.504     *       48     863.93     0.141     3.710     25 KE     7.62 OR 12.7     6.261     6.509       50     51       52     1154.36     -1.670     1.000     25 KE     7.62 OR 12.7     7.678     4.334     *       53     1150.06     -2.109     1.501     25 KE     7.62 OR 12.7     8.089     3.888       50     50     50     50     50     50     50			1		1	ł	,		*	*	1	]
47 848.54 0.436 2.666 25 KE 7.62 OR 12.7 5.720 6.504 48 863.93 0.141 3.710 25 KE 7.62 OR 12.7 6.261 6.509  50 51 52 1154.36 -1.670 1.000 25 KE 7.62 OR 12.7 7.678 4.334 53 1150.06 -2.109 1.501 25 KE 7.62 OR 12.7 8.089 3.888						L.	1	1				
48 300.95 0.141 5.76 2.77 7.678 4.334 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	1	ı			1	i	1	<b>I</b>	1 *	*		
50 51 52 1154.36 -1.670 1.000 25 KE 7.62 OR 12.7 7.678 4.334 * * 53 1150.06 -2.109 1.501 25 KE 7.62 OR 12.7 8.089 3.888 *		i i	0.141	3.710	25 KE	7.62 OR 12.7	6.261	6.509		1		
51 52 1154.36 -1.670 1.000 25 KE 7.62 OR 12.7 7.678 4.334 * 53 1150.06 -2.109 1.501 25 KE 7.62 OR 12.7 8.089 3.888 * 53 1150.06 -2.109 1.501 25 KE 7.62 OR 12.7 6.000 * 5 0.77		1										
52 1154.36 -1.670 1.000 25 KE 7.62 OR 12.7 7.678 4.334 53 1150.06 -2.109 1.501 25 KE 7.62 OR 12.7 8.089 3.888 5 5 7.62 OR 12.7 8.089 5 3.888 5 5 7.62 OR 12.7 8.089 5 3.888 5 7.62 OR 12.7 8.080 5 7.62 OR 12.7 8.00 5 7.62 OR 12.7 8.00 5 7.62 OR 12.7 8.00 5 7.62 OR 12.7 8.00 5 7.62 OR 12.7 8.00 5 7.62 OR 12.7 8.00 5 7.62		L .										
52 1154.56 1.501 25 KE 7.62 OR 12.7 8.089 3.888 * 150.06 -2.109 1.501 25 KE 7.62 OR 12.7 8.089 3.888 * 150.06 *			1 (70	1 000	25 KE	762 OR 127	7.678	4.334	*			
35 1150.00 -2.107 1.501 2 5 CT 6 CD 10.7 5 CT 4			1		į	1	3	9				
		1			1	1	1		*	*		

55	1122.10	0.030	1.474	25 KE	7.62 OR 12.7	5.974	6.003	l		
56	629.76	1.185	0.943	25 HE	7.62 OR 12.7	4.861	7.163			
57	566.35	0.451	1.504	25 HE	7.62 OR 12.7	5.553	6.424		*	
58	1046.65	0.240	2.592	25 KE	7.62 OR 12.7	5.872	6.332	*	•	
59	1064.69	-0.770	1.324	25 KE	7.62 OR 12.7	6. <b>7</b> 68	5.209	İ		
60	1056.84	-0.262	3.091	25 KE	7.62 OR 12.7	6.471	5.965		*	İ
61					:			*	*	
62				]				*	*	İ
63	955.96	-0.325	1.689	LARGE HEAT	LARGE HE	6.329	5.662	<b>  *</b>	*	
64	1444.60	-0.124	1.596	LARGE HEAT	LARGE HE	6.118	5.865	*	* -	
65	1426.14	-0.201	1.744	LARGE KE	7.62 OR 12.7	6.209	5.786	*	*	

PD	GUN	ROUND	DATE	TIME	TERMINAL	VIDEO SCORIN	G LOCATION	OFFSET	DISTANCE
RD.	POS.	TYPE	D/112	H:M:S	VELOCITY	HORIZ	VERT	(m)	(m)
"	(m)	(mm)			(m/sec)	(m)	(m)	1	2
1	800	35 TPGID KE	6/23/93	13:23:55	1142.18				
2	"	35 TPGID KE	6/23/93	13:29:54	1156.61	0.118	3.012	6.042	6.276
3		35 OLD HEAT	6/23/93	14:42:50	901.42	-0.420	2.584	6.490	5.664
4	,,	35 NEW HEAT	6/23/93	15:38:59	908.96	-0.099	3.056	6.263	6.075
5	1200	35 TPGID KE	6/23/93	16:10:17	NA	-0.090	3.273	6.308	6.139
6	"	35 TPGID KE	6/23/93	16:13:50	1013.41	0.951	3.143	5. <b>27</b> 0	7.118
7		35 OLD HEAT	6/23/93	16:21:56	825.50	-0.142	3.056	6.305	6.033
8		35 NEW HEAT	6/23/93	16:25:51	825.05	-1.218	3.164	7.379	5.028
9	1700	35 TPGID KE	6/23/93	17:09:16	843.22	0.465	3.288	5.777	6.679
10	"	35 NEW HEAT	6/23/93	17:13:16	702.55	0.049	2.910	6.087	6.187
11		35 TPGID KE	6/23/93	17:21:54	839.64	-0.810	2.141	6.829	5.217
12		35 TPGID KE	6/23/93	17:24:44	NA	·		6.218	6.213
13	- ۱	35 TPGID KE	6/23/93	17:29:05	848.95	0.847	2.388	5.208	6.891
14		35 NEW HEAT	6/23/93	17:31:24	707.04	-0.220	3.397	6.466	6.049
15		35 NEW HEAT	6/23/93	17:40:09	705.15	-0.290	1.699	6.290	5.711
16		35 NEW HEAT	6/23/93	17:43:28	708.16	0.292	2.148	5.732	6.315
17	800	105 KE	6/24/93	10:58:24	1382.3	-0.285	2.010	6.296	5.729
18	,,	105 HEAT	6/24/93	11:44:24	943.8	0.146	1.965	5.863	6.157
19		105 KE	6/24/93	11:51:11	1382.9	-0.593	2.032	6.605	5.423
20	"	105 KE	6/24/93	11:54:37	1387.2	-0.787	1.869	6.791	5.220
21	1200	105 HEAT	6/24/93	13:30:44	839.7	0.199	1.840	5.805	6.203
22	, ,	105 KE	6/24/93	13:35:08	1300.2	0.402	1.847	5.602	6.406
23	1800	105 KE	6/24/93	14:32:40	1203.0			6.218	6.213
24	"	105 KE	6/24/93	15:23:19	1196.7	-0.619	3.657	6.922	5.757
25	"	105 HEAT	6/24/93	15:29:07	694.6	0.411	2.608	5.674	6.488
26	"	105 HEAT	6/24/93	15:39:13	725.3			6.218	6.213
27	"	105 HEAT	6/24/93	15:45:08	762.9		0.500	6.218	6.213 6.678
28	"	105 HEAT	6/24/93	15:48:55	754.1	0.340	3.709	6.029	NA
29	400	12.7	6/25/93	12:47:07	NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA
30	"	12.7	6/25/93	12:50:22	NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA
31	"	12.7	6/25/93	12:56:36	NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
32	"	7.62	6/25/93	13:10:13	NA	NA	NA NA	1	NA NA
33	800	12.7	6/25/93	13:51:09	NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA
34	"	12.7	6/25/93	13:55:19	NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA
33	"	12.7	6/25/93	13:59:27	NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA
36	"	12.7	6/25/93	14:01:44	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA
37		12.7	6/25/93	14:03:15	NA NA	1	NA NA	NA NA	NA
38	"	7.62	6/25/93	14:10:50	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA
39		7.62	6/25/93	14:16:25	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA
40	"	7.62	6/25/93	14:19:12 10:54:00	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA
42	600	25 HE 25 HE	7/1/93 7/1/93	10:54:00	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA
43		25 HE 25 KE	7/1/93	11:15:00	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
44 45		25 KE	7/1/93	11:18:00	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
46	1700	25 KE	7/1/93	11:30:00	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
47	"	25 KE	7/1/93	11:33:00	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
48		25 KE	7/1/93	11:43:00	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
49	"	25 HE	7/1/93	11:45:00	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
50		25 HE	7/1/93	11:46:00	NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA
ā	, , ;	25 HE	7/1/93	11:48:00	NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA
52	1000	25 KE	7/1/93	14:15:00	NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
53	"	25 KE	7/1/93	14:20:00	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
54	*	25 KE	7/1/93	14:22:00	NA NA	NA NA	NA	1477	1 147

								•		
ı	55	"	25 KE	7/1/93	14:27:00	NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA
-	56	"	25 HE	7/1/93	14:29:00	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	57	**	25 HE	7/1/93	14:53:00	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	58		25 HE	7/1/93	14:55:00	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA NA
	59	n	25 KE	7/1/93	14:56:00	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	60	"	25 KE	7/1/93	14:58:00	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	61	**	25 KE	7/1/93	15:01:00	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
١	62	,,	25 HE	7/1/93	15:04:00	NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA
	63	,,	120 HE	7/1/93	16:28:00	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
			120 HE	7/1/93	16:36:00	NA	NA	NA -	NA	NA
	64	,,		7/1/93	16:38:00	NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA
- 1	65		120 KE	1/1/93	10.56.00	1417	1 1 1		1	

# APPENDIX K:

STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF 1,000-m DATA

Implementing Kruskal-Wallis Test: An Example

The Kruskal-Wallis nonparametric test was implemented in the feasibility test phase for the 1,000-m data. An example of the test procedure is provided in this appendix. The null hypothesis (the hypothesis that is to be rejected) is that the six round types have identical distributions (and therefore equal means) vs. the alternative that at least two round types differ.

The advantage of a nonparametric test over a parametric test is that the test does not require the assumptions of normality of the data or homogeneity of variances among the groups. This test performs analysis of variance on the ranks of the data. The ranks start with 1 for the smallest value among all the six round types. If more than one response value is the same (that is, there are ties), then these tied values would be assigned the average rank. This test was performed on each variable separately and at four regions corresponding to the data collected from the microphones. The data from the 1- and 3-m microphones were grouped into one region since the 1-m microphone had incomplete data. The range of offset distances in meters for each region is as follows:

Region 1 ≤4 4< Region 2 ≤7 7< Region 3 ≤10 10< Region 4.

An example of the analysis provided for this test is for the positive peak pressures collected at the microphone stationed 12 m from the center of the target, region 4.

Table K-1. Example of Positive Peak Pressure From Region 4

25	mm	105	mm	120	mm
HE	KE	HEAT	KE	HEAT	KE
(Pa)	(Pa)	(Pa)	(Pa)	(Pa)	(Pa)
481.40	376.00	1495.70	1109.00	1508.30	1088.00
483.98	401.60	1733.00	1109.50	1800.00	1109.50
499.41	404.20	1735.00	1112.00	1987.00	1145.00

Table K-2. Order Values and Ranks

Round (mm)	Ordered Values (Pa)	Rank	Rank with Ties
25 KE	376.00	1	1
25 KE	401.60	2	2
25 KE	404.20	3	3
25 HEI	481.40	4	4
25 HEI	483.98	5	5
25 HEI	499.41	6	6
120 KE	1088.00	7	7
105 KE	1109.00	8	8
105 KE	1109.50	9	9.5
120 KE	1109.50	10	9.5
105 KE	1112.00	11	11
120 KE	1145.00	12	12
105 HEAT	1495.70	13	13
120 HEAT	1508.30	14	14
105 HEAT	1733.00	15	15
105 HEAT	1735.00	16	16
120 HEAT	1800.00	17	17
120 HEAT	1987.00	18	18

All the positive peak pressure values from Table K-1 are ordered and then ranked. Table K-2 lists the ordered values and the corresponding rank. The two values with ranks 9 and 10 are the same and therefore should be given the same rank. The fourth column provides the rank correction by assigning the average of the two tied ranks, 9.5. These values become the data for which the analysis will be based (see Table K-3).

Table K-3. Ranks of Positive Peak Pressure

	25-mm	25-mm	105-mm	105-mm	120-mm	120-mm
	M793	M910	M490	M724	M831	M865
	4	1	13	8	14	7
	5	2	15	9.5	17	9.5
	6	3	16	11	18	12
sum of ranks	15	6	44	28.5	49	28.5

The test statistic, T, for the Kruskal-Wallis test is computed the following way (Conover 1980):

$$T = \frac{1}{S^2} \left( \sum_{i=1}^{k=6} \frac{SR^2}{n_i} - \frac{N(N+1)^2}{4} \right),$$

where

SR = sum of the ranks as given in Table K-3, and

$$S^{2} = \frac{1}{N-1} \left( \sum_{i=1}^{N} Rank_{i}^{2} - \frac{N(N+1)^{2}}{4} \right).$$

The test statistic, is compared to the chi-square distribution with 5 (6 groups - 1) degrees of freedom at the  $\alpha = 0.05$  level. (The chi-square test provided an approximate quantile since the exact distribution was not available.)

The calculated test statistic of 15.794 is significant at the alpha = 0.01 level. This indicates at least two groups differ in their average rank. To determine which ones differ, pairwise comparisons were performed. Two groups, i and j, would be statistically different if the following inequality is satisfied:

$$\left| \frac{SR_i}{n_i} - \frac{SR_j}{n_j} \right| > t \left[ S^2 \frac{N-1-T}{N-k} \right]^{1/2} \left[ \frac{1}{n_i} - \frac{1}{n_j} \right]^{1/2}$$

The "t" is the t-distribution with N - k degrees of freedom at the 1 -  $\alpha/2$  quantile. For this data set, if two average ranks differ more than 3.01, then the two groups are significantly different at the  $\alpha = 0.05$  level. The ordered average rank for each group is listed in Table K-4.

Table K-4. Ordered by Average Rank

25-mm M910	2.00
25-mm M793	5.00
105-mm M724	9.50
120-mm M865	9.50
105-mm M490	14.67
120-mm M831	16.33

To summarize the results, the following notation is used for this example and for the other N-Wave variables in Table K-5. The round types are listed in order from lowest average rank to the highest. Parentheses around two or more round types indicate there is no significant difference between (or among) the rounds. The short-hand notation to summarize the results for positive peak pressures from region 4 is:

$$(25 \text{ K} = 25 \text{ H}) \neq (105 \text{ H} = 120 \text{ H}) \neq (105 \text{ K} = 120 \text{ K}).$$

To conserve space, H and K are abbreviated for HEI or HEAT and KE, respectively. The result for example tells us:

- 25-mm KE is not significantly different from 25-mm HEI in average rank.
- 25-mm KE and HE are significantly different from both round types of size 105 and 120 mm.
- 105-mm HE is not significantly different from 120-mm HE.
- 105-mm KE is not significantly different from 120-mm KE.
- The large HEAT rounds (105 mm and 120 mm) are significantly different from the large KE rounds (105 mm and 120 mm).

Table K-5. Multiple Comparison Results

Variable	Region	Notational Summary
Positive Peak Pressure	1 2 3 4	$(25 \text{ K} = 25 \text{ H}) \neq (105 \text{ K} = 120 \text{ K}) \neq (105 \text{ H} = 120 \text{ H})$ $(25 \text{ H} = 25 \text{ K}) \neq (105 \text{ K} = 120 \text{ K}) \neq (105 \text{ H} = 120 \text{ H})$ $25 \text{ K} \neq 25 \text{ H} \neq (105 \text{ K} = 120 \text{ K}) \neq (105 \text{ H} = 120 \text{ H})$ $(25 \text{ K} = 25 \text{ H}) \neq (105 \text{ K} = 120 \text{ K}) \neq (105 \text{ H} = 120 \text{ H})$
Negative Peak Pressure	1 2 3 4	$(25 \text{ K} = 25 \text{ H}) \neq (105 \text{ H} = 105 \text{ K} = 120 \text{ H} = 120 \text{ K})$ $(25 \text{ H} = 25 \text{ K}) \neq (105 \text{ K} = [105 \text{ H}) = 120 \text{ H}) = 120 \text{ K}]$ $(25 \text{ K} = 25 \text{ H}) \neq (105 \text{ K} = 105 \text{ H} = 120 \text{ H} = 120 \text{ K})$ $(25 \text{ H} = 25 \text{ K}) \neq (105 \text{ K} = 120 \text{ K} = 105 \text{ H} = 120 \text{ H})$
Positive Phase Duration	1 2 3 4	25 H $\neq$ 25 K $\neq$ (105 K = 120 K) $\neq$ (105 H = 120 H) 25 H $\neq$ 25 K $\neq$ 105 K $\neq$ 120 K $\neq$ 105 H $\neq$ 120 H 25 H $\neq$ 25 K $\neq$ 105 K $\neq$ 120 K $\neq$ 105 H $\neq$ 120 H 25 H $\neq$ 25 K $\neq$ 105 K $\neq$ 120 K $\neq$ 105 H $\neq$ 120 H
Negative Phase Duration	1 2 3 4	$(25 \text{ H} = 25 \text{ K}) \neq (105 \text{ H} = 120 \text{ K} = 105 \text{ K} = 120 \text{ H})$ $(25 \text{ H} = 25 \text{ K}) \neq (105 \text{ K} = [120 \text{ K} = 105 \text{ H}) = 120 \text{ H}]$ $(25 \text{ K} = [25 \text{ H}) = \{105 \text{ K}] = 105 \text{ H} = 120 \text{ K} = 120 \text{ H}\}$ $(25 \text{ K} = [25 \text{ H}) = \{105 \text{ K}] = 105 \text{ H} = 120 \text{ K} = 120 \text{ H}\}$
Total Duration	1 2 3 4	$(25 \text{ K} = 25 \text{ H}) \neq (105 \text{ K} = 120 \text{ K}) \neq 120 \text{ H} = 105 \text{ H})$ $25 \text{ K} \neq 25 \text{ H} \neq 105 \text{ K} \neq 120 \text{ K} \neq (105 \text{ H} = 120 \text{ H})$ $25 \text{ K} \neq 25 \text{ H} \neq (105 \text{ K} = 120 \text{ K}) \neq (105 \text{ H} = 120 \text{ H})$ $25 \text{ K} \neq 25 \text{ H} \neq 105 \text{ K} \neq 120 \text{ K} \neq 105 \text{ H} \neq 120 \text{ H}$
Peak Pressure Impulse	1 2 3 4	25 K $\neq$ 25 H $\neq$ (105 K = 120 K) $\neq$ (105 H = 120 H) 25 K $\neq$ 25 H $\neq$ 105 K $\neq$ 120 K $\neq$ 105 H $\neq$ 120 H 25 K $\neq$ 25 H $\neq$ 105 K $\neq$ 120 K $\neq$ 105 H $\neq$ 120 H 25 K $\neq$ 25 H $\neq$ 105 K $\neq$ 120 K $\neq$ 105 H $\neq$ 120 H
Peak of Absolute Pressure Impulse	1 2 3 4	25 K $\neq$ 25 H $\neq$ (105 K = 120 K) $\neq$ (105 H = 120 H) 25 K $\neq$ 25 H $\neq$ 105 K $\neq$ 120 K $\neq$ 105 H $\neq$ 120 H 25 K $\neq$ 25 H $\neq$ 105 K $\neq$ 120 K $\neq$ 105 H $\neq$ 120 H 25 K $\neq$ 25 H $\neq$ 105 K $\neq$ 120 K $\neq$ 105 H $\neq$ 120 H
Negative Phase Pressure Impulse	1 2 3 4	25 K $\neq$ 25 H $\neq$ (105 K = 120 K) $\neq$ (105 H = 120 H) 25 K $\neq$ 25 H $\neq$ 105 K $\neq$ 120 K $\neq$ (120 H = 105 H) 25 K $\neq$ 25 H $\neq$ 105 K $\neq$ 120 K $\neq$ 105 H $\neq$ 120 H 25 K $\neq$ 25 H $\neq$ 105 K $\neq$ 120 K $\neq$ (120 H = 105 H)

Most of the variables at each region can distinguish between large- and small-caliber rounds (25 mm vs. 105 mm or 120 mm). The only variable that cannot is negative phase duration in regions 3 and 4. The results of the pairwise multiple comparison tests for each region on each variable indicate that we can

not discriminate among all six round types. A general conservative result is the relationship as seen for the positive peak pressure:

$$(25 \text{ K} = 25 \text{ H}) \neq (105 \text{ K} = 120 \text{ K}) \neq (105 \text{ H} = 120).$$

For some variables in some of the regions, the two small-caliber rounds were distinguishable:

25 K 
$$\neq$$
 25 H  $\neq$  (105 K = 120 K)  $\neq$  (105 H = 120 H).

For the most part, there is good agreement of the observed values with the statistical nonparametric results. However, on occasion, there are a few results that do not appear intuitive. Take for instance, negative phase duration plotted against offset distance in Figure K-1. In regions three and four, the 25-mm HE and KE rounds are not significantly different from each other by the Kruskal-Wallis test, as indicated by the parentheses () around 25 K = 25 H, in Table K-5. Furthermore, all of the large-caliber rounds are not significantly different from each other, as indicated by the braces {}. These two results should be obvious from the plot. What is not intuitive is the nonparametric test indicating that 25-mm HEI and 105-mm KE are not significantly different. From the plot, one would think that they should be different. This result shows that by analyzing the data using the ranks, large differences in magnitude of the response variable in the original units may be masked.

Conversely, the nonparametric test can be very powerful in detecting small differences in magnitude if the ranks of the data within a round type are close together. This is illustrated in Figure K-2 for the peak net pressure impulse. The smallest ranks are the 25 KE rounds followed by the 25 HEI. Then, in order for regions 1-4, the ranking is as follows: 105 KE, 120 KE, 105 HEAT, and 120 HEAT.

What we have shown in these analyses is that many of the variables under consideration are good candidates to discriminate among at least the small-caliber rounds from the large-caliber rounds. In some regions for some variables, all the rounds are significantly different from each other. For the most part, the first region, representing data collected closes to the flight of the round (<4 m), is the hardest region to discriminate. This result is a guide to the placement of the microphones in future tests.

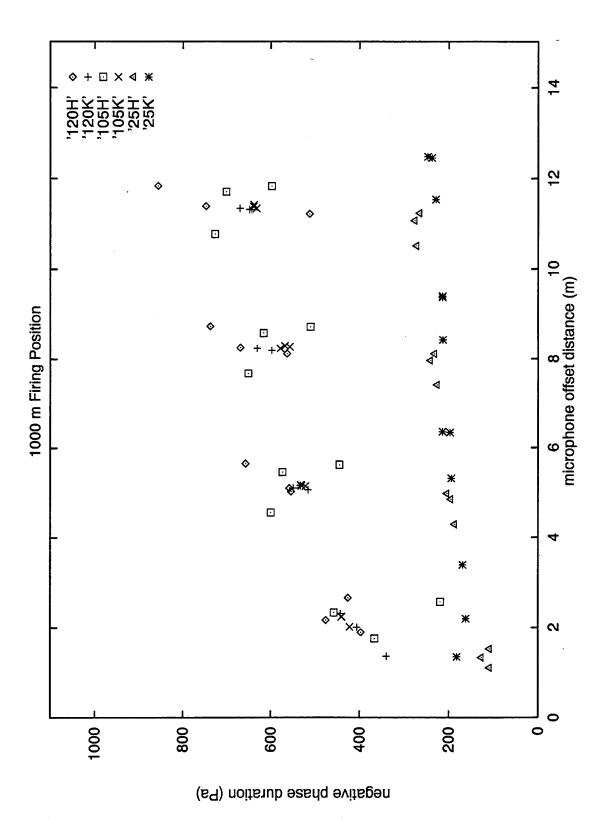


Figure K-1. Microphone offset distance vs. negative phase duration for rounds fired at 1,000 m.

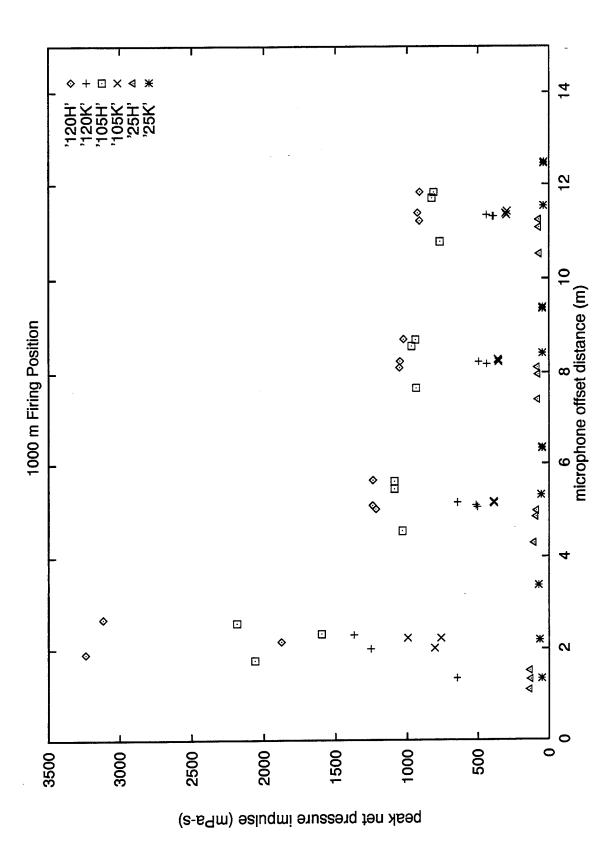


Figure K-2. Microphone offset distance vs. peak net pressure impulse for rounds fired at 1,000 m.

## APPENDIX L:

## PREDEMONSTRATION TEST DATA

DD.	GUN	ROUND	DATE	TIME	TERMINAL	HAND SCORED LOCATION		OFFSET DIS	TANCE
RD.	POS.	TYPE	55	H:M:S	VELOCITY	HORIZ	VERT	(m)	(m)
#		(mm)			(m/s)	(m)	(m)	1	2
	(m)		7/14/02	12:24:25		0.552	1.229		
1	1410	120(M865)	7/14/93		1 1		ł		i
2	1130	120 (M831)	7/14/93	12:26:56	NA	0.305	1.686		1
3	430	12.7 (M17)	7/14/93	12:31:16	NA				
4	430	7.62 (M62)	7/14/93	12:32:27	NA				
5	430	7.62 (M62)	7/14/93	12:32:41	NA				
6	960	35 (DM18)	7/14/93	12:44:43	NA NA	0.641	2.842		
7	960	35 (DM18)	7/14/93	12:46:15	NA .	0.787	2.334	<i>'</i>	
8	1000	25 (M910)	7/14/93	12:54:27	NA	1.029	1.203		
9	1000	25 (M910)	7/14/93	12:56:39	NA	0.457	1.210		
10	1000	, ,	7/14/93	12:57:13	NA	1.422	1.734	ĺ	
11	1000	·	7/14/93	12:57:55	NA	1.168	2.524		
12	1410	35 (DM18)	7/14/93	12:58:49	NA	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

RD.	D. PREDICTED PREDICTED LOC PREDICTED ROUND TYPE				PRED	CTED OD	НП	TARGET		
#	Velocity	Х	Z	# *					TARGET	WENT
	(m/s)	(m)	(m)	Formulation	Statistical	Hybrid	1	2	ZONE	DOWN
1	1229.45	2.78	2.305	Large KE	Large HE	Large KE	3.466	8.545	no	no
2	902.73	-4.188	-8.289	Large KE	Large HE	Large KE	7.860	4.932	no	no
3	719.42	0.544	1.206	12.7	7.62	25KE	5.462	6.681	no	no
4	573.64	-0.489	2.014	7.62	7.62	12.7	6.451	5.563	yes	yes
5	601.69	-0.37	1.988	12.7	35	25KE	6.326	5.687	yes	yes
6	894.01	0.536	2.907	35	35	35	5.609	6.504	no	no
7	890.67	0.687	2.358	35	35	35	5.390	6.629	yes	yes
8	1093.20	0.511	4.652	25KE	7.62	25KE	6.155	6.950	no	no
ا و ا	1069.52	-0.436	4.792	25KE	7.62	25KE	7.093	6.097	no	no
10	536.48			LargeKE	35	35			no	no
11	624.71	1.307	3.370	25HE	7.62	25HE	4.903	7.398	no	no
12	585.65			35	35	35			no	no

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### LIST OF SYMBOLS

```
ambient speed of sound, meters/second
a
            microphone separation distance, 1 meter
Α
         = true distance for correct velocity calculation
С
         = projectile diameter, meters
D
         = arrival time difference, i = 1-4
         = is a function used to solve the differential equation determining the flow past the body of
             revolution
         = elevation of projectile above ground plane
h
         = shape constant, 1.82
K
            projectile length, meters
L
           location microphone, i = 1-6
L_{Mi}
         = Mach number
M
         = offset distance, perpendicular distance from projectile trajectory to mic, meters
0
         = overpressure
p
            ambient pressure
         = in-plane distance from center microphone to projectile location, meters
         = in-plane distance from left microphone to projectile location, meters
         = in-plane distance from right microphone to projectile location, meters
         = total duration pulse period, seconds
T_1
            time difference between microphone 2 and 1
         = time difference between microphone 3 and 2
T_3
            time difference between microphone 5 and 2
         = time difference between microphone 5 and 4
            time difference between microphone 6 and 5
            projectile velocity, meters/second
            predicted projectile velocity, meters/second
         = distance along the axis from the bow
Х
         = describes a characteristic curve relationship between x and O
y
         = equation for shock front
y_f
         = equation for lead hyperbola
y_h
         = equation for succeeding hyperbola
         = y position of microphone 2, meters
            y position of microphone 5, meters
            y position of microphone i
Y_{LMi}
         = equation for line going through mic 1 and mic 2
         = shock angle, °
β
         = azimuth deviation
            ratio of specific heats of air (1.4)
γ
             angle from microphone array axis to R<sub>C</sub>
```

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